10 PAGES To-Day.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

LARGEST OF EVENING PAPERS.

VOL. 37.—NO. 303. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 25, 1887.—TEN PAGES. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

CRAWFORD'S

Great Broadway Bazaar, Saturday, June 25.

See the Crowds!! See the Scramble!!
Hear what the Wide-Awake Says!! Hear what the Grannies Say!!
Mind Them Not!! Mind Them Not!!
See for Yourself!! See for Yourself!!
Buy Yourself Rich!! Buy Yourself Rich!!

At the Glasgow man's sacrifice sale now going on at Crawford's Great World's Bazaar.

Swiss skirtings as low as 40c a yard. Did you ever hear the like? No, nor ever will. Swiss edgings, 3 1-2c. Finest Pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, 10c.

Tables piled up with trimming laces, Army Valenciennes, linen laces, Egyptian and colored wash laces, laces for infants' and children's dresses, as well as ladies' ginghams and sateens, all from 2 1-2c a yard to 10c, and all part of our great embroidery and lace purchase from the well-known Scotch dealer, Hamilton of Glasgow. We know it's giving them away, but we got them very cheap; took the whole fifty thousand dollars' worth.

LAWNS.

Nice linen-finish lawns—not trash, mind you—2 1-2c; canvas lawns, 3 1-2c; 5c and 7 1-2c lawns, and real imported linen lawns, part of the big Hamilton purchase, latest styles, only 15c; cost 22 1-2c to the importer. They'll wear'n wear'n be all the newer the older they become—without using hair-dye either.

Nickel-plated water coolers just out, entirely new, charcoal-lined, an elegant present for your wife. Can't tarnish. Looks like a beautiful silver cooler. Crawford does the generous thing in introducing them at just half the Eastern price, $1.35. We took the sole agency for the West just so's we could sell 'em to you at a price that 'ud please you. But if you could hear the "Oh, mys!" and the "Ain't that beautifuls!" that float about the House-Furnishing Goods floor as the ladies spy those handsome nickel-plated, spun-copper bottom, black enamel handled tea kettles that they can't see anywhere else, for why? Because Crawford has sole agency for the West, and just to introduce 'em will let you have one at 85c. The regular price is $1.50, but they'll go at 85c till further notice.

WHITE DRESSES.

In the big importation from Glasgow was dozens of cases of embroidered robes, and some beauties go as low as $1.95 for the entire box suit, with a fashion plate of latest Paris style to make it by.

In the white goods cases are:

Swiss Mull at 12½c; cost importer 16½c.
India Linen at 12½c; cost importer 16½c.
India Linen at 20c; cost importer 26c.
Vic. Lawn at 15c and 20c; cost importer 26c.
38-inch India Mull in white, cream, blue and pink at 17½c; cost importer 24½c.
52-inch extra quality fine French Mull at 35c and 40c; cost importer 42½c and 50c.
Satin Plaid India Linen at 10c; manufacturer's price 12½c.
Ecru Lace Plaids at 10c; manufacturer's price 14½c.
Fine soft finish English Nainsook in sheer and medium weights, for fine dresses, at 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c.
Victoria Lawn at 6¼c, 7½c, 10c and 12½c.
Check Nainsooks at 5c, 7½c, 10c, 12½c and 15c.
Persian Mull, very sheer, at 20c, 25c and 30c; importer's price 25c, 30c and 34½c.
Welt and Figured Piques at 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c.

You'll never again get such goods at such prices.

To make a plain dress fashionable, have a pointed yoke, cuffs or wristband, sleeve cap, and collar of handsome Hamburg or batiste yoking embroidered in cardinal and navy, at 50c a yard. We have a great variety of colors and designs; if stout, have slender vest and V in the back extending to the waist line. Solid goods, striped and figured may be trimmed this way; and you may put ribbons almost anywhere and be stylish, they are worn so much. We are going to make very special prices of ribbons for Saturday; sashes, hat and dress ribbons all at 1-3 off the regular price, but only on Saturday—to-day.

MORNING SPECIALS.

Ladies' 11-inch Pure Silk Mitts, with Glove Thumb only in black, and warranted fast colors; morning price, 25c; afternoon and regular price, 35c.

Pure Lisle Thread Jersey Gloves, 15c.

Ladies' Skirts, with 13-inch Hamburg embroidered flounce, headed with tucks; best of muslin; morning price, $1; afternoon and regular price, $1.50.

Ladies' Chemises, band and sleeves finished with a neat cambric ruffle; good muslin; morning price, 25c; afternoon and regular price, 40c.

Large Round Willow Clothes Hampers, morning price 74c; afternoon price 85c.

Large Wash Tubs, morning price 40c, afternoon price 50c.

6 cases Dress Calicoes, morning price 2½c; afternoon and regular price 3½c.

500 pieces Cream Crinkle, with colored hair line, morning price 4c; afternoon and regular price 6¼c.

1,800 pieces yard-wide Repp Suiting, morning price 5c; afternoon and regular price 7½c and worth 10c.

Cocheco Pongee Suiting, morning price 7½c; afternoon and regular price 8¼c and worth 12½c.

A large lot yard-wide Sateens; morning price, 8½c; afternoon and regular price, 10c, and worth 12½c and 15c.

50 dozen splendid long-waisted Corsets, double busk and side steels; early morning price, 65c; afternoon and regular price, 85c.

Ladies' Calico Wrappers; early morning price, 65c; afternoon and regular price, $1.25.

Children's made suits, 75c!!

Ladies' undervest, 25c! Ladies' hose, 10c, 15c, extra at 25c! Crawford's is the place to get a fine white muslin dress shirt, best quality, linen bosom, re-enforced front, double stitched, all double-faced for 50c!

SPECIAL.

Men's short working jackets, indigo blue check, pockets, collar and cuffs, heavy, stout shirting, 50c!! Also a new extra heavy cheviot shirt, solid blue or checked, 50c!! These are Crawford's special make and guaranteed by

D. CRAWFORD & CO.



EMPIRE SOAP CO., ST. LOUIS.

NEW CARPET HOUSE! NEW FIRM!

KROEGER & LINDE,

419 FRANKLIN AV., OPP. D. CRAWFORD & CO.

We are ready with a well-selected stock of Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Curtain Goods, Window Shades, Rugs, Mats, etc., to meet the wants of all buyers of goods in the above lines. Our prices will meet all competition, and we ask an inspection of stock before purchasing. Respectfully,

KROEGER & LINDE

FORMERLY WITH F. W. ROSENTHAL & CO.

BURT D. CRANE. ED. S. BRODIX.

CRANE & BRODIX,

SOLICITING AND SELLING AGENTS FOR THE

Decatur Land, Improvement & Furnace Co.,

NO. 9 WEST BANK STREET,

DECATUR.....ALABAMA.

RESIDENT REAL ESTATE, STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.

References: First National Bank of Decatur, and First National Bank of Bloomington, Ind.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

COLOGNE!

MELLIER'S GERMAN COLOGNE. Fragrant! Refreshing! Lasting! Handsome pint bottle, $1.50; 1-2 pint bottle, 75c.

MELLIER'S IMPERIAL COLOGNE. Pint bottle, $1.00; 1-2 pint bottle, 50c.

GENUINE IMPORTED ST. THOMAS BAY RUM. Quart bottle, $1.25; pint bottle, 65c.

EXCELLENT DOMESTIC BAY RUM. Quart bottle, 75c; pint bottle, 40c.

Mellier Drug Co., 711 Washington Av.

$4.00 SAVED

BY BUYING YOUR

GASOLINE STOVE

FROM US.

1-BURNER LOW STOVE	$3.00	2-BURNER HIGH STOVE	$10.00
2-BURNER LOW STOVE	4.00	3-BURNER HIGH STOVE	12.00
3-BURNER LOW STOVE	6.00		

WESTERN STOVE MANUF'G CO., 1118 Olive St.

The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.

The Cheapest House in the city to buy FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and HOUSEHOLD GOODS on

Monthly Payments at Lowest Cash Prices

PIANOS, ORGANS, BABY CARRIAGES, GASOLINE STOVES and ICE-BOXES.

1111, 1113 and 1115 FRANKLIN AV. Open Every Night Until 9 O'clock.

Alexander's Drug Store,

N. W. Corner Broadway (Fifth) and Olive St.

ALEXANDER'S NEW SUMMER DRINK, MANDARIN,

Containing the Acid Phosphates of Iron with Orange, a delicious beverage, recommended by physicians as a healthy Nerve Tonic.

ALEXANDER'S ICE-CREAM SODA WATER,

With Pure Fruit Syrup, is unrivaled.

Vichy, Kissengen, Saratoga and Other Mineral Waters on Draught.

Grain Bags.

2, 2½ and 3 Bushel.

Buena Vista, Rock City,
Cumberland, Nashville,
Grocers', Stark.

Sam'l C. Davis & Co.

PROF. MATTHEWS'
OLD ESTABLISHED
DYE WORKS.
No. 812 OLIVE STREET.
Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned, Altered and Repaired in best style. Orders by express promptly attended to.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

Cleaning.		Dyeing.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	60	Pants	1 00

W. SURBLED,
N. 6th st., bet. Market and Chestnut sts.
Orders by express promptly attended to.

LATEST EDITION

WHEN THE TIME COMES.

HARTINGTON'S CONDITIONAL SUPPORT OF HOME RULE FOR IRELAND.

The Egyptian Imbroglio—Special Commissioners Sent to Ireland by the Pope—Parnell Urged to Take a Rest for the Remainder of the Session—Jubilee Demonstrations—A Mother's Terrible Crime—The Afghan Negotiations—A Threatened Kulturkampf in Hungary—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, June 25.—The excellence of Hartington's speech at Manchester last night was his assertion of the distinctly provisional nature of his present attitude and his resolute reassertion of his readiness when the time comes to support home rule, provided a home-rule measure can be framed in accordance with the conditions formulated in his address at the last general election. This is very important. There are some who asserted that Hartington had gone back on his conditions, but Hartington says: "I am not disposed to retract anything I said this time last year. I can conceive that under certain considerations at a fitting time, it might be my duty to support the measure, if a measure could be proposed complying with them in the conditions which I then stated."

THE EGYPTIAN QUESTION.

Between the objections of those who never wish to go out of Egypt and those who are determined, when once out, never to go back, the Minister, will have rather a severe cross-fire to meet over the convention now awaiting ratification. Notwithstanding their cross-fire, if they can secure the ratification of their convention by the Sultan, they will probably be regarded as having scored one in the diplomatic game. Austria, Germany and Italy are said to support our action in the matter, and France and Russia are against it. The convention, of course, has no force in international law until assented to by all the Powers. France and Russia will put their price pretty high before they give their consent to legalize at present the illegal position which we occupy in the land of the Pharaohs.

THE POPE'S IRISH COMMISSIONERS.

The Pope has dispatched two special Commissioners to Ireland, with orders to furnish a report founded on information and observation obtained on the spot with regard to the state of affairs in that country. The nature of their report can be predicted beforehand. They will tell the Pope the truth, namely, that Ireland is, of all Catholic countries, the most devoted to the Catholic Church. In no land have his bishops more control of the people. One of the most curious studies is that of the cross-currents which are being brought to bear upon the Vatican. The Pope regards with grave dismay the progress of revolutionary ideas in the Catholic fold, particularly in Ireland. If he were to follow his own instincts, he would probably put National League and home rule agitation under his ban, but fortunately, or unfortunately for the Catholic Church, its pastor has never been able to give a hint to his personal feelings. He is controlled by a machine which, in this case is the one in which Cardinal Manning and the Irish hierarchy are the dominating forces. The result is that the Pope, as he has told Lord Roseberry, dare not go counter to the national movement. All that he can do is to make the best of it and hang on, hoping an opportunity will turn up, in which he will be able to convert to the good of the Church the difficulties of English government.

THE IRISH CATHOLIC HIERARCHY,

who have just been meeting in conclave, have once more placed on record their vehement disapprobation of the coercion bill, as uncalled for and calculated to drive national agitation underground in the shape of secret societies, which are, of all things, the most abhorent to the Fope. The English Catholics, with the exception of Cardinal Manning, are making desperate efforts to secure from the Pope an expression of opinion adverse to the "plan of compaign," as being non-theological. But, as the Pope said to Archbishop Walsh, "You know how they have deceived me in former times. I will take good care to prevent them doing the same again." The last hope of nobbling the Pope vanishes with the dispatch that Papal Commissioners are to see Ireland and the Irish with their own eyes.

PARNELL.

Parnell's friends are very anxious indeed that he should go abroad for the rest of the session leaving the management of the Parliamentary party to be directed by a committee which he would nominate. There is no possibility of any successor being nominated by Parnell. The direct committee, if such a body comes into existence, will probably consist of the following members: John Dillon, Wm. O'Brien, T. Healy Sexton, T. P. O'Connor, Arthur O'Connor, Timothy Harrington and Justin McCarthy. The latter would be Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee and nominal head of the committee, but he would certainly not be its controling spirit. Dillon and Healy would probably control matters in the House, while Dillon, O'Brien and Timothy Harrington would do so in Ireland. But at present nothing is decided, and it is difficult to say whether Parnell will or will not depart to summer climes.

JUBILEE DEMONSTRATIONS.

Jubilee demonstrations of one kind or another will be going on for the next three weeks. The Queen is entertaining guests at Windsor and for once our very numerous royalties find themselves eclipsed by the still more numerous collection of foreign potentates. The Queen is said to be entertaining all her guests at her own expense, providing, among other things, free passes to the theaters and opera-houses, which even her distinguished guests prefer to patronage.

THE NEW COINS UNPOPULAR.

Every one who has seen the new coins is swearing at the abominations which are being put into circulation. Between the 4-shilling pieces and the 5-shilling pieces there is so little difference that mistakes will constantly be made. The die of the Queen is as rough and rude as if it had been cast by a boy who poured molten lead out of a tobacco pipe into a clay mold. Another great omission is that the value of the coin is not specified in a single case. This, especially for foreigners, who swarm in our country, is a great disadvantage. Our old shilling used to have no shilling marked on it legibly, and the new shilling is now indistinguishable, except in color, from the new sovereign. Here is a splendid field open for enterprise of the counterfeit coiner, who has only to electro-gild the new shilling in order to make a sovereign.

LITERARY CHAT.

Chapman and Hall are about to publish a new "Pickwick," which will be called the Victoria Edition, edited by C. P. Johnson, an authority on Dickens. It will include several unpublished drawings by R. W. Bush, Hobiot, Browne and John Leech. The edition will be limited probably to 2,000 copies, one-half of which will be reserved for America.

THE MARKETS.

The markets are generally steady, though American securities are weak.

England.

THE CRIMES BILL.

LONDON, June 25.—The Gladstonians approve the speedy passage through the remaining stages of the crimes bill, in order to confine to the report stage the discussion of the only prominent amendments. They will then concentrate their attention on the land bill.

THE AFGHAN NEGOTIATIONS.

The Standard says that the Afghan negotiations tend to an early and satisfactory settlement.

MR. CARNEGIE TALKS.

Mr. Carnegie, in an interview at Wolverhampton, yesterday, said that the Canadian Government's statement that heavy duties on metal would increase British and decrease American trade, was merely to gull British iron masters. The professed reductions, announced from Ottawa had the same object. Canada, he said, fully intended to have her own iron and steel manufactures, and nothing would stop her, and she would rather have them established by English than by American capital.

THE JUBILEE YACHT RACE.

The Genesta, which is leading in the jubilee race, passed Portsmouth this morning. She was making but slow progress. She was contending against a dead headwind and a strong tide.

A steamship reports having seen the Genesta off Portland Bill, Isle of Portland, Dorsetshire, at 8 a. m. to-day.

KING LEOPOLD.

King Leopold of Belgium visited the East London Children's Hospital to-day, and had shown to him a baby 15 days old, and weighing but two pounds. The King afterwards visited the People's Palace, recently inaugurated by the Queen. He was much impressed by it, and said he should urge all cities to copy London in founding such establishments for the people. Subsequently his Majesty laid the corner-stone of the library building to be attached to the People's Palace.

A BLOODY ENCOUNTER.

A party of gentlemen and land-owners belonging to the County of Westmoreland, while out riding to-day near the boundary separating that county from Yorkshire, offended some Yorkshire men and were forbidden to cross the line. They crossed and a bloody encounter ensued in which clubs and fists were freely used. A number were injured on both sides. Several magistrates were among those injured.

LADY MEUX ROBBED.

The Standard to-day publishes the following story: "Dowager Lady Meux, while leaving Paris, met a man. On their arrival in London they both went to the First Avenue Hotel at Holborn. Thence they removed to the Midland, where the man engaged apartments, taking a separate room for himself. He decamped from this hotel taking with him jewels worth £6,500, belonging to the lady. No traces of the man can be found."

Scotland.

A MOTHER'S CRIME.

EDINBURGH, June 25.—Mrs. Leckie, wife of a Presbyterian minister at Airth, near Grangemouth, County of Stirling, Scotland, in a fit of temporary insanity last night cut the throats of her three children, and then her own.

YACHT RACE.

GLASGOW, June 25.—The yachts, Thistle and Irex, started from Rothesay to-day on a fifty-mile race. There was a brisk breeze at the time. The Thistle at once took the lead.

THE THISTLE WINS.

The Thistle won the prize, covering the course in 4 hours, 6 minutes and 45 seconds. The time of the Irex was 4 hours, 18 minutes and 45 seconds. During the contest the Irex got to the windward of the Thistle and rounded the first flagboat two minutes ahead. The Thistle quickly regained the lead, however, and won.

Austro-Hungary.

A KULTURKAMPF.

VIENNA, June 25.—Count Apponyi's organ, the Pesti-Naplo, publishes an article, supposed to have emanated directly from Cardinal Simor and Count Apponyi, according to which a kulturkampf is in sight in Hungary, arising from the coming conflict between the Hungarian Episcopate and Premier Tisza, who is accused of distributing Episcopal Sees in accordance with the political merits of candidates. It is stated in the article that the Pope has notified the Nuncio at Vienna that he does not object to the present occupants of the Sees, but that he does object to the way in which prelates are transferred for the sole purpose of increasing the revenues of some bishops.

France.

CELEBRATING QUEEN VICTORIA'S JUBILEE.

PARIS, June 25.—The American colony will celebrate the Queen's jubilee in the American church on the Avenue Alma, on Tuesday next, the anniversary of her coronation. Lord Lyons, the British Ambassador, and Mr. McLane, the United States Minister, have accepted invitations to attend the celebration.

Egypt.

RUSSIA'S TERMS.

BRUSSELS, June 25.—Le Nord, the Russian organ published here, denies the report that Russia is willing to accept the Anglo-Turkish convention concerning Egypt, if England will accept the Prince of Mingrelia as Prince of Bulgaria. The paper declares that Russia will execute her policy and won't bargain about it.

Russia.

FRONTIER GEN D' ARMES.

VIENNA, June 25.—Dispatches from Warsaw state that Russia has decided to create five new companies of gen d' armes to be stationed along the Austrian frontier.

Servia.

KING MILAN WON'T ABDICATE.

VIENNA, June 25.—It is officially denied here that King Milan intends to abdicate the Servian throne.

The Dominion.

WAR ON BUCKET-SHOPS.

MONTREAL, June 25.—War has been declared here by large grain and stock operators against the bucket-shops, and an attempt will be made to close them up. This has been brought about by the alleged dishonest dealing of one of the largest firms which refuses to pay profits amounting to $17,000 in one case, and in another to $5,000 on a pork deal. An indictment was laid before the Grand-jury on a charge of gambling, but was thrown out. Now civil proceedings will be instituted to place the concern in insolvency. The prime mover against the bucket-shops is A. Kirsack, a leather merchant. He is backed up by others, who claim to have been swindled. The shop in question has forty-two branches in Canada and has coined money everywhere. It has ruined several parties here.

CANADIAN STEAMSHIP SUBSIDIES.

LONDON, England, June 25.—The Government is considering an offer by which a subsidy of £50,000 yearly will secure three lines of first-class steamers on the trans-Canadian route to the East, one line to connect Liverpool and Halifax and the other two to connect the Pacific terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway with Australasia.

LABOR NEWS.

A Hard Rap at Delinquent Members of the Knights of Labor.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—General-Secretary Lichtman of the Knights of Labor has issued secret circular No. 9, in which he calls on the various local assemblies for payment of the per capita tax, and says that unless these payments, which are due on Jul y 1, are paid by August 10, the local assemblies in default will be suspended from the order. He concludes as follows:

"We have men in the order so lost to all sense of honor that circulars sent from the general o—ces are published in the public press before they reach a portion of the local assemblies. Since Judas Iscariot betrayed the Master his counterfeit has existed in the history of the centuries that have passed. The meanest specimen of God's creatures is the cowardly traitor who joins labor organizations and then betrays his fellow-man. While there is nothing in the business transacted by the general officers or any assembly of the order which should cause the blush of shame to mantle the cheek of a member if made public, we have the right to expect fidelity to the pledge of honor taken by every member around the altar of knighthood. The miserable pittance these traitors receive for their treachery carries with it the curse, differing only in degree, resting on the thirty pieces of silver Judas received for betraying Christ. Unfortunately, these modern Judases have no consciences and consequently do not commit suicide. With patience, forbearance and fidelity among local, district, State and general officers, the work of education can be done, and in the increased discipline which will result, our order will be given a strength which mere numbers can not give."

A Strike Certain.

PITTSBURG, June 25.—There is a feeling in manufacturing circles to-day that the failure of the conference Committee on the iron-workers' scale of wages that adjourned yesterday without reaching an agreement, will result in a strike. The manufacturers claim to-day that even those firms that were considered doubtful now say that they will shut down their mills before they will give an advance to the men in the finishing departments. The result of the conference on next Monday afternoon will determine whether a general strike in the iron mills throughout the country is to be inaugurated on July 11.

THE "KING" BOODLER'S TRIAL.

The Prosecution Ready to Close—Sharpe to Be Jailed.

NEW YORK, June 25.—It was 9:10 o'clock this morning when the Judge was on the bench, the jury in the box, the defendant at the bar and the counsel at their respective tables in the great Sharpe trial. Cashier Merwin of the Pacific Bank was recalled and testified to loans to Thomas B. Kerr at different dates in 1884, to the amount in the aggregate of $150,000. These loans were paid June 19, 1885. On that day Mr. Kerr deposited at the bank two checks of Jacob Sharpe on the Broadway National Bank, one for $260,203.81, and the other $50,000. On the same day Mr. Kerr turned over his account to the account of the Seventh Avenue Railroad, of $47,000. During the same period loans were made to Foshay. On June 19, 1885, he made deposits covering these loans.

M. Nicoll here offered in evidence the declaration of Mr. Sharpe, made in March, 1884, with reference to the cost of building railroads, after which Senate Stenographer Correll was again recalled, and Mr. Nicoll read from the proceedings before the Committee of the Senate, Sharpe's testimony concerning his bank account and the cost of building the Broadway road. The case for the people will be rested as soon as the reading of this testimony is finished.

SHARPE TO BE KEPT IN JAIL.

On request of the District Attorney Judge Barrett has ordered that Jacob Sharpe be hereafter kept in close confinement. His family will not be allowed to spend the night with him in Ludlow Street Jail, nor will he be allowed to take a drive in his own carriage. The cause of this was Mr. Nicoll's statement to the Court that he had been informed that an attempt would be made to carry Sharpe beyond the jurisdiction of the court.

MURDER OR ACCIDENT?

A 16-Years-Old White Boy Shoots a Colored Youth.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MACON, Mo., June 25.—News has just reached here of a killing in the extreme southeast part of Macon County. Walter Bryant, a white boy, 16 years old, went out into the woods with Wm. Gooding; a colored boy two years older. Each had shot-guns and in some manner Bryant shot Gooding full in the breast, killing him instantly. Whether it was purely accidental or by intention could not be learned, but a warrant has been issued for the arrest of Bryant, and the Sheriff, in company with the Coroner, Prosecuting Attorney and some citizens, has just gone to the scene of the occurrence.

A Crooked Postmaster.

CINCINNATI, June 25.—The Times-Star's Coshocton, Ohio, special says that William U. Bucklew, assistant postmaster at Coshocton, was arrested to-day on a charge of being short in his accounts with the Government. He was taken to Columbus for trial before a United States Commissioner. The amount charged against him is $2,200.

Ross Will Hang.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 25.—John Thomas Ross, Colored, convicted of the murder of Emily Brown, white, whose body was sold by him to the Medical University, was to-day sentenced to be hanged. The Court of Appeals affirmed the verdict of the jury. The Governor will appoint the day of execution.

Carondelet Jottings.

The Sunday law, which goes into effect to-morrow, will be strictly enforced here by the police.

The cases against James and Dennis Keefe, for disturbing the peace, and Richard Grimes, for cruelty to dumb animals, were continued by Police-Justice Meegan this morning until the 27th inst.

The Park Social Club, which is composed of a number of well-known young men here, will celebrate the fifth annual birth of the organization by a grand festival at Klausmann's Garden on July 5.

The Board of Directors of the Odd-Fellows' Hall Association will hold a special meeting next Tuesday evening at the office of Secretary Poupeney to dispose of their ground on the northwest corner of Michigan avenue and Nagel street.

Dennis Hoogan, 11 years of age, residing with his parents at 6211 South Broadway, was found by Officer Scanlan yesterday in the boiler-room of the Missouri Furnace Works in a state of insensibility. Presumably the little fellow went in there to sleep and was suffocated by gas. He was conveyed home, where he now lies in a precarious condition.

ALL GONE IN SMOKE.

SEVERAL LARGE TOBACCO WAREHOUSES AT LOUISVILLE DESTROYED BY FIRE.

An Entire Block in Ruins—Mrs. Bender's Boarding-House Also Consumed—Large Quantities of Tobacco Lost—Sawyer, Wallace, & Co., and T. B. Parish & Co., Heavy Sufferers—Loss Estimated at $500,000—Liggett & Meyers' Purchase—A Fatal Fire at Jacksonville, Fla.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 25.—The most destructive conflagration that has occurred here in years broke out in the tobacco quarter at 1:35 o'clock this morning. The entire square between Main and Market and Ninth and Tenth streets was the scene of the fire, and two acres of buildings, with their contents, were lost. The loss this morning is estimated at fully a half million dollars, and the insurance cannot be obtained for weeks yet. The papers of the various firms are in the safes, which are mixed up with the debris. These will have to be recovered and the 5,000 hogsheads of tobacco checked up before the accurate figures are known. The box from which the alarm was turned in was defective, and as a result the flames were almost beyond control when the engines arrived.

THE FIRE WAS INCENDIARY,

it is thought. It broke out in the middle of the block, at the rear end of the Market street ell of the Boone warehouse. There were no lights or fire of any kind from which the flames could have started. The flames spread with fearful rapidity. The Banner tobacco warehouse and the Sawyer, Wallace & Co. warehouse, both fronting Main street, soon caught fire and were quickly enveloped in flames. The three warehouses mentioned occupy nearly the whole square, and all were closely packed with hogsheads of tobacco. The Sawyer, Wallace & Co. house is a branch of the big New York firm. The firemen could do very little against the great odds. The heat was intense and the inflammable material was entirely too far beyond control. All that could be done was to save the adjacent residences and business blocks.

A VAST CROWD OF PEOPLE

quickly assembled on the scene. The families living in the square on Market street were greatly frightened. They excitedly threw their furniture and household effects on the pavement and in the streets, fearing a total wreck by fire. No lives were lost, though several narrow escapes were had. Sawyer, Wallace & Co.'s warehouse, No. 609 Main street, was owned by Mr. Henry Glover. It occupied 157½ feet front on Main street, and was 210 feet deep. It was a solidly built brick building with metal roof, the several departments comprising an immense structure, and was valued at $20,000. It is partially insured. In it were 2,400 hogsheads of tobacco, worth from $120,000 to $125,000. All of the tobacco was entirely destroyed. The stock was well insured.

The Boone warehouse was owned by Thomas H. Glover and valued at about $15,000. It contained about fifteen hundred hogsheads of tobacco, all of which was consumed. This tobacco was worth from $120,000 to $125,000. Partially insured on both buildings and tobacco.

The Banner warehouse was owned by B. M. Parrish & Co. It was valued at about $7,000 and belonged to an undivided estate. It contained about five hundred hogsheads of tobacco, valued at from $40,000 to $45,000.

PROBABLE LITIGATION.

It is thought that the litigation that will be brought about by the fire will be something astounding. Lorillard & Co. and Liggett & Myer, the large tobacco firms of New York and St. Louis, as well as others, bought a large lot of tobacco in this market yesterday, and it is said that they will claim that the sale was not consummated, basing their claim upon some technicality.

Liggett & Meyers' Purchase.

A private dispatch from the special agent of Messrs. Liggett & Meyers at Louisville to-day states that only three hogsheads of that firm's tobacco are involved in the fire, but these were stored on the condition that they were to be paid for when shipped. These hogsheads were stored in the Sawyer, Wallace & Co. warehouse.

Fatal Flames.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 25.—Fire at 11 o'clock last night totally destroyed the large brick block, corner of Bay and Clay streets, occupied by Clark & Loftus, furniture; Watson & Co., drugs, and Sable Bros., leather. The loss on the building and stock is $50,000; insurance about $30,000. It is supposed that three men who were in the building trying to save goods when the walls caved in, were killed. Their names are unknown. Six others are hurt from the same cause, none fatally.

Not Crandall.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 25.—Detective Curtin, who started a week ago for Salem, Ore., to identify a man arrested there on suspicion of being Bryant B. Crandall, supposed to have committed suicide at Niagara Falls, but reported to be alive in the West, telegraphed that the man in custody is not Crandall.

Applied for a Charter.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 25.—Application was made at the State Department to-day for a charter for the Erie & State Line Railroad Company, the line of which will run from the New York to the Ohio line, a distance of forty-four miles. The capital stock is $3,000,000.

Belleville.

An infant child of Mr. Jos. Isch, who resides at Glen Addie, was badly scalded yesterday by the upsetting of a pot of boiling coffee.

The Minerva Lodge, No. 938, Knights and Ladies of Honor, met last night and elected the following officers for the ensuing six months: Mary Moses, Protector; Miana Kangler, Vice-Protector; Fred Jungbluth, Secretary; Henry Oexner, Treasurer, and Elizabeth Helmeich, Chaplain.

The closing exercises of the public schools took place last night at Liederkranz Hall. The High School graduates were Misses Fannie Crouch, Nettie Beeman, Louisa Neubauer, Mamie Ward, Josephine Gross, Roberthe Hilgard, Lulu Semmelroth, Lulu Keil and Ada Kratt, and George Pfuhl, Carl Andel, Charles Schlicser, Herman Fielschbauer and Samuel Langeay.

Mr. Ignatz Day, a former citizen and well-known tobacco merchant of St. Louis, and the father of Mr. John A. Day of this city, died recently at Trieste, Austria. He left an estate valued at $270,000 and a copy of his will has been filed in the County Court. By his first wife Clara Mueller he had two children, Mr. John A. Day of this city, and Maria, now Mrs. E. T. Lintz. To each of these he leaves $30,000. To each of his three children by his second wife, Anna, Berina and Caroline, he leaves $45,000, and to his widow $60,000.

A syndicate of Belleville capitalists has purchased Creal Springs Park, which is situated seven miles below Marion, Ills., for the purpose of making it a popular summer resort. There are four sulphur springs in the park, and the water is said to possess remarkable curing properties. A first-class hotel will be built by the syndicate, and as the Illinois Central Railroad is soon to run a branch to the springs, which are located seven miles from the main line, the investment promises to be a profitable one.

A SAD STORY.

HAUNTED BY THE PRESENCE OF HER LOVER'S MURDERER.

Poor Annie Kolkhorst's Delusion, Which Caused a Sensation on Gamble Street Last Evening—The Police Investigating the Girl's Story of a Criminal Assault—Contradictory Facts in the Case.

About 7 o'clock last evening Mr. Alexander F. Gier of No. 2606 Gamble street, discovered Annie Kolkhorst, a servant employed in his family, gagged and unconscious in the wood-shed, rear of his residence. Believing at first sight that the girl was dead he ran over to the Third District Sub-Station and summoned Sergt. Kelly, who hurried back with him to his house. He found the girl's eyes bandaged and her mouth filled with a rag. These were removed. Just then City Dispensary Physician Dorsett who was passing was called in. With the assistance of Sergt. Kelly, he removed the girl to the house, after dousing her with ice-water and partially restoring her by that means. She was still rigid, however, and was unable to give any account of herself at 5:30 p. m. Mrs. Gier sent the girl to the kitchen to prepare supper, and did not hear from her again until the police and doctor arrived. When she was made easy in the house she

TOLD HER STORY.

She said that, obedient to her instructions, she went to the wood-shed to chop some kindling, and just as she began her work she was seized from behind by some unknown man. She called for help, but her assailant stuffed the gag into her mouth and binding another cloth about her eyes threw her to the ground. Beyond this point in the thrilling experiences she could remember nothing. Dr. Dorsett stated that he had discovered no evidence of a criminal assault beyond the fact that the girl's underclothing was torn to a considerable extent. He had no hesitation in saying that if such was the intent of the assault the assailant had been defeated in his purpose. Mr. Gier stated that when he reached the shed the rear door opening into the alley was closed. The girl states very positively that it was open when she first went to the shed, and supposing that the children, who had been "playing house" had left it open, she put off closing it until she finished chopping the kindling wood. Such were facts as they were brought to light last evening, leaving the whole occurrence unexplained. Through the neighborhood the story had gone out that the girl had been assaulted, and the excitement caused was considerable. With these contradictory statements Special-Officer King of the Third District Sub-Station took up the investigation this morning.

The girl reiterated her statements without varying from the original story in the slightest particular. She is a large, strong, German girl of quiet, retiring manner, and evidently very truthful. Mrs. Gier spoke kindly of the girl, but said that she could not understand the occurrence of yesterday evening. After going over the ground with the girl and hearing her story Officer King and a reporter, who called during the investigation, asked the girl into a room to discuss the perplexing circumstances. After a series of very shrewdly-directed questions, Officer King started the girl on the thread of the following interesting story.

"THERE IS ONE MAN

I have a terrible dread of." She here gave his name. "He is a horse-buyer by trade and travels through Illinois and Missouri. I have known him since I was a child. I knew him at my home in Havre, Montgomery County, Ill. When I grew up he asked me to be his wife, but I did not like the man and I rejected him. He came to our house and my mother tried to prevail upon me to marry him. I would not do it. The old folks though he was well-off and wanted me to marry him because they thought it was a good match. He came to the house and brought with him a box of jewelry. The old folks thought from this that he must have done very well at his business, and tried to get me to have him. I was in love with Henry Brokamp, a farmer. We were to have been married in July, 1884, but in June he was murdered. On the evening of the 30th of June he was coming to Havre about dusk, when he was shot through the head. The man who fired the shot was arrested, tried and convicted of the murder. Before he was hanged he said it was Bob, my suitor, who had hired him to kill Henry. At that time Henry had sent me to the Good Samaritan Hospital on Jefferson avenue and O'Fallon street in this city for treatment, as I had hurt myself while lifting a wash-boiler full of clothes at my home. I was not in Havre at the time of the trial, and only know the facts as I learned them from letters from home. I never saw this man, my suitor, until about a year ago, when I saw him at the Dime Museum. I don't think then, that he saw me. I hurried away from there. The next time I saw him was while I was working at Mrs. Zelle's on Sixth street, between Morgan and Christy avenue. I was sweeping the sidewalk when he came along and caught me by the arm. He said, 'I'll get you yet.' I was frightened and ran up stairs, when I fainted. Mrs. Zelle told me that when I recovered I said 'Kill that man.' They say that yesterday when I recovered the first thing I said was 'Kill him,' to the doctor. Shortly after Henry, my lover, was killed I first got those fainting spells. I went to Dr. Harris for treatment. I know that I have thought about this a great deal for I have often been frightened in my sleep by dreaming of this man."

"Don't you think now," asked the officer, "in the light of the fact that the gate was latched and the two dogs were right there, one outside of the shed and one inside, that no man could have got in there to assault you and that it was only one of your 'fainting' spells?"

The girl paused as a troubled look overspread her honest face. For some moments she thought over the question and finally answered: "It might be so. Strange things might happen one. It might have been better if I died yesterday evening. I have told you everything I know now. I hope there won't be any more trouble about it."

An investigation subsequently made shows that the girl is truthful and honest. She has received no male company, and about a week ago, on receiving a letter from an acquaintance who wanted to meet her, she asked Mrs. Gier's advice. The girl is without friends in this city, and should the family in which she is now employed send her away she will be without means.

THE EXPLANATION.

The admissions secured above were laid before Dr. Dorsett, who, through regard for the girl, had previously refused to give any opinion. He said: "These facts are in accordance with what I observed last evening. No successful assault was made on the girl. That is almost positive from the examination as far as I made it last evening. The girl was in a rigid condition, and it is my opinion is suffering from hysterical epilepsy with this particular delusion which is very frequent among women. It has recently been discovered that this effect was produced by the administration of cocaine in Germany where the woman was so well convinced of the truth of the delusion that criminal proceedings were instituted against a very reputable physician, who did not establish his innocence until the trial. In this case I think the girl had an epileptic seizure when she went to the wood-shed. The gag in her mouth and the bandage over her eyes and the torn condition of her undergarments, are easily explained in this light. The girl under such a seizure might have done this herself." The police accept this as an explanation of the mysterious case, but propose to follow up and clew they can obtain which may make it appear that an assault was actually made.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name.	Residence.
Albert H. Meyer	1854 North Market st
Mary Bartling	1519 N. 15th st
Herman Becker	2216 Wyoming st
Katie Blesch	3306 Wisconsin av
Fritz Krummrel	2819 N. 15th st
Augusta Winkel	2812 N. 15th st
W. R. Harris	Laclede Hotel
Carrie Krug	612 N. Ewing av
Jordan Young	518 S. 2d st
Annie Brown	615 Clark av
Peter Narkewias	Main and Miller sts
Annie Czichowski	3d and Rutger sts
John E. Cain	New Orleans
Annie Kennedy	1211 S. 3d st
Peter Kearville	Kosciusko st
Maggie Reith	Winnebago st

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING RINGS. Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices. *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co Cor. 4th & Locust.*

REAL ESTATE.

Jay Gould Preparing for Further Purchases—Transactions Made To-Day.

To-day closes an uneventful week in real estate circles. A few good commissions were made, the best of which was scooped in by Frank Gerhart by the consummation of the Louis Bernero purchase of 1116 Olive street and the closing of the Marquette Club sale yesterday.

While it is reported that Jay Gould is seriously ill in New York, yet it is a fact that those who have the manipulation of his St. Louis interests are very active and alert, and it was stated to the POST-DISPATCH reporter to-day upon excellent authority that Mr. Gould not only intends to immediately improve his present purchases in this city, but that he contemplates the investment of another large bundle in St. Louis real estate at an early date.

L. L. Hull & Co. report this morning that they received and rejected an offer of $55 per front foot for eighty-three feet fronting on North Broadway near Bogy street, better known as Brooklyn street. The property is owned by A. N. Finley of New York City, who is not anxious to sell at those figures.

It may be a matter of interest to the property-holders along the lines of Laclede avenue from Forest Park to Grand avenue to know that the commission appointed by the Circuit Court, composed of L. A. Moffat, L. D. Warren and E. C. Cabell, are now holding sessions at the City Hall every day except Saturdays for the purpose of ascertaining the damages and benefits caused by the establishment of the grade some time ago by the city, which has left considerable of the property along said street from 20 to 25 feet above the grade as now established, and a large portion of the same from 10 to 12 feet below the grade. The plaintiffs in this case have, for the last few days, been offering evidence tending to show the exact amount of damage sustained by them, and it is likely that the commission will satisfactorily adjudicate all claims in a few days.

The contract for the grading of the Forest Park Boulevard, from Boyle avenue to Forest Park, a distance of about one mile, awarded to J. H. Boarding, amounting to $7,000, will be completed about the middle of next week. As soon as the ground settles sufficiently the gas and water-pipes will be laid and the Boulevard finished with wooden pavement. The completion of this avenue will open up to the public use another beautiful drive to and from the park.

J. A. Duffy & Co. sold to-day the premises known as 4463 Berlin avenue, half block east of Taylor avenue and two blocks north of Lindell avenue. The property consists of a four-room cottage situated on a lot fronting thirty-six feet by a depth of 105 feet. The grantors are James Ryan and wife, who sold the above to R. Lauser for $2,000 cash.

Emil Mallinckrodt yesterday refused an offer of $30,000 made by J. A. Duffy & Co. for his property located on Finney, Cook and Page avenues, west of Sarah street.

Chapman & Gilmore sold for Dr. J. N. Page 505 feet fronting on Plymouth avenue, adjoining Cabanne place on the west, to W. H. Webster at $15 per front foot, amounting to $7,575.

The same firm bought of W. H. Webster 200 acres unimproved land in Delefield Township, Hamilton County, Ill., for $3,000; also 160 acres in Equality Township, Salem County, Ill., for $2,400. They also sold a lot in Centralia, Ill., belonging to Mrs. Allen, to J. S. Probasco for $300.

CASUALTIES.

Five Bodies Recovered From a Nevada Mine—Disastrous Freshet.

VIRGINIA, Nev., June 25.—A rescuing party succeeded at an early hour this morning in reaching the 400-foot level and found five men there dead. They were evidently asphyxiated while endeavoring to escape. The miners have not yet been able to do anything toward rescuing the men imprisoned in the Best & Belcher mine. The names of the dead miners are: John Trounse, J. Morgan, R. C. Bruce, W. C. Carpenter and Andrew Bean. Morgan was married but a few weeks. It is feared his widow will lose her reason from excessive grief.

Rumored Railroad Disaster.

NEWBURG, N. Y., June 24.—The morning trains from New York on the West Shore and New York, Ontario & Western roads did not arrive at Cornwall till after 1 p. m. All trains are delayed. An unconfirmed rumor at Cornwall is that a train went through the bridge over the Hackensack River.

THE RUMOR DENIED.

It is now ascertained that the delay to West Shore trains to-day was caused by the breaking of some bolts of the drawbridge at Little Ferry, while being opened to let a sloop through. There is no truth in the rumor of a train going through a bridge.

A Disastrous Freshet.

LAWRENCE, Mass., June 25.—The most remarkable freshet ever known in the Merrimac River is now in progress. The water has risen over ten feet since yesterday, and is still rising. It is now within two feet of a temporary bridge just built across the river. Should it keep on an hour longer the bridge will be swept away. Huge logs, numbered by the thousands, are sweeping down the river. Every effort is being made to stop them above the Lawrence dam.

MATTERS IN COURT.

Letters on the Gaty Estate—New Divorce Applicants—Notes in Probate.

Elizabeth Hooper seeks a decree of divorce from John I. Hooper. They were married in August, 1886, and separated a few days since. Mrs. Hooper accuses her husband of cruel treatment, uttering false charges against her, vile abuse and frequent threats to kill. She asks for restoration of her former name, Elizabeth Davis.

Amanda Jones asks for a decree of divorce from Albert Jones. They were married in 1873, and lived together until February of the present year. Mrs. Jones alleges that her husband gave way to intemperate habits; that he whipped and abused her in a shocking manner without any provocation; assaulted her with a teacup on one occasion and a butcher-knife on another, and one day he threatened to cut her heart out and exhibit it on a plate.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to M. D. Lewis on the estate of Samuel Gaty. The estate is valued at $650,000.

The patent infringement suit of Robert L. Downton against the Kauffman Milling Company, relating to an improvement in the manufacture of flour, was dismissed to-day by the plaintiff in the United States Circuit Court.

An amended answer is to be filed by M. J. Patrick in the Bowman-Patrick Mining suit in the United States Circuit Court.

Patrick and John Cavanaugh entered suit this afternoon against Patrick Baggott, claiming $441 for a balance of a plastering bill on property in the West End.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Philip Pollack on the estate of Barney Pollack. The estate is valued at $2,500. Philip Pollack qualified as surviving partner of the firm of Phil Pollack & Co. The joint will of Philip and Barney Pollack, bearing date January 27, 1883, provides that the surviving partner shall receive the estate.

Minnie Warren, residing at 208 North Eighth street, was arrested this afternoon for dealing in liquor without a license, and selling malt liquor without a license.

Le Patriote.

The suspension of the local French paper, Le Patriote, caused by the failure of the Phœnix Printing Company, which was stated in the POST-DISPATCH Thursday to be only temporary, is, it appears, to be permanent. This paper, which was the organ of the French population of St. Louis, was the only one of the kind which succeeded in being self-sustaining for ten years, due to the enterprise of its editor and publisher, Mr. L. Seguenot. The publication of Le Patriote will be continued by the Franco-Louisianais of New Orleans, with which it has been consolidated. The latter paper will publish St. Louis and Western news, and thus retain the subscribers of Le Patriote.

A Careless Driver.

While J. S. Fitzgerald was unloading some lumber in front of No. 1123 Olive street at 10:30 this morning he was knocked down and run over by a spring wagon owned by the Pacific Steam Laundry Company, No. 515 Elm street. The wagon passed over his left leg and he had to be removed to his home, No. 12 North Third street, in a patrol wagon.

Exports of Specie.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The exports of specie from the port of New York for the week were $133,105, of which $45,085 was in gold.

FOR LACK OF SALT.

THE GRANITE MOUNTAIN MILLS SHUT DOWN FOR TWELVE DAYS PAST.

A Washout Cuts Off Philipsburg From Communication With the Outside World—Possibility That the Dividends Will Be Temporarily Affected—Mary Murphy Dividends—The Yavapai Water Supply—July Interest on Governments Paid in Advance—Mining Gossip.

The Granite Mountain Mining Company's mills have been shut down for twelve days past; or, at least no word of their starting has been received from Superintendent Plummer since they shut down on June 13. The effect of this is to cut off the income of the Granite Mountain Company for that time. The ultimate effect in case the mills are not started up will be to cause a suspension of the Granite Mountain dividends until the mill can be started again. The company has now on hand over $300,000. It will take $200,000 to pay the dividend to be declared on Thursday next, payable July 10. This will leave $100,000 to pay the expenses of the mine and to go on the next dividend. If the mills start within a week or two the payment of dividends can continue without intermission. The wisdom of the policy of the Granite Mountain trustees in laying aside a good surplus is shown in this emergency, but even the surplus on hand may not be enough to carry the company through if the suspension of work is extended. This may affect the intention of the company to increase its milling capacity this fall.

THE SUPERINTENDENT'S LETTER.

No regular report was received from the mine to-day, but a letter from Superintendent Plummer dated June 18 said: "We are getting a good amount of shipping ore. We are cross-cutting on No. 6 east and opening up fine ruby and natural silver, and it looks exceedingly well. All the rest of the mine looks as well as usual. All the bridges are washed away between Drummond and Philipsburg and Anaconda and Philipsburg and the roads submerged. There was a shipment from Drummond on the 6th inst. of four cars of smelting ore that will net above all expenses $28,000. There is at Drummond twenty tons ready for shipment and twenty tons at the mine ready to be sent down as soon as the roads are passable."

L. M. RUMSEY,

President of the Granite Mountain Company, said this afternoon: "The mills have been shut down since the 13th. They may be running now, but I think Mr. Plummer would notify me if they were. The shut-down is due to a lack of salt. We were bothered by the caving-in of the Mullen tunnel three weeks ago when we had a big shipment of salt on this side of the tunnel. As soon as that is fixed this washout comes along. There is no telling when the water will be off, and when it is there are bridges to be rebuilt before shipping can be resumed. When I was in that country last February there was seven feet of snow on the ground. We had to go out with a pole and poke around in the snow to find where our six-foot piles of wood were located and then cut roads through the snow to haul it in. The hot spell we had here has gone up into that country and melted out the snow in the mountains and it has flooded everything. We cannot do anything until the flood subsides. The development work will go ahead as usual, but as long as the mills cannot run the ore will be left in the stopes."

⁂

Black Oak was offered at 50 cents to-day.

⁂

Cleveland was offered at 22½ cents.

⁂

Fifty cents was bid for Nay Aug, with offers at 60 cents.

⁂

Queen of the West was offered at 70 cents. Some bets made at the time of the strike that the company would pay a dividend before July 6 will be due very shortly.

⁂

Joe Mullally was bidding 62½ cents for Peacock this morning. There was a demand for puts on Peacock; 5 cents being bid for puts at 40 cents, good for six months. In the afternoon sales were made at 50 cents.

⁂

Ideal changed hands at 4 cents this morning, Ben Clark selling 2,000 shares to Joe Mullally. This was supposed to be John Kauffman's stock. The prospect that the little stockholders are to be frozen out makes the stock a drug on the market.

⁂

The decline in Ideal is expected by some to have an adverse influence on Dinero. Brokers are saying that after their experience with the Ideal crowd, they find it extremely difficult to persuade the public to go into anything in which these gentlemen are interested.

⁂

The stock of the Phœnix Gold and Silver Mining Company of Arkansas has been listed on the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange, New York.

⁂

R. B. Brown, formerly of this city, has been elected President of the El Cristo Mining Company. This is the Mexican Company that unearthed a number of Incas while digging a trench and realized handsomely on the gold ornaments they had worn.

⁂

A telegram received from the Yavapai yesterday stated that the water supply from creek and spring had increased to 25,000 gallons daily. The last report showed 20,000 gallons. The last of the freight for the piping plant was ordered to-day.

⁂

There was a bid of 15 cents in the market for Bremen stock this morning—the first bid that has been made in many weeks. The Directors of the company will hold a meeting some time next week to discuss the reorganization and the expenditure of the $40,000 contributed by the stockholders.

⁂

About a year ago the miners of Butte, Mont., organized a Miners' Union. Recently they celebrated its anniversary. As the superintendent of the Blue Bird, an English property, refused to shut down the mine he was taken over to the hoisting-works with a noose about his neck. The Sheriff advised him to shut down and he finally consented, when the miners were brought to the surface and initiated into the union.

⁂

The Mountain Key Mining Company has filed articles of incorporation at Silver City, N. M. The incorporators are: E. M. Sloan, E. H. Semple, John Boyle, D. C. Hobart and A. B. Comstock; the latter three named are the directors; the capital stock is $500,000.

⁂

The regular report from the Bi-Metallic this morning says that the dead work is being vigorously prosecuted but no stoping is being done. Affairs at the Altoona are unchanged.

⁂

Last week the contractors who have been sinking the main shaft on the I X L near Central City, Colo., finished their contract which called for fifty feet, and were paid off by the Superintennent, Mr. James Paxton. In sinking the last few feet the crevice matter widened out and quite a vein of mineral is now coming in. Mr. Paxton will let another contract to sink another fifty feet, after which he will commence driving levels both ways from the shaft.

⁂

Mr. Harker of the Charter Oak reports that last week the miners working in the cross-cut south from the east 200-foot level in the Charter Oak lode, on Quartz Hill, struck the Augusta bay vein, which is distant from the former vein sixty feet. It could not be determined as to the width of that crevice where it was cut, but sufficient ground was blasted to determine that it is over two feet wide, and the south wall not yet reached.

⁂

There has been some surprise expressed among investors at the suppression of dividends by the Mary Murphy. The fourth successive dividend of $5 a share was paid April 9, and since then nothing has been heard from the company in financial circles. It seems the company has been the victim of a series of accidents which have rendered the shipping of ore impossible. The long tunnel did not reach the air-winze and while dead work was being done to make the connection, stoping had to be stopped. The stockholders expect another dividend next month.

⁂

Jones, McCormick & Kennett in their stock letter of to-day to Page McPherson say: "The stock market opened nervous, but at prices somewhat above yesterday's closing prices, but soon declined from ½ to 3 per cent on the appearance of some selling orders when there was little disposition to buy. Later on the statement that the Government had mailed checks for the July interests and would probably to-day order them paid out, caused a sharp rally in prices which was not checked by the bank statement which showed a further loss in reserve of $1,270,000. The close was steady at prices at, or a little below highest of the day. Money 4 to 7. Sales 163,000 shares." This afternoon Chauncey F. Shultz, Assistant Treasurer of the United States in this city, issued the following notice: "By order from Secretary of the Treasury of the United States I will pay July interests on Pacifics and 4-per cents on presentation of checks and coupons without rebate."

TROUBLE EXPECTED.

The Canadian Government's Opposition to the Manitoba Boundary Road.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, June 25.—Secret orders have been issued to local volunteer battalions to hold themselves in readiness for active service. This is believed to be a ruse on the part of the Dominion Government to send volunteers out under the pretense that another uprising among the Indians is feared, so that the Government can easily carry out their evident intention of preventing Manitoba from building the proposed road to the boundary. It is said to be the Government's intention to send into Winnipeg mounted police, in the absence of volunteers, and coerce the province into submission. Many citizens are discussing the situation, and means are being devised to meet the Government and checkmate its scheme. If the Federal authorities resort to force, the Government house and Fort Osborn will be razed, and a big riot will follow. The people are ready to go to any extremity should the Dominion Government attempt forcible resistance to the scheme so dear to every Manitoban's heart. As the contractors commence work next week, something must give way, and an interesting time is expected.

The Boundary Railroad.

GRAND FORKS, Dak., June 25.—In referring to the new railroad to be built to the boundary line, Premier Norquay and Attorney-General Hamilton of Manitoba, said: "No we have received no notice of the adoption of the disallowance bill by the Dominion Parliament. It would be impolitic to say what we will do in the event of its adoption. I will say, however, that the road will be built no matter what the consequences, and Mr. Ryan, the contractor, whom I expect to meet on my arrival at home, will have everything in readiness to begin operations the coming week. We are not serfs, and will not be found far in the background in the event of trouble, which I hope and believe will be avoided, but not at the expense of foregoing our railroad project."

Attorney-General Hamilton said: "Our future prosperity greatly depends on intercourse with our American neighbors, and inasmuch as no American road will be allowed a charter to build and afford us a means of prosperity and greatness which is our right, and of which our vast and productive country is capable, the only alternative left us is that which we are now pursuing."

THE BATTLE FLAGS.

Corporal Tanner's Resolutions Passed by the Army of the Potomac.

NEW YORK, June 25.—An erroneous statement was telegraphed on Wednesday from Saratoga as to the disposition made by the Army of the Potomac of resolutions offered by various members touching the battle-flags episode. It was asserted that all these resolutions were laid upon the table. The correct statement would have been that all were laid upon the table except those offered by Corporal Tanner. These were passed with but one dissenting vote. They congratulate the country that the flags are to remain in the keeping of the national authorities, and pronounce them holy relics which should not be burned or given away, but preserved that they may remind future generations of the awful sacrifice of the civil war and inspire them with devotion to the Union.

BARNUM'S BUSINESS.

The Collector Making Arrangements for the Increase in the Volume.

To-night Collector of Internal Revenue Barnum, Chief Clerk Atwood and Deputy Collector McDonald go to Hannibal. The dry law of to-morrow does not account for their departure as much as the arrangements connected with the transfer of the Fourth District to the First under the consolidation law which goes into effect Thursday next. By the change the business of the St. Louis office will be increased $350,000, and the districts in Missouri reduced to two. The force of men will be cut down six men, all from the Fourth District. The change will save the Government $6,000 annually.

DOUBLY DRY.

How the Signal Service Cramps the Wheels of the Juggernaut.

The rain of last evening and to-day amounted to 45-100 of an inch. The drizzle gave evidence of ceasing this afternoon under brightening skies. The hope the authorities cherished that Sunday would be atmospherically wet that it might be easily kept legally dry, is destroyed by the Signal Service which predicts clear weather for to-morrow, with an increase of heat. There is a high area coming down from the lakes with high temperature. This morning at 6 it was 62 deg. and quite raw, but by 2 p. m. the mercury had risen to 67 deg.

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

Special Session of the Council Held This Afternoon.

The Council held a special session to discuss the franchise and loop terminal bills. At noon Councilman C. D. Comfort took the oath of office before City-Register Tracy and qualified to take his seat. It has been decided to nominate Sewer Commissioner McMath in the council, as he will probably be elected by a vote of 7 to 6 on a call of the roll. No name will be sent in by the Mayor.

A meeting of the Board of Public Improvements was held to-day when the plan for the Olive street Cable was submitted to the Board.

The Ways and Means Committee of the House will meet Monday at 10 a. m. to discuss the appropriation bill.

Municipal Notes.

To-day Maj. C. D. Comfort reaches the age required by the charter and takes his seat in the Council.

Patrick J. Woodlock, who was made a District Assessor, has resigned his place in the Mullanphy Board.

Recorder Williams will go before the House of Delegates to protest against the Comptroller's recommendation to cut down his appropriation.

President Scullin of the Union Depot lines says the franchise sales won't work in this city. The routes are too long and unprofitable. He says he would not bid much for the Taylor avenue route.

Delegate James M. Sullivan says that his remarks about the Papin street bill were misinterpreted. He has no knowledge that money was used in securing the passage of the bill. If he had he would have laid it before the proper authority. His opposition to the bill was determined, and while disapproving strongly of the action of the House, he does not want to be placed in the attitude of reflecting on the honesty of the convictions of those who urged the passage of the bill.

Mrs. Cleveland at Home.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Col. Lamont and Mrs. Cleveland arrived in Washington at 9:30 o'clock this morning and proceeded direct to the White House. Mrs. Cleveland is in the best of health and is enthusiastic over the pleasant time spent among her school friends in New York State.

Stay East, Young Man, Stay East.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

San Bernardino is so crowded that a newly married couple from San Diego, who came there on a wedding trip the other day, were unable to get a room. The groom slept in a chair in the St. Charles Hotel, and the bride got a bed in a room with several other ladies.

THE BIG STOCK BREAK.

A BETTER FEELING PREVAILING ON THE NEW YORK EXCHANGE.

The Market Opens With Better Prices—Frequent Fluctuations—Money a Little Easier—Manhattan Climbs Up Again—Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild Orders July Interest Paid—The Feeling in London—Vanderbilt Sails for Home.

NEW YORK, June 25, 10:15 a. m.—The stock market opened tame but generally firm. There are some buying orders from London being received. There is a feverish undertone apparent, and the recovery from yesterday's semi-panic is slow. Being a half holiday there is no demand for stocks in the loan crowd, and no rate for money.

MANHATTAN 4 PER CENT HIGHER.

The Manhattan consolidated opened 4 per cent higher than it closed last night.

THE MARKET GOES UP.

10:45 a. m.—The firm tone of the opening was soon lost and the market declined to about closing figures of last night. The weakness lasted but a few moments, when the market recovered and advanced to the highest prices of the morning on a report that the Government had decided to anticipate the payment of July interest on bonds.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES.

Noon—Money on call is loaned at 4@9 per cent; last loan 5; closed offered at 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5 and 6 per cent; sterling exchange unsettled at unchanged prices; bar silver, 95⅝.

THE MARKET FIRM.

The stock market after 11 o'clock remained moderately active, and after some hesitancy renewed the advance, though the improvement was confined to fractions only. St. Paul and Reading lead. After the issue of the bank statement, that advance was checked and the small fractions were lost. But the firm tone again appeared and the close was quiet but firm at close to opening figures.

The London Markets Quiet.

LONDON, June 25, 2 p. m.—The London stock markets are calm. It is the general feeling in the markets that the worst in the New York Stock Exchange has passed.

THE FEELING IN LONDON.

The panic in the New York stock market yesterday made but little impression here. There was a better feeling in the stock markets to-day than prevailed late last evening. The Pall Mall Gazette, referring to the panic, says: Wall street kills Mr. Gould as often as the London Exchange kills the Emperor of Germany.

VANDERBILT SAILS.

Mr. George Vanderbilt sailed from Liverpool for New York to-day on the steamer Umbria.

The stock markets here were closed to-day before the arrival from New York of the dispatches giving the opening quotations. The quotations on the street were flattened by the New York prices, but afterward improved and closed better.

July Interest Ordered Paid.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Secretary Fairchild this afternoon telegraphed to all Assistant Treasurers, directing the payment of July interest checks and coupons upon presentation. Many of the interest checks for registered bonds were mailed in advance in anticipation of this action, so as to facilitate their payment. The effect will be the release from the Sub-Treasuries of about $9,000,000. The remainder of the interest checks will be mailed to-day. Similar action has heretofore been taken by the department, whenever occasion demanded, but it sometimes happened that authority for their payment before maturity was withheld.

ABOUT TOWN.

HARRY WATSON, 19 years of age, died suddenly this morning at 1202 Madison street, without medical attendance.

A WOMAN who was too drunk to give her name was arrested to-day for breaking two panes of glass in the store of Otto Beese, No. 1138 Olive street, and one pane in Robert Etavard's store, No. 1136 Olive street.

TOM COUCH, who has been on a visit to Kansas City, says they have $25,000 subscribed there towards a street pageant similar to the Veiled Prophets. All the designs are finished and contracts made for costumes and floats.

J. S. MOORE was the prosecuting witness in a case of assault and battery against J. Maguire this morning in Justice McCaffrey's court. Mr. Maguire is a conductor on the Fifth street line of street cars and administered a thrashing to Mr. Moore, who obstructed the aisle with his feet. As Mr. Moore had struck the first blow the Judge dismissed the case.

Locked His Jaw Laughing.

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

Franklin County is next door to Cumberland. Tickle Cumberland and Franklin laughs. I'll give Cumberland a chance to laugh. Up at Mont Alto not long ago a party of men were telling funny stories, and one of them laughed so hard he dislocated his jaw. A physician (a German who lives in the vicinity) was sent for, and he immediately pronounced it a case of lockjaw. He put a big mustard poultice on the man's jaw, plastered a fly-blister on the back of his neck, plunged the sick man's feet in boiling water, and then told him if he had anything to say he better say it, as he would never get well—he was bound to die. Col. Wiestling was going down to the sick man's house to administer spiritual consolation when he met a medical student, who went with him. When they entered the house they found the patient encased in plasters, his poor legs parboiled to the knees in hot water and a blanket over his head. The student wanted to see the man, but the numerous weeping friends and mourners explained between sniffles that it was no use, he was going to die, and nobody could do him any good. The student asked how the man came to get lock-jaw, and they told him that he was laughing and the jaws "got clinched." Then the student removed the blanket, held up the patient's head, thrust his finger into his mouth and hit him a smart rap on the jaw, and it swung back into place and all was lovely.

The Medicinal Value of Lemons.

From the Chicago Journal.

"While you are giving people simple rules for preserving their health, why don't you tell them about the use of lemons?" an intelligent professional man asked me the other day. He went on to say that he had long been troubled with an inactive liver, which gave him a world of pain and trouble, until recently he was advised by a friend to take a glass of hot water with the juice of half a lemon squeezed into it, but no sugar, night and morning and see what the effect would be. He tried it, and found himself better almost immediately. His daily headaches, which medicine had failed to cure, left him; his appetite improved, and he gained several pounds in weight within a few weeks. After a while he omitted the drink, either at night or in the morning, and now at times does without either of them. "I am satisfied from experiment," said he, "that there is no better medicine for persons who are troubled with bilious and liver complaints than the simple remedy I have given, which is far more efficacious than quinine or any other drug, while it is devoid of their injurious consequences. It excites the liver, stimulates the digestive organs and tones up the system generally. It is not unpleasant to take, either; indeed, one soon gets to liking it."

The Collar-Button Often Conceals Itself.

From the Rochester Post-Express.

Fashion requires that the necktie should conceal the collar-button. Men who wear collar-buttons would do well to attend to this little matter.

Clearing Sale of Spring Suits!

AT $8.00—Neat styles All-Wool Cassimere and Cheviot Suits.

AT $10.00—Stylish All-Wool Check, Plaid, Silk Mixed and Fancy Mixed Cassimere, Fancy Cheviots and Best Middlesex Blue Flannel Suits.

AT $12.00—Stylish All-Wool Cassimere and Nobby Cheviot Sack and 4-Button Cutaway Suits.

AT $15.00 to $18.00—Elegant styles of Fancy Cassimere and Bannockburn Cheviot, light and medium colors, Sack and 4-Button Cutaway Suits.

AT $20.00—French and English Pin Check and Light-Colored Worsted, Blue Tricot, Blue, Black and Brown Corkscrew and Diagonal Sack and 4-Button Cutaway Suits.

AT $3.00 to $5.00—Very desirable styles All-Wool Cassimere, light and dark colors, TROUSERS.

EXCELLENT VALUE IN ALL THESE GOODS

OPEN TO-NIGHT TILL 10 O'CLOCK.

Browning, King & Co.,

S. W. Corner Broadway and Pine Street.

D. C. Young..............Manager.

A YOUTHFUL MURDERER.

A Child of 7 Years on Trial for His Life.

From the Memphis Avalanche.

The most remarkable case in the history of Shelby County is now being heard in the Criminal Court. A child but a little more than 7 years of age, as sworn to by his father, is being tried for the murder of an infant that had been left in his care. The little negro lived with a colored family near Bartlett, and one of his duties was to nurse the infant of the household. The day of the killing the boy, Richard Smith by name, was left alone with the baby, and its mother testified that she heard him rocking it, and suddenly the gun went off.

On going to the house she found her baby lying on the bed dead, its head shot away, and saw Richard Smith running away. She pursued and caught him, and when asked if he killed the baby he said that the gun fell down and killed it. The position of the dead infant and the gun did not bear out this statement, and Richard was arrested and sent to jail, and the Grand-jury returned an indictment against him for murder in the first degree. When arraigned his counsel, Mr. Steen, pleaded not guilty, claiming accident, and the trial was begun yesterday. Mr. Steen is assisted by Mr. Cassels, and the prosecution is conducted by the Hon. Ralph Davis.

Deputy Sheriff James Alexander escorted the diminutive specimen of wickedness from the jail to the court-room, where he proved of much interest. The little negro is scarcely three feet high, and when seated in a chair beside his counsel his legs were so short that he could not touch the floor with his feet, and he could not much more than see over the table. He is as black as the ace of spades, bullet-headed, and wore a dirty suit of clothes patched with goods of a half-dozen colors—a typical coon of the plantation stripe.

He seemed to feel no interest in the proceedings and not to realize what it all meant. After gazing around until he grew tired, he laid his little wooly head on the table and went to sleep. He told jailer Mason that the jail is the best home he ever had, and that he wanted to stay there all the time and take care of Mr. Mason's pony. All the evidence and arguments were concluded yesterday, and this morning Judge Du Bose will charge the jury, leaving with them to say what shall be done with the boy.

Record of Crime in France.

Letter to the Pall Mall Gazette.

The report published by the French Minister of Justice for the years 1881 to 1885 contains some curious and interesting statistics. The annual average of charges which came before the Criminal Courts during that period was 4,382. The number of persons acquitted rose from 17 to 27 per cent, which leads us to conclude that French Judges and juries have become more lenient. As usual, the number of cases in which the jury accorded the benefit of "extenuating circumstances" was very large, being no less than 74 per cent. Of the yearly number of prisoners found guilty, twenty-nine were sentenced to death, 120 to transportation for life, eighty-eight to twenty years of the same punishment, 391 to eight years, and 311 to less than eight. Five were condemned to perpetual confinement, three to twenty years' confinement, and 627 to ten years and under. Among the remaining culprits, 1,316 were sentenced to a year's imprisonment and 272 to six months and under.

As regards the death sentences, there was a considerable increase; from 1876 to 1880 the number was 127, whereas from 1881 to 1885 the number rose to 148. Of the criminals on whom death was pronounced seven only were women; seventeen were aged from 16 to 20, fifty-two from 20 to 30, forty-one from 30 to 40.

A Fine Thing to Have a Crazy King.

From the New York Sun.

Peasant shooting is the favorite amusement of the mad King Otto, of Bavaria. But no peasants are killed, although His Majesty fancies that he has brought down several. The way they manage the royal sport is very simple. A fine hunting rifle is handed to the King, and he immediately posts himself in one of the windows of his castle. The rifle is loaded with a blank cartridge. A man is hired to post himself in a thicket and to emerge from it at a given signal. Immediately on his appearance a royal bead is drawn upon him. The King fires; the man falls, and the servants put him upon a stretcher and carry him off, while His Majesty rubs his hands in delight. The peasant receives his pay and puts in his application for another job. It is a fine thing to have a crazy King.

The Popular Polonaise.

From the New York Post.

In defiance of all alluring novelties that have been introduced since its appearance years ago, the polonaise still asserts itself among the list of highly popular styles this season, and is far from being abandoned, as was predicted of it by many fashion-seers early in the year. Probably the garment will never be wholly abandoned, but will continue to furnish material for fancy to exercise itself upon and produce numberless ingenious diversities from the one familiar figure. The polonaise of to-day is no longer the ordinary commonplace article of wear it once appeared, all buttoned down before, like old Grimes' coat, or occasionally varied by being open from the belt down. It has evolved in the hands of skilled designers and developed into a complicated garment; sometimes a jacket on one side, with slashed and plaited panels on the other, at times draped most profusely and at others deprived of all back breadths. The bodice portion is subject to quite as much variation and is open in pompadour style, cut down in a V front and back for summer evening wear, and frequently cut away to a mere side form in velvet to simulate a zouave jacket over an inner bodice of crape or silk.

CAPRICE IN FASHION.

Fortunes Lost Because of Fads That Fell From Favor.

London Letter in Louisville Courier-Journal.

Everything goes by "fad" or fashion, from blonde or brunette girl to this, that or the other gem. The opal has been opined ill-omened from time immemorial, and many superstitious people are afraid to wear it even in this diamond age of advancement. I have heard intelligent people say that the cat's-eye stone should be worn alongside the opal as an antidote to the supposed ill-starred influence of the latter. I know a beautiful and cultured belle who comes to Washington in the season wearing this combination, and she gave me the name of a prominent elderly society woman who recommended this feline offset to the opalescent brilliant. This idiotic impression has prevailed in all classes, and the opal pays the penalty of the ban by taking a back seat for years at a time. It is coming into favor now, however, and I suspect that there is a lapidary corner behind the boom, lifting it into high life.

Coral decorations had an almost world-wide run of luck on account of their attractiveness and cheapness, and the trade was triumphant for years. A gorge has come at last, and the coral closes its career for many a long year perhaps. The coral fisheries in Sicily have suspended, and it is stated that it will take a half dozen years to work off the stock already in shape. The shop windows are studded with the faded glory, and it is almost given away.

Fashion has it in its power to ruin immense industries. Over here it is the royal family that sets the style, and all the rest go "tumbling after." Every heavy swell of England—not of the sea, but on land—waits and watches for the Prince of Wales to come out in his new spring suit. Wigmaking was a tremendous trade in the kingdom until Albert, the Prince Consort, and later his son, the heir to the throne, went it bald, when it went almost into bankruptcy, throwing thousands out of employment. If the Prince were to put on buckskin breeches and a Buffalo Bill broadbrim the aristocratic apes would fall in line the following morning.

Mamie's Telegram.

From the Hartford Times.

A Hartford man, whose wife was going abroad, asked her to telegraph him a word or two letting him know of her safe arrival in New York. In a few hours he received the following message, "collect:" "Dear George: Arrived here safely at fifteen minutes after 6. The train was due at 6, but we were delayed fifteen minutes while en route. Had a perfectly lovely trip. Don't worry about me, I'll get along all right. And take good care of yourself. Be so careful about taking cold this damp weather. Remember that you are to keep on your flannels until the 15th of June. Be sure and have the house open and aired as often as once a week. Remember what I told you about your socks and shirts. Don't forget to keep the basement door locked. Write every day. I'm sure I'll have a lovely time. So good in you to let me go. You must come over after me in August. Forever and ever and ever yours, MAMIE." An hour later Mamie was pained to receive the following reply to her "word or two:" "Don't cable anything from Liverpool. I'm a ruined man if you do. GEORGE."

The Lash as a Civilizer.

From the American Magazine.

Although Mr. Duncan's whole course has been calculated to win the love and confidence of the Metlakathla Indians, his rule has been firm. One of the first public buildings erected was a jail, and the whipping-post became an established institution for the punishment of those who threatened to take life. On one occasion it became necessary to whip a desperately bad man, and the constables were afraid that he would afterward kill the man who applied the lash. Mr. Duncan told them to blindfold him so that he would not know who did the whipping. A handkerchief was tied about his eyes, and the constable took the piece of rope, but he was so nervous that he began to talk. Of course the man recognized his voice. Thereupon Mr. Duncan took the piece of rope from the constable, and, going up to the criminal, said: "I will tell you who is going to whip you; I am going to do it myself; do you understand?" Then he whipped him. The culprit is now one of the best men in Metlakathla.

Getting Acquainted.

From the Boston Herald.

"Why, I did not know that you and that little girl had got acquainted yet," said a Roxbury father to his 6-year-old son, who came in from a walk on the adjoining lawn with the tiny daughter of a new next-door neighbor. "Yes, Clara and I have been 'quainted lots of days," said the very small boy. "What did you say to her first?" asked the father. "Oh, Clara spoke to me first; she came down by the chicken-house and asked me how many prayers I say nights, and I told her, and then I asked her how many prayers she says, and she told me, and then we were acquainted."

BEGUN IN EARNEST.

ACTIVE OPERATIONS ARRANGED BY THE SUNDAY SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

A State Secretary and a Missionary Employed—Personal Pledges to Be Secured From Each Scholar—Monthly Meetings of the Committee—Important Business Transacted Last Night.

The Sunday School work in Missouri was given an impetus that promises to extend over many years, at the meeting of the Executive Committee of the Missouri State Sunday School Association in the Y. M. C. A. rooms last night. The executive is composed of J. H. Parsons, Chairman, Foristell; Elder J. H. Hardin, Canton; Col. J. T. K. Hayward, St. Louis; Wm. Randolph, St. Louis; Samuel Cupples, St. Louis; Rev. B. E. Reed, St. Louis; L. F. Lindsay, St. Louis; Joseph H. Alexander, St. Charles; H. P. Faris, Clinton; J. D. Arms, Tarkio; Joshua Walker, Kansas City; W. H. Reed, Kansas City; O. E. Hannah, Moberly.

Last night there were present Chairman Parsons, Col. Hayward, Rev. Mr. Reed, Jos. H. Alexander, President D. R. Wolfe and Treasurer John H. Spinning. Mr. Parsons presided at the meeting. The first matter brought up was the question of employing a State Secretary. In compliance with the instructions of the recent convention at Clinton, the Chairman was authorized to secure the services of T. S. Rubey of Clinton. Several members of the committee knew Mr. Rubey, and spoke highly of his qualifications. Mr. Rubey is employed with the understanding that he will devote his entire time to the interests of the Association.

A MISSIONARY HIRED.

The missionary work next engaged the attention of the committee, and the chairman was given power to employ a missionary to canvass the State. J. D. Arms of Tarkio was presented as a thoroughly competent man for the place, and on motion he was chosen.

Following the employment of these two the committee passed resolutions establishing regular monthly meetings of the committee on the second Friday of each month, at which reports from the Secretary and Missionary are to be received. These reports are to be submitted weekly by mail to the Chairman, showing the places visited and the work done.

A circular was adopted to be placed in the hands of every superintendent in the State, urging prompt action in making contributions necessary to the expenses for increasing the number of missionaries, so that the entire ficed can be covered by the most efficient missionaries obtainable. Several propositions were made by men well qualified to do good missionary work, but their employment was deferred until the funds for paying them are placed in the hands of the treasurer. Circulars with addressed envelopes will be sent to every school in the State, furnishing a blank for each scholar, which he is to fill out, stating the amount he will pledge to help the State work. The scholar's name is to be signed to this paper. The superintendent of the school will collect these blanks and forward them to Treasurer Spinning, 217 North Main street, St. Louis. The school contributing the largest sum in proportion to membership will be awarded the banner for liberality. The committee urges every school to place its annual contribution in the hands of the Treasurer as soon as possible as the most effective country work can be done in the summer.

THE WORK BEGUN.

Secretary Rubey is already at work, and for the present will have his headquarters at Clinton. Mr. Arms will commence his labors not later than July 1. His initial work will be in and around Tarkio. The committee will employ more missionaries as soon as they get the money, and hope in a few years to have the State as well organized as things are in the State across the river. Thanks to the Sunday-school concert of last spring the committee is enabled to place two men at work now by means of the proceeds from the concert.

The outlook for a revival of Sunday-school work was never so good. President Wolfe declared that the apathy is being shaken off and the State is awakening to the importance of the work. There has never been such a burying of denominational differences. The energy spent for so many years in discussing dogmas and doctrines is finding a better outlet in carrying on a needed work. Heretofore men have been hired blindly for a certain number of months to do work in the State and have been allowed to go on for months without any report made of their work. Now, however, the committee proposes to actively and carefully supervise operations. The reports of the field workers will have to be submitted weekly and if proper work be not done, other men will be put on.

TAKE a tri[illegible]ssant, sixteen miles in the [illegible]ficently shaded park, m[illegible]s of all kinds to be had. Fare, [illegible] cents. Trains every hour.

SUSPECTED TRAIN ROBBERS.

A Remarkable Verdict—Got a Life Term—Eloped—Texas Topics.

SAN ANTONIO, June 25.—L. Gooden, a street-car driver, was arrested last night on suspicion for the Flatonia train robbery. Bud Woods of Flatonia has been arrested for intimidating a witness. John Otho, Edward Clark and August Schmidt were placed under bonds to appear for examination on July 11. The Coroner's jury in the case of J. W. Hildebrandt, the lawyer who was shot and killed at the Castroville Court-house by Sheriff Thumm, brought in a remarkable verdict to the effect that they could not say who fired the shot.

FORT WORTH, June 25.—The Court last evening overruled the motion for new trial of the case of Hemming, the convicted striker, and he was sentenced to a life-term in the penitentiary. Subsequently it was stated that he had been convicted on perjured testimony.

DALLAS, June 25.—Miss Willie Barber, the 15-year-old daughter of Major Barber, left home last evening to marry R. E. Kanady, Jr., in the Indian Territory. Her father had violently opposed the match and told her to pack up and leave.

AUSTIN, June 25.—The second annual meeting of the State Music Teachers' Association closed last evening.

ERE age comes on with crutch or staff.
Go sit to Strauss for photograph.

TRAIN WRECKER CONVICTED.

A Millionaire's Freak—McNamara Declared Guilty—Fatal Accident—Missouri Matters.

KANSAS CITY, June 25.—Dennis Noonan was convicted last evening for the Missouri Pacific train wrecking in March, 1886. There was conclusive testimony that he misplaced the switch. The meeting of the State Dental Association closed last evening. The next meeting will be held near Warrensburg. Sands Hopkins, a wealthy young man, was fined $200 yesterday for drawing a revolver on a book-keeper at a livery-stable. Alex Campbell committed suicide yesterday afternoon at the residence of his brother by taking strychnine. No cause was assigned.

MONTGOMERY CITY, June 25.—Geo. McNamara was convicted last evening for assault with intent to kill Geo. Woods at the Young School-house, and he was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary.

MEXICO, June 25.—Three men walking on the track yesterday afternoon were run over by a Wabash train near Thompson Station. Two were killed.

PARIS, June 25.—Great interest is manifested in the trial of Glahn for the murder of Judge Hunolt.

IF you would regain your health and strength, use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. 50c at druggists.
HINDERCORNS, the best cure for corns. 15c.

TROUBLE IN THE TERRITORY.

A Serious Outbreak Between Railroad Contractors and Workmen.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 25.—News from the Cherokee Nation reports serious trouble between the contractors and workmen on the new railroad which is being constructed through the Territory. It is stated that three men were killed in a fight last night. The United States Marshal and a posse have started for the scene of the disturbance.

THE MILITIA.

A Call for Armory Funds—First Regiment Property Not All In.

The Cavalry Company having abandoned its tournament is only drilling once a week now. The members are considering the advisability of making a summer trip. A number of invitations have been received from various quarters but the company has not determined to accept any of them. If the troop goes away it will be some time in July for a stay of about ten days.

THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL.

Col. Wm. Bull has received the guns and accoutrements of all the companies except Company B., whose Captain is away. These guns will probably be turned over to him next week and then the whole lot will be shipped to Jefferson City. All of the property, which is in first-class condition, has been stowed away in one set of cases and the damaged property in another. At the last inspection Col. Bull took the factory numbers of the guns in possession of the different companies. He will thus be enabled to place the responsibility for the damage done. Most of the damage is to stocks of the guns. The Adjutant-General will determine whether or not to hold the companies on their bonds for the damage.

RAISING AN ARMORY FUND.

The Armory trustees undertook two weeks ago to raise a fund to maintain the Armory building for the next two years. If nothing is done to pay for the preservation of the premises the building will go to wreck and will eventually be sold for the ground rent. The committee figured that $5,000 would pay the rent and keep everything in good shape, ready to turn over to the militia when it is reorganized as it undoubtedly will be in time. At first it seemed as though there would be no difficulty in raising the sum needed. The first week brought in $2,000 and the second $500 more. Last week another circular was sent out, but the response has not been as prompt or as liberal as the trustees would wish. Those who are most interested in the preservation of the militia have not subscribed at all. The railroads who owe more to the militia than does anyone else, have not as yet subscribed a cent. The trustees think the gentlemen who contributed to the erection of the Armory building should take enough pride in its maintenance to subscribe something to this fund, and that those who did not subscribe to the Armory fund originally owe it to the militia to contribute now. The trustees have contributed money and a great deal of hard work as well. They have not time to personally solicit contributions and they must rely upon circulars and what they bring forth.

THE ARTILLERY CAMP-FIRE.

The St. Louis Light Artillery Association celebrates its retirement from the service of the State this evening by a camp-fire at the old headquarters in the Armory. Invitations have been sent out, but as all the old members may not have been reached the Artillery Company extends a general invitation to every one who has been at any time connected with Battery A to come to Armory Hall this evening. There will be beer and sandwiches, and a jolly time generally.

LIFE AT THE CLUBS.

Summer Departures Affect the Attendance—Lawn Parties and Musical Gatherings.

The clubs are not very active at this season of the year, notwithstanding the fact that the members are forsaken by their families during the summer months. The married men seek recreation on the western roads during the evening hours and the park resorts are generally patronized for dinner and late refreshments. At the Mercantile, down town, however, some of the summer widowers gather of an evening for a rubber of whist or what not, but club life generally is materially affected by the warm season. The St. Louis Club members during the absence of their families dine in small parties between 5 and 6 o'clock, taking a turn in the parks later in the evening. There is always a good attendance at this club on Saturday and Sunday during the earlier period of the summer exodus, and it seldom happens that members join their families in the mountains or at the seashore for more than three or four weeks later in the season. At the other clubs the attendance during the summer is very small unless a special attraction is announced.

THE MARQUETTE.

The Marquette Club has secured the deed to the desirable property on the southwest corner of Grand avenue and Pine street, previously mentioned in the POST-DISPATCH. The syndicate is composed of members of the club and the property will eventually be owned by the club. As already stated in these columns the Marquette Club-house will be opened in time for the fall festivities. It is expected that the alterations will be completed by the 1st of September.

NOTES.

The fete champetre given at the University Club on Thursday evening was a pronounced success. There was a large and fashionable attendance and the grounds were brilliantly illuminated for the occasion. Music was furnished for dancing on the lawn and choice refreshments were served during the evening. The directors may repeat the entertainment at an early date.

The next garden concert at the Liederkranz is announced for the evening of July 2, Saturday next. The Liederkranz entertainments, summer or winter, are always enjoyable and always well attended.

The bowling alleys at the St. Louis Club are still well patronized by the solid element. Some interesting contests are held of an evening.

The Missouri Bicycle Club-house is a pleasant evening resort for the members, and the daily average of attendance is steadily kept up.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR PICNIC.

An Enjoyable Affair Arranged for Next Week—Prizes Offered.

On Thursday next the united lodges of the Knights of Honor of St. Louis and vicinity, some thirty-five lodges in all, will give a picnic at the Fair Grounds.

The occasion is the fourteenth anniversary of the founding of the order, and the object of the picnic is to raise funds to build a supply depot for the Provident Association. The members of the order will be in charge of the affair, and will attend in great numbers. The picnic, which will be one of the most orderly and enjoyable of the season, will be brightened by an attractive, social and athletic programme. There will be horse races, mule races, foot, bicycle and wheelbarrow races, sack, three legs and obstacle racing and many other contests. Valuable prizes will be given to the winners. Entries for the sporting features, which begin at 2:30 p. m., can be made at the headquarters of the executive committee on the grounds.

SICKNESS comes uninvited, and strong men and women are forced to employ means to restore their health and strength; the most successful of all known remedies for weakness, the origin of all disease, is Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier.

ART NOTES.

A letter from Mr. F. W. Ruckstuhl, dated Paris, reports the acceptance of his bust by the jury of the salon. It is his intention to go to Rome for the coming year to prepare a figure for the next salon.

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The same letter says that Barnsley has two excellent pictures in the salon, and speaks of Howe's cattle piece as the best on exhibition.

***

Mr. J. R. Meeker will spend his summer vacation at Waukesha, Wis. Several pupils will accompany him. He is at work at present upon a picture for the coming Exposition.

***

Mr. Eichbaum has just completed a half-length portrait of Gen. Jno. B. Henderson. The figure is represented in a fur-trimmed over-court and winter attire. It is extremely lifelike and fully equals his picture of Judge Treat.

***

Mr. Nicoll Staits has been renovating his studio, an unusual things for artists, and is at work upon a picture for the coming Exposition. Several of his young lady pupils will also exhibit examples of their work.

***

Mr. Edgar Bissell is at work in his summer studio at Barthold Station on the Missouri Pacific Railway.

***

Mr. Geo. Chambers is in the city on a short visit from his summer school in the Tennessee mountains.

ALL sufferers with such chronic ailments as liver disease, dyspepsia, blood diseases, cough, consumption (scrofula of the lungs), and kindred diseases should know that Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is their best friend in such deep affliction. It comes to soothe, alleviate and cure.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

ONSLAUGHT UPON THE DRABELLE LAW AS VOID AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Hearing in General Term of the Circuit Court To-Day on a Demurrer to the New Measure for Reorganizing the Public School Board—The Taxpayers' Petition Demanding an Election Power of the Court to Define New Districts Disputed.

The Circuit Judges met in general term this morning in Court No. 4, suspending all other business for the purpose of hearing the demurrer to the return or answer of the School Board in the Sheehan mandamus proceeding to compel the directors to order an election. Ex-Judge Wm. C. Jones and J. E. McKeighan appeared for Sheehan and the other taxpayers moving in the matter, and the School Board was represented by its attorney, Leo Rassieur. The proceedings lead to a judicial discussion of the Drabelle law, which has just taken effect, and the decision of the Circuit Court will be awaited with interest, although there is little doubt that the case will be appealed to the Supreme Court for a final determination.

THE TAXPAYERS' PETITION.

The taxpayers' petition was first read to the court. It recited the act of the general assembly of 1833 establishing the Board of Public School Directors with the provisions of the act of 1867, amending the charter and providing that seats in the Board should be vacated whenever the ward boundaries were changed. From 1876 to the present time the School Board has been composed of twenty-eight members, one from each of the twenty-eight ward. The acts of 1885 provided that the wards of the city should be laid out and new limits defined by the Municipal Assembly, and that in the event of its failure to act within twelve months the Judges of the Circuit Court should appoint a commission to correct the ward limits. The Circuit Court did so appoint a redistricting commission and the new boundaries were set forth in a report approved by the Circuit Judges in February of the present year. All the boundaries of the wards were changed except the old Third Ward and the Thirteenth Ward known as the Twenty-fourth Ward. The Secretary of the School Board gave notice to the Board of the vacancies to occur by reason of the new boundaries; and the petitioners contended that it became the duty of the Board to order an election, but it failed and refused to do so, wherefore the taxpayers asked the court to grant a writ compelling the Board to do its duty

THE BOARD'S ANSWER.

Mr. Rassieur read the return or answer of the Board. It quoted the provisions of the Drabelle bill which had recently become a law, and which provided for a complete reorganization of the Board, changing the number of directors, the mode of representation and the term of office of each director. It provides for the election of seven directors at large and fourteen directors from fourteen new districts, one from each new district. The law applies to cities containing over 300,000 inhabitants and it provides that the Circuit Court shall define the fourteen new districts for school election purposes. Of the seven directors elected at large four shall serve for four years each and three for two years each. In the districts seven directors shall serve for four years and seven for two years. The law took effect on the 20th on the present month. The Board at a recent meeting authorized its attorney to apply to the Circuit Court for a division of the city into fourteen school districts in accordance with the provisions of the new law and that petition was filed awaiting the action of the court. The answer of the Board also set forth that a school election costs $4,500 and that the next election in the ordinary way would occur the fourth Tuesday in October, after all the local excitement of the fall festivities. To have ordered an election in May last, as the petitioners desired in the teeth of the new law about to take effect, would have been incurring a willful waste of school funds.

A DEMURRER.

Judge Jones presented the following demurrer to the Board's answer:

The Drabelle law, in so far as it undertakes to repeal, change, modify or affect the acts of the Legislature creating the School Board or amending its charter, is void and of no effect, since the title of the act gives no notice, as required by the Constitution, of any such purpose.

The act is unconstitutional and void because, contrary to the Constitution of the State, it contains as shown by the title and provisions of the act more than one subject.

The act is unconstitutional and void because it undertakes to confer and bestow upon the Circuit Court of St. Louis powers and authority not judicial in their character, which, under the Constitution of the State, cannot be lawfully done by an act of the Legislature of the State.

The return of the School Board does not state facts sufficient to prevent the alternative writ being made peremptory for an election.

TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT.

The arguments of counsel were chiefly directed to the powers of the Circuit Court in the matter of defining the new districts. The Judges took the case under advisement and will render a decision before adjournment for the summer.

Notes in Court.

The Court of Appeals met this morning and announced that the adjournment for the summer would be taken on Saturday, July 9th. Judge Rombauer is in Colorado, looking after his mining interests.

The default divorce laundry will be at work under the dome next week, when all the knots requiring a severance before adjournment for the summer will receive attention from the Circuit Judges.

The Corlett divorce case in Judge Dillon's court was dismissed to-day by the plaintiff. The divorce docket of No. 4 for the June term is now disposed of.

Mrs. Anna Shannahan has entered a suit in the Circuit Court for $3,100 damages against E. Fishback. She conducted a dressmaking and notion business on her own account at 2930 Chouteau avenue and she complains that the defendant's agents ejected her when she was in delicate health and placed her goods upon the street. One of her children died from exposure.

A DELIGHTFUL ride to Forest Park can be had over the Cable and Narrow Gauge Railroad. Every train makes connections at King's highway. Fare, 10 cents. Trains every hour.

SPEED SLEEPS.

Death of President Lincoln's Old Friend and Adviser.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 25.—Gen. James Speed, whose serious illness was announced in these dispatches several weeks ago, died at 3:15 a. m., at his home in this county. For a year past he had suffered much from general debility. He was in his 76th year.

The deceased lived a life free from those stirring incidents that came to so many men in the time he was in his prime. Born in Jefferson County, Kentucky, in 1812, he graduated at St. Joseph's College, studied law at Transylvania University, and began the practice at Louisville in 1833. He was always an Emancipationist, but steadily pursued his practice which grew large in a few years and continued lucrative. He was a man of good common sense and attracted the attention of Abraham Lincoln of whom he became

A FAST FRIEND.

Speed was a member of the Legislature in 1847, and a State Senator in 1861. In Lincoln's second term he was made Attorney-General by his old friend to succeed Judge Bates of Missouri. He held that position from November, 1864, to July, 1866. He was the Government's legal adviser during the Surratt trial, and it was his legal knowledge that established in a famous decision the right to try the conspirators by court-martial. On retiring from the Cabinet he was in the same year elected president of the Philadelphia Loyalist Convention. Of late years he has not been much before the public.

Tower Grove Park Concert.

A sacred concert will be given at Tower Grove Park by Postlewaite's Military Band, to-morrow, Sunday, commencing at 4 p. m. The programme is as follows:

March, "Tower Grove Park"	Postlewaite
Overture, "Rip Van Winkle"	Brooks
Waltz, "Immer Flott"	Resch
Selections from the "Beggar Student"	Meyrelles
"The Old Grenadier"	A. Wagner
Overture, "Semiramide"	Rossini
Selection from "Il Trovatore"	Verdi
Soldaten Abschied	Neibig
Adelaide	Beethoven
Souvenir Polka	Herzog
Larghetto	Mozart
Comic Patrol	Hindley

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Edwardsville, Ill., June 24.—Our young Postmaster, Mr. J. B. Dale, was married last evening at 8 o'clock to Miss Rebecca, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Evans. The ceremony took place at the St. John's M. E. Church, the pastor, Rev. J. B. Thompson, officiating. The church was beautifully decorated for the occasion and crowded with many interested friends of the bride and groom, who are both members of old families here and well and widely known.

Bunker Hill, Ill., June 25.—Mr. James Lupe, Dr. Nidelet, John Scudder and Judge Davis, all of St. Louis, are guests of Mr. John A. Davis of this place.——Davis Ober of Laclede County, Mo., is in the city visiting his mother.——Miss Delia Henry will succeed J. C. Wright as assistant postmaster at this place.——Mrs. Dr. E. L. Spencer is visiting St. Louis friends.——John Tirrill of St. Louis was a guest of W. P. Dickies, this week.——Mrs. Sanborn left on Tuesday to visit friends in Vermont.——Wm. Kassel and wife of Wichita, Kan., are visiting the latter's father, the Rev. Koeneke, at this place.——Mr. Matt Gaunt and Philip Froelich are in the city this week.——Mrs. C. A. Bartels and Miss Grisi Gaunt are visiting friends in St. Louis this week.——Mr. D. I. Blank of St. Louis is visiting friends here.——Mrs. Davidson and daughters, Misses Nettie and Katie of St. Louis, are here for the summer.——Will E. Spangenberg of Chicago is visiting his parents at this place.——A. W. Yancy went to Vincennes, Ind., on Monday on legal business.——Edward Taylor and wife of St. Louis are at the Monument House.——Miss Mamie Dorsey of Carlinville is a guest of Miss Lula Yancey.——Dr. Steele's family of St. Louis will spend the summer at Mrs. Sanborn's at this place.——The Rev. Philip McKim has severed his connection with Christ Church of this place.——George F. Harrington, Superintendent of Schools, last week held a two days' examination at this place.——John E. McKinney and mother of St. Louis are visiting friends here.——P. H. Dorsey of Gillespie is in the city.

Mt. Vernon, Ill., June 24.—The entertainment given by Miss Cora Davis, the little 5-year-old daughter of Rev. Davis, at Stratton's Hall was a complete success, the house being well crowded. She rendered nine different pieces in the most charming manner for one so young. Every one who heard her was astonished at the ease with which she rendered her performance.——Mrs. R. B. Hoyt, who has been spending the few past months in St. Louis, has returned home.——G. B. Leonard and wife have returned home from their wedding tour.——Mr. Forbes of Eastern Ohio is visiting his brother, Charlie Forbes, in this city.——J. M. Chance of Sedalia, Mo., is the guest of J. D. Chance and family this week.——Joe Porterfield of Fairfield, Ill., spent a day or two in this city last week.——There is considerable talk of having electric lights for this city. If the City Council would adopt this plan of lighting the city, instead of the old way, it would be a great improvement.——The chinch-bugs in this section of the country are doing a great deal of damage to the corn crop, and unless rain comes soon to kill them there will be a short crop of corn.——Prof. W. C. Barnhart, Professor of Schools at Peoria, Ill., is spending a few days at home.——There will be a band concert in Stratton's Hall June 26, to be given by the L. S. B. boys. The proceeds will be used to buy new belts to complete the uniforms of the band.——Prof. D. B. Parkinson and family of Carbondale are visiting relatives in this city.

Ferguson, Mo., June 24.—What came very near being a fatal accident, occurred at the handsome new home of Mrs. Schenck, this morning at 8 o'clock. Her daughter, Miss Josie Schenck, went into the kitchen to superintend preparations for breakfast, when happening near the gasoline stove, it suddenly blazed out in all directions, setting fire to the kitchen and burning Miss Schenck severely. The family ran to her assistance and the flames were extinguished after doing damage to the amount of $10 or $15 to the kitchen and burning Miss Schenck painfully about the face and arms. The accident was caused by the servant filling the tank too full, and the gasoline having run out all over the stove, ignited when the burners were lighted.——Work on the railroad bridge near the depot is rapidly nearing completion. It is being widened for the purpose of laying a double track, and when finished will be one of the finest structures on the Wabash road. The sandstone used for its construction is brought here from Iowa.——Miss Ollie Mitchell of St. Louis is visiting Miss Ella Tiffin.——The crop prospects in this vicinity are excellent, though there is almost a total dearth of fruit.

Columbia, Mo., June 24.—Rev. Dr. Witherspoon of New Orleans preached in the Methodist Church Sunday night. He is traveling through the country in the interest of the Seamen's Bethel in New Orleans.——A. J. Rummans, policeman at the university, is authorized by the Board of Trustees to act as deputy marshal of the town.——This is a fine fruit year in Boone County. A good promise for peaches, the first in several years, an abundance of small fruit and berries and plenty of apples of excellent quality.——Col. S. Turner will deliver a Fourth of July oration at Centralia.——Eight hundred students attended the University of Missouri this year. Average of males over 20 years of age and females over 18 years of age. One hundred and seventy-nine diplomas were given. Thirteen States and three foreign countries were represented.——Gen. Odon Guitar and James H. Waugh have been to St. Louis in the interest of the Central Missouri.——Elders N. Hockensmith, J. B. Jones, W. A. Oldham and Mrs. Prof. O. A. Carr attended the Sunday-school convention at Moberly.——Mrs. Niel Marshall has returned home to Unionville, Mo., accompanied by Miss Anita Banks, her sister.——Dr. M. M. Fisher and Paul Paquin, Profs. Allen, E. M. Goldberg, W. B. Smith and J. Ficklin are at Sweet Springs attending the State Teachers' Association.——The rain Monday night was much needed for the growing crops and did no injury to the wheat in the shocks as it was followed by bright sunshine.——The Columbia Post-office has been advanced to the second class.——G. W. Lytchliter's residence was burglarized Monday night to the extent of $12.——C. B. Bollins and Gen. J. B. Douglas returned home Saturday.——Prof. Schuerman and Prof. Jones left for Sweet Springs Wednesday.——Jas. Davis has returned to St. Louis, where he is engaged in the Laclede Pharmacy.——Leslie Strawn has been to visit his mother, who is in Denver, Col., for her health.——Mrs. P. Peyinghouse of St. Louis is visiting her parents here.——Extensive street improvements ure being made through the town. New streets are being opened; many new additions in the way of building lots are added; the city in every direction is encroaching upon the farms.

St. Charles, Mo., June 25.—Last Tuesday a social party of young ladies and gentlemen, composed of Misses Mary and Lizzie Powells, Mary Nelson, Mona Held, Jassie and Annie Alexander and Virgie Jackson, Messrs. John and Chester Powells, Wright Johnson, J. Tate, Daniel Ostell, Joseph Hercules, Profs. M. H. Myer, Goodlett and Whitehead, with Mrs. David Shultz, Mrs. Joseph Alexander and Mrs. Moulton, left this city in busses to pass a few days in camp at Chouteau Smith's Lake and returned home to-day.——Miss Virgie Jackson of St. Louis is the guest of the Misses Powells in this city.——Miss Mona Held of Dardenne, Mo., is visiting Mrs. David Shultz at this place.——Mr. J. Tate of Waco, Tex., is visiting friends in this city.——Mrs. W. Uhrian and her daughter, Mrs. Albert Guion of Denison, Tex., is visiting friends in this city.——Mr. George Hecker and bride return to Litchfield, Ill., Friday from a pleasant bridal tour.——Miss Emma Clifford of Clarksville, Mo., has been the guest of Miss Della Keller the past week.——Lodge No. 7, colored Masonic, held their installation of officers at the Opera-house Friday night.——Mrs. Annie Shannon and daughter, Miss May, a graduate this year of the Sacred Heart, left Friday night on their return home to Kansas City.——Mr. P. O'Rourke of Kansas City, was in this city Friday, returning the same night with his daughter, who has been attending the Academy of the Sacred Heart, the past year.

Brighton, Ill., June 24.—Mrs. Hackenthal has gone to Clinton, Io., to remain until September. Her daughter Katie accompanies her.——Mrs. Dar Wales spent Thursday and to-day in Delhi.——Mr. Joe Turner returned this morning from Newport, Ark., after an absence of several months.——Rev. Trainer arrived from Indianapolis, Ind., on Thursday and will take charge of the Catholic Church during Rev. Metzler's sojourn in Europe.——Miss Nellie Collins closes her select school to-day.——Some of our citizens were in attendance at the Masonic picnic at Carlinville to-day.——A much needed slow, but copious shower of aqua pura has been falling this evening, which will be welcomed by the farmers and everybody around.

The French Fete.

The Executive Committee of the French National Fete held a regular meeting last evening at Christen's Hall, 620 Locust street. Several of the recently appointed sub-committees were present and reported progress in the arrangements for the fete. Owing to the failure of several of the singers invited to participate in the exercises to definitely accept, the completion of the programme was deferred until the next meeting, when it will be positively announced.

REST AND WATER.

THE PRIVILEGES TO BE BESTOWED UPON ST. LOUISANS TO-MORROW.

The First Day of the Enforcement of the Sunday Law—What Will Be Permitted and What Will Be Forbidden—Occupations Which Will Be Compelled to Cease—The Mode of Procedure to Be Adopted by the Chief of Police—Attitude of the Liquor Interests Toward the Law.

There is every prospect that nature will assist St. Louisans to tide over to-morrow with little discomfort. The atmosphere is saturated with moisture to-day and promises to contain a big share of it to-morrow. While external dampness is a poor substitute for that inward condition of supreme satisfaction consequent upon having taken aboard what is known as a comfortable load, yet it is the best that can be offered, for to-morrow will be internally considered a dry Sunday.

COUNSELLOR BELL

and the Police Board having reconsidered the question of the date on which the repeal of the law of 1857 would go into effect, the order of the Board requiring the Chief of Police to enforce the law was suspended until the 26th of June, which is to-morrow. The order of the Board requires the Chief of Police to close saloons, beer gardens, theaters, base ball parks and other places of amusement where admission fees are charged. The law of 1857 permitted the municipal authorities in St. Louis County to permit the sale of wine and beer on any day in the week, and its repeal brought into effect in this city the old Sunday law on this, which forbids all occupations not works of necessity or charity, and particularly the sale of liquors on Sunday, and also the Downing law, which applies to liquor selling in particular. When Counsellor Bell was asked his opinion as to what effect the repeal had with regard to the Sunday law, he not only mentioned the sale of liquors as forbidden, but he also referred to theaters, base ball parks and places of amusement as especially interdicted by the law. The Police Board on this opinion mentioned all of these places in the order to the Chief of Police.

WHAT IS FORBIDDEN

Later Counsellor Bell gave a list of occupations he considered exempted under the necessity clause, which included bakeries, barber-shops, baths, cabs, hackney coaches, carriages, omnibuses, baggage wagons, drug stores, gas and electric light companies, hotels, ice dealers, laundries, livery stables and undertakers, meatshops, milk depots, newspapers, physicians, restaurants, street cars, telegraph and ticket-offices. The Board, however, instead of acting on the negative advice thus given and enforcing the law against all other occupations, rested on the original opinions and only forbade the sale of wine, beer and distilled liquors and the opening of public amusement places for gain.

Since the order was issued numbers of questions have been asked as to what would be closed and the lives of the members of the Board have been made burdensome answering them. Vice-President Blair, who voices the sentiments of the Board, has given assurances that only those occupations mentioned in the order would be molested. This leaves in addition to the business mentioned as exempted almost any kind of stores, groceries where no liquor is sold, cigar and news stands, other occupations innocent in themselves free to open on Sunday. The order will be strictly adhered to, and there need be no fear of interruption by others. "Among other amusements," of course, billiard halls are included and will be closed.

THE MODE OF PROCEEDURE

in accordance with which the Chief-of-Police will be instructed to act contemplates the positive closing of forbidden places, and there will be no such thing as formal arrests under which bonds can be given and the occupation continued during the rest of the day. Chief Huebler is instructed to close the places if it takes twenty arrests to do so, and every time a saloon or base ball park or theater is opened the police will make arrests of all those connected with the place, and each cause of arrest counts as a separate offense. This rule was laid down emphatically by Vice-President Blair in a chat with a POST-DISPATCH reporter with regard to the action to be taken should an attempt be made by President Von der Ahe of the Browns to play the game with the Cleveland nine at Sportsman's Park arranged for to-morrow. In this view of the case it will be impossible for any saloon or beer garden or theater to keep open or for any game of ball to be played out. It may be taken as a foregone conclusion, therefore, that all such places will positively be closed to-morrow, and Chief Huebler says the back doors of saloons will be guarded as closely as front doors.

As to amusements which are not conducted for gains such as base ball games for fun, gun club shoots, athletic contests, excursions or picnics, there will be no interference. The city has no supervision of steamboats, and hence, they can give excursions or sell liquor as far as the city is concerned

THE LIQUOR INTERESTS.

As soon as the enforcement of the law came up the brewers and saloon-keepers gave it careful consideration, and the former proposed to the latter to close all saloons except one, which would be opened for the purpose of making a test case. Their proposition was acceded to by the saloon-keepers and a resolution was adopted to that effect. The brewers have adopted a resolution asking all saloon-keepers to close to-morrow and every Sunday until the test case is decided. The place selected to make the case is Schnaider's Garden, which will be opened to-morrow for this purpose, Mr. Schnaider consenting to do so.

It is probable that the experiment of Sunday closing will be a thorough one to-morrow and that all forbidden places will be closed. The test case in base ball will be made in all probability later and theaters will not attempt contests until the regular season opens. The Police Commissioners say that the order may be modified hereafter, as cases are brought to their notice. Several restaurants with saloons attached to them will close altogether, and among them is Tony Faust's restaurant, as the proprietor says it will not pay him to keep his restaurant open.

LIQUOR SERVING IN HOTELS.

Prosecuting Attorney Claiborne, discussing the decision of the New York State Supreme Court that hotels could sell liquor to their guests on Sunday, stated this afternoon that the law of this State did not attempt to prohibit the sale of liquor by hotels and restaurants. They certainly had a right to supply their guests with wine or liquor with their meals and he did not think it was in the power of the Legislature to pass a law prohibiting them from doing so. The Missouri law merely applied to the sale of liquor by dramshops and not to its service with meals at hotels and restaurants. Maj. McGinnis, the brewers' attorney, coincided with his views. This will give all hotels and restaurants the privilege of serving liquor with meals, and no doubt their Sunday trade in this line will be very large. Saloons having restaurants attached will have to close their bars, but can keep their restaurants open.

THE stars are floating isles of light,
Strauss's photos please the sight.

North St. Louis.

M. J. Murphy, Harbor and Wharf Commissioner, will make an inspection on Monday of the North St. Louis lumber landings, to decide what points need protection from future overflows.

The Union Labor Club, with a large membership, has reorganized and has been holding meetings at Brinkmeyer's Hall, Broadway and Destrehan, but a committee has been appointed to look for new rooms.

Evergreen Lodge No. 4, Knights and Ladies of Industry, meeting at Thirteenth and Wright streets will, at its meeting to-night be visited by Monitor, Unity, Missouri and Mound City lodge members and also the Grand President and his staff.

At the next meeting of Branch No. 2, Journeymen Painters' Union, there will be quite an interesting programme. The friends of the union will present its members with a United States flag, after which there will be a banquet, speeches, etc. This union is well satisfied with existing wages and has 165 active members.

At its next session, July 1, Aurora Lodge, Knights of Honor, meeting at Kron's Hall, Twentieth and Bissell streets, will be entertained by Dr. Geo. W. Hall, who will tell what he has seen in his recent travels to the birthplace and tombs of the first American Generals and to other points of history.

HEAVEN is centered in a kiss,
But Strauss's photographs are bliss.

CHANCE OF TIME OF LEAVING.

The Grand Free Excursion to Las Vegas, N. M., will leave St. Louis Union Depot on Monday, June 27, at 8:30 p. m., instead of Sunday, the 26th, as advertised.

(This is done in order to join the Western Kansas excursionists and all go together.) 2,000 Beautiful Residence Lots in Las Vegas, lying directly on the main boulevard leading from the city to the famous Las Vegas Hot Springs, will be sold at auction June the 30th. Terms—One-third cash, one-third one and one-third two years, at 6 per cent, or 10 per cent off for all cash.

Tickets Only $44 to Las Vegas Hot Springs and Return,

Good for 90 days. All who buy lots and pay as much as $250 cash will have their railroad fare, including sleepers both ways, REFUNDED IN CASH. We will be received in Las Vegas in royal style—bands of music, FREE lunch, FREE beer, FREE carriages to and from the grounds. After the sale, free banquet and ball at the finest opera-house west of Kansas City. In addition to this, Las Vegas will give a grand Fourth of July celebration. On July 5 a grand free excursion from Las Vegas to Santa Fe, the capital of the Territory and the oldest city in the United States. We cross the main range of the Rocky Mountains, view the old Pecos Church, over 400 years old. Also, the birthplace of Montezuma and the battlefield of the Apache Canyon, and hundreds of other interesting sights, as well as Mexican bull fights, dances, games, burro races and curiosities too numerous to mention. For further particulars address

FITZGERRELL & HINSON, 512 N. Third Street, St. Louis.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

The Senate Passes the Railroad Committee's Bill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, June 25.—The face of nearly every Senator is now aglow with enthusiasm and joy over the passage of the committee railroad bill, which took place at 11:25 o'clock, by the following vote:

YEAS—Allen, Ball, Castleman, Claycomb, Downing, Gideon, Hazell, Hunter, Jacobs, Johnson of Madison; Johnson of Montgomery; Mackey, Mansfield, Moran, Parcher, Proctor, Saltonstall, Seabourn, Searey, Sebree, Sheldon, Simrall, Smith, Sparks of Cass; Sparks of Johnson; Taggart, Wood. Total, 27.

NOES—Davisson, Ryers. Total, 2.

ABSENT—Kelly, Kerwin, Ketchum, McGinniss, Webster. Total, 5.

While the bill was up for a third reading Senator Ryors made a long and tedious speech against its passage, but his remarks were devoid of spirit or enthusiasm. During its delivery scarcely a half dozen Senators were at any time listening to the argument of the Senator from Osage. At its conclusion, Senator Davisson made a fruitless attempt to explain reasons why he should vote against the bill, but the adoption of the previous question cut him off. There was a perfect uproar in the Senate before taking the vote. Ball, Johnson of Montgomery, and Hazell were all anxious to be heard, but the Chair ordered the roll call to proceed amidst the confusion. The call had proceeded to the Js, when scarcely a Senator had answered, quiet having been partially restored, and several points of order sustained. The call began anew and proceeded quietly until Senator Downing's name was reached. That Senator answered with

A LOUD "AYE."

Then there was a general clapping of hands. Gideon's name was overlooked and he called aloud to the Secretary that he desired to vote. His name was re-called, and the Senator responded with a vigorous "aye." There was another clapping of hands, and remarks were heard all around: "That sends Gideon to Congress from the Springfield District at the next election." When Senator Parcher's name was called he answered in so low a tone that the Secretary did not catch his vote. The Senator, however, had his vote recorded in the affirmative. Senator Moran answered in one of his peculiarly low-toned "ayes" that brought forth a hearty laugh throughout the Senate. The Senate adjourned till Monday at 3 o'clock in five minutes after the passage of the bill. The Senate also passed the House deficiency bill and Hicklin's bill requiring railroad companies to connect their lines with switches and to furnish cars to shippers and permitting shippers to furnish their own cars in certain cases.

THE HOUSE

spent the entire forenoon considering amendments offered to Richardson's substitute bill, known here as the "swamp angel." Two or three unimportant amendments were agreed to. A number were offered and either withdrawn or defeated. One of those voted down was an amendment limiting the Board of Railroad Commissioners to members of the same political party. The further discussion of the bill was then postponed till Monday at 2:30 o'clock, to which time the House adjourned to meet.

HANDLED WHEAT.

A Cleveland Banking Firm Forced to the Wall by the Wheat Break.

CLEVELAND, O., June 25.—Messrs. E. A. Crumb and George O. Baslington, bankers and brokers in the Mercantile Bank building, at the corner of Bank and Superior streets, assigned this morning for the benefit of creditors. The failure grows out of the wheat panic in Chicago. Persons for whom Messrs. Crumb & Baslington were doing business, failed to meet the claims on them, and the present action is taken to protect creditors. The firm takes a cheerful view of the situation, however, and they hope to adjust matters and resume business soon. The firm began banking and brokerage business some fifteen years ago. Neither Crumb nor Baslington are to be found, and it is impossible to state the amount involved in the failure.

An Important Meeting.

Ivory Lodge of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, meeting at Broadway and Salisbury street, will have the most important meeting in its history next Saturday night. At the meeting Fred Turner the local representative to Pittsburg will make his report, and a decision as to the new scale will be arrived at. The decision is important and is anxiously awaited for the reason that it not only affects a small army of men, but also the manufacturers. At Pittsburg the manufacturers pointedly rejected the new scale of the Association, and a strike now seems probable, and it is expected to spread over the country generally. The scale goes into effect here next Friday morning, and as some of the larger mills propose to continue at work after that time it is the impression that the manufacturers will meet the new figures.

Second District Court.

Twenty-two cases were called this morning: John Price was fined $10 for trespass. Eddie Ryan and Albert Schwartz $10 each, and Ed McGeyncey and Willie Hogan $5 each, for disturbing the peace. Max L. Gumpert and Zacharian Goodman of the Knights of the Golden Rule appeared and their cases were dismissed on costs, and all the other court cases growing out of the Lightstone Hall fight were withdrawn.

Sundry Stealings.

While Lotta Williams, colored, living at No. 1325 North Tenth street, was at a fire on Ninth and Howard streets, yesterday afternoon, she was robbed of four gold rings and a pocket-book containing 50 cents.

Four coils of lead pipe were stolen on the night of the 23d inst. from the cellar of Mr. Prelle, corner Fourth and Plum streets.

Charles Richter's store, No. 822 North Ninth street, was broken into last night and fourteen pairs of shoes stolen.

That Dynamite Plot.

Detectives Desmond and Lawler were at work to-day on the supposed dynamite explosion at Dr. Buck's residence on Jefferson avenue, but were unable to learn anything new in the matter. It is the intention of the police to keep men on the case until something is discovered and the cause of the explosion learned. They believe it to be a dynamite plot, and if the perpetrators are discovered it is apt to go hard with them.

New Warrants.

Matt Gorman is charged with assaulting to kill Ed Quinn.

Henry Burke is in jail on a charge of stealing a package of cigarettes from Louis Krueger of 3928 Easton avenue.

A. Glant charges Charles London with the larceny of a knife.

Dennis Reiley is accused of stealing three boxes of cigars from B. H. Jaspers of 2023 North Broadway.

Picnic Postponed.

Owing to the inclement weather the picnic of the Boilermakers and Sheet-Iron Workers' Union set for to-morrow has been postponed until July 10. The tickets for to-morrow will be good on the day set. The picnic will take place at Queen's Lake.

He Must Go Up.

In the Criminal Court this morning, Judge Normile overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Michael Gilmore, convicted of murder in the second degree, and whose punishment was assessed at fifty years in the penitentiary.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A Negro Killed and a White Boy Injured in the Wabash Yards.

A fatal accident occurred this morning in the upper yards of the Wabash. About 6:25 o'clock two colored men, named Cicero Warner and Ephraim Christian, and a white boy named Robert Lee were standing on the Wabash track watching an outgoing Chicago, Burlington & Quincy freight train, when an incoming Wabash freight, the approach of which they did not hear, bore down upon them. The train consisted of about ten cars which were being pushed by a switch engine. The rear car struck Warner square in the back and knocked him right across the track, the wheels passing over his body which was mangled in a frightful manner. He died almost at once. Lee was knocked sideways and fell with his left foot on the track. His heel was badly crushed by the wheel, but it is not thought that amputation will be necessary. Christian was standing a short distance behind his companions when the accident occurred and managed to jump to one side just in time to save himself. Warner's remains were taken to Kurrus' undertaking establishment and an inquest was held by Coroner Woods this afternoon. Lee was taken to the Relay Reading Rooms, where his injury was attended to by a physician and he was then sent to the Wabash Hospital in St. Louis.

Cicero Warner, the negro killed, was 21 years of age and came here from Topeka, Kan., where he has an uncle, a brother and a sister living. They were notified by telegraph of the fate which had befallen him. Robert Lee, the young white boy injured, came here from Shelbyville, Ill., where he has relatives living, both his parents being dead. Ephraim Christian, the only fortunate one of the trio, hails from Copiah County, Mississippi.

Edward Woods was arrested last night for endeavoring to start a fight with a stranger in Hicks & Vogel's saloon, on Dyke avenue.

William Hazel, a stranger, was arrested last evening for disturbing the peace. His disturbance consisted in his endeavor to soothe his troubled soul by the melody which he produced from a jew's harp. Should the charge against Hazel stick, it is likely that similar charges will be preferred by numerous citizens against "the lady who plays the piano next door."

Mr. C. B. Carroll is getting up a complete directory of the city.

The settlement proposed by Frank B. Bowman, administrator of the estate of ex-Mayor John B. Bowman, to Lydia C. Bowman, widow of the deceased, was not satisfactory, and she yesterday announced her intention of continuing to fight her claim in the courts.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Attorney-General B. G. Boone is at the Laclede.

J. M. Seibert, State Treasurer, is at the Laclede.

J. E. Riddeik, Circuit Judge of Arkansas, is at Hurst's.

James Shul, Buffalo; H. X. Deandorf, A. Schall, Topeka; J. D. Isaacs, F. M. Martin, Chicago; and J. H. Eldridge, Detroit, are at Hurst's.

W. H. Winfield, Texarkana; Wm. Atward, El Paso; J. W. Parker and wife, Atchison; A. P. Stoddard, Dayton, O.; M. Hall, Ottawa, Kas., are at the Laclede.

W. P. D. Fleming, Hutchinson, Kan.; J. D. Isaacs, Chicago, Ill.; Samuel M. Hart, Racine, Wis.; Judge J. E. Reddick, Gainesville, Ark.; A. Schall, Topeka, Kan.; H. X. Devendorf, are at Hurst's.

At the Planters' are V. S. Lary, Jersey City; A. Brans, Indianapolis; S. H. Moses, Troy; H. E. Kuegman, New York; John A. Broadus, Louisville; George L. Hodges, Denver, and L. M. Dillman, Chicago.

Miss Nannie Sullivan, Kansas City; Chas. A. Davis, Cleveland; P. H. Gallagher, Paris, Tex.; P. E. Benedict, Los Angeles; Jas. B. Parker, Chillicothe, O., and L. D. Perkins and wife of Columbus, Ky., are at the St. James.

Dr. Alex. Johnson and son, Mrs. Sherer and daughter, Tampa, Fla.; F. M. King and wife, Indianapolis; L. D. McGlashon, DeSoto, Mo.; Joseph H. Alexander, banker, St. Charles, Mo.; C. H. Whitaker, editor Eagle, Macomb, Ill., are at Hotel Hunt.

Chas. R. Ray, E. H. Bliss, T. C. Russell, Chas. G. Uhlmann, W. M. Sperry, New York; J. J. Cromwell, J. D. Lit, Philadelphia; Mrs. R. Beach, Miss Brewster, Cincinnati; E. A. Riffel, New Orleans; J. N. Murray, Cleveland; B. F. Freeman, Detroit; W. H. Goodrow, E. C. Quensel, Chicago; W. H. Hurd, Boston; Harry Brown, Pittsburg, and Geo. G. Latta, Hot Springs, are at the Lindell.

W. A. Ramsey, Adolph Plate, F. V. Greene, Geo. H. Russell, E. Papper, A. Bolinger, T. T. Farras, R. L. Woods, Jr., Jas. Ferguson, Jno. Levenson and A. J. Pearlman, New York; H. B. Duke, Hunter Crittenden, Kansas City; Jesse Warren, Philadelphia; F. D. Helmer, Chicago; Mrs. G. W. Skinner, Denver; Hy. Root, San Francisco; F. G. Burke, Dallas; W. F. Peterson, Wheeling; F. G. Topliff, Brooklyn; W. H. Folsom, Louisville; B. T. Barry, Corsicana; James, Mrs., Miss and James Sweeny, Jr., of New Orleans are at the Southern.

CITY PERSONALS.

Miss Rowena Kelly will visit relatives in New York before her return to St. Louis in the fall.

Miss Maud Currie has returned home after a visit to her uncle, J. C. Currie of New York City.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel Swope, with their little daughter and nurse, will spend the summer in Colorado.

Miss Sadie Peddle of New York will spend some time with her cousin, Miss Minnie Rines of Garrison avenue.

Mr. John Nickerson and family left for California last night for a visit to Mr. Nickerson's mother, Mrs. H. C. King.

The wedding of Mr. Edward B. Wolff of Cote Brilliante to Miss Gail Yourtree of Shaw place in October next is announced.

Mrs. Sol J. Quinlivan, accompanied by her daughter, Mary E., has gone to Jacksonville, Ill., for the summer, visiting Mrs. John Kane.

Miss Josie Eberle, accompanied by Mrs. John Boepple, are visiting Eureka Springs, Ark. They are guests of Mrs. E. B. Lowmann.

Mrs. S. A. Dougan has left for Kansas City, from whence, with her niece, Mrs. J. R. Murphy of that place, and others, she will take an extended tour through the West.

Ira Mulock, Canon City, Col.; G. W. Williams, Buffalo, N. Y.; Gurney Ward and wife, New York City; W. O. Cloyd, Springfield, Ill.; N. R. Whittaw, Pryor Creek, I. T., are at the Everett House.

Geo. P. Maule's Death.

News was received here yesterday of the death of Geo. P. Maule, which occurred in British Columbia. Mr. Maule was out prospecting and was caught in a landslide and killed. The deceased was well known in this city, being for a long time connected with the Missouri Pacific as conductor, and afterwards with the Wabash as general baggage agent. He was a member of the Elks' Lodge and had a large circle of acquaintances in the city and State. His family reside at Kirkwood, but Mr. Maule was for two years past engaged in business in the Northwest.

One More Unfortunate.

About 7 o'clock last evening a young woman about 20 years of age, giving the name of Annie Kavanaugh, called at the Fourth District Station with a child about 6 months old in her arms, and stated that she was sick and destitute and would like to be sent to the City Hospital. She said she had been betrayed by a man who promised to marry her, but deserted her and left the city. Since then she had been living among strangers, but now that she was sick no one would keep her. She was sent to the City Hospital.

Bucket-Shop Tax-Bill Vetoed.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 25.—Gov. Hill has vetoed the bill imposing a tax upon bucket-shops.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 00
Three months	2 00
One month	65
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
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THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
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POST-DISPATCH,
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TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	501
Business Office	553

TEN PAGES.

SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1887.

Subscribers leaving the city during the summer months can have the POST-DISPATCH *mailed to them at regular rates by notifying the carrier or by leaving their address at the office of the* POST-DISPATCH, *515 and 517 Market street.*

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 8 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Fair weather, except local rains in the eastern portion; easterly winds; nearly stationary temperature.

THE Merchants' Terminal has had a hearing, and the prospect of a new bridge improves.

TO-MORROW will be dry Sunday and the oldest inhabitant of St. Louis will fail to recognize his favorite haunts.

THE time to subscribe for the Illumination Fund is now. The arrangements must be made beforehand and time is nearly up.

ALL the saloons will be closed to-morrow. Disappointed patrons are requested to take the amount they intended to spend in drinks and send it to Chairman MOFFITT of the Illumination Fund.

IT will be interesting to watch how many of the alleged 100,000 Catholics of New York who "denounced" the action of the Pope in condemning MCGLYNN will follow MCGLYNN after he has been excommunicated.

IT is admitted on all hands that the new British peers are an inferior article, but they must be a bad lot indeed if they are not better than the British peer as we have learned to know him from the records of the divorce court.

YESTERDAY'S experience on the Stock Exchange should teach all gamblers in stocks that before trading on JAY GOULD'S death it would be safer to wait until he is in his coffin. Even then it would not be safe, as he might feel like getting out of the coffin to buy a few cheap stocks.

D. R. LOCKE has been weaned from the bottle long enough to make the flag question the theme of another Nasby letter. Now look out for Private DALZELL and ELIZA PINKSTON. There is evidently a conspiracy to prop open the cemetery gates and turn loose on the country all the grisly and gibbering ghosts of the Reconstruction period.

MR. O'MALLEY seems to have found the St. Louis theaters too much crowded for his comfort during recent seasons, and he has introduced an ordinance prohibiting managers from blocking up theater aisles and lobbies with camp stools. Mr. O'MALLEY will probably soon call the attention of the Municipal Assembly to the overcrowding of our churches.

W. T. FOSTER, the Ohio weather prophet, published on the 14th inst. a prediction that Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa would be swept by a cold wave between sundown on the 18th and the 20th. The cool wave that has been with us for three or four days past covered a much larger territory and came several days too late to verify his prediction, as last Sunday and Monday were among the hottest days ever known in the section referred to.

GEN. DRUM volunteered and served as a private in the Mexican war until he was given a lieutenancy in the regular infantry in 1847, for meritorious services. Rising from the ranks to his present position as Brigadier and Adjutant General, he has served in the army of the United States for thirty-one years, to be denounced at last for disloyalty to the Union cause by editors and politicians who hired substitutes to do their fighting when the Union was in danger.

IT is not pleasant to hear that the people of St. Louis are not showing the same readiness to subscribe to the Illumination Fund this year as on former occasions, and the explanation of it only makes it less pleasant. Of course every sensible person knows that the added attraction of the Grand Army reunion would have called out more liberal subscriptions, and the people of St. Louis were preparing to show their proverbial hospitality to its utmost. This feeling received a severe check when the blunders and idiocy of the Grier committee encouraged the insults of TUTTLE and FAIRCHILD and other fanatics and it is not to be wondered at if some resentment should be felt at the abuse and insolence which has been indulged in. This little unpleasantness, however, like the much larger unpleasantness out of which it grew is now over. There should be no feeling over the matter. The reunion should be made an occasion of peace and good will, and the good nature of St. Louis should be signalized by larger contributions than ever for every feature of the entertainment.

A POLITICAL LESSON.

The announcement is made that MIKE MCDONALD, the millionaire gambler and political boss of Chicago, has retired from politics. It would be more correct to say that politics had retired from MIKE MCDONALD. He has had his day, but his day is over. Business is not what it used to be, and Boss MCDONALD takes his place as a "back number" with the Boss Tweeds, the Returning Boards and other engines of political rascality against which honest voters have had so long and hard a struggle.

A couple of penitentiary sentences which came very near to his heart are said to have determined his retirement, but the real cause, the blow which broke his power, was merely the enforcement of an honest and efficient election law. His whole success, power and influence depended simply on cheating at elections, and as soon as the law protected the elections the Boss was reduced to the condition of any ordinary ward bummer.

There is a lesson in this for the people of St. Louis who have seen their registration turned into a farce, their elections decided by fraud, and who have been dismayed at the spontaneous and hearty support given to the ballot-stuffers by the whole local Democratic organization. A city in which the Hendricks Club assails the United States Court and protects election forgers, in which notorious election swindlers are appointed to office, and in which city officials are found resisting an honest registration, stands dangerously near to that corruption and degradation of boss rule from which Chicago is now raising herself.

GEN. PHIL SHERIDAN need have no further controversy with Gen. THOMAS ROSSER, the rich ex-Confederate, who recently accused him of vandalism in the Shenandoah Valley and called on the people thereof to make SHERIDAN'S visit to the region an occasion for showing that they have not forgiven him. Gen. ROSSER subsequently felt constrained to disinfect his attack on SHERIDAN somewhat by saying that his former rebel commander, JUBAL EARLY, deserved hanging for burning Chambersburg, Pa. This brings old JUBAL out with a galling fire poured into ROSSER'S rear, and now the whole country sees ROSSER'S position uncovered and defenseless. With a fortune made out of Northern Pacific he went back to his native valley to figure in politics, and found that the only opening for him was in joining the ex-Confederate outfit of MAHONE, CAMERON and RIDDLEBERGER in the effort to carry Virginia for SHERMAN. His Sheridan demonstration was made with a view of enlisting rebel war prejudice in his own support as a Republican candidate for Congress. With old JUBAL denouncing ROSSER and advising him to go hang himself as a renegade, the probability is that SHERIDAN would outrun ROSSER as a candidate on the Shenandoah, where the Republican ex-Confederate distinguished himself chiefly by running during the war.

SENATOR SHERMAN is still wavering between the political temperature of Nashville and that of Springfield. To this Polonius the cloud about the captured flags is "like a camel," or "backed like a weasel," or "very like a whale." Acknowledging the receipt of an invitation to the unveiling of the Philadelphia Brigade's Gettysburg monument his letter fairly glows with the spirit which animates the veterans in making the survivors of Pickett's rebel division their honored guests on that occasion, and he has no word of rebuke for their proposition to restore then and there the rebel flags captured on that spot. But in another letter to Gov. FORAKER about the same time, Mr. SHERMAN fairly froths with indignation at any proposed surrender of flags, and bewails the tendency "to yield everything, honor included, to the spirit of the rebellion." If he does not actually call for another GUITEAU to appear on the scene, he at least seems to say to FORAKER:

"O, I could hew up rocks and fight with flint,
I am so angry at these abject terms."

THE new Sunday law with reference to beer, as enacted by the Legislature, and the very old but hitherto ignored Sunday law with reference to stronger drinks, are both to be enforced next Sunday, together with Counselor BELL'S rather arbitrary but very weak dilution of the old Puritan Sunday law. In Kansas, where the sale of beer or whisky is stringently prohibited on any day of the week, and where they have a State police system to supersede suspected local officials, the situation on Sunday is thus described by the Leavenworth Times:

Beer! Beer! Whisky! Whisky! Everywhere! Everywhere! Rum shops above ground, under ground; in fact they are scattered everywhere throughout the city of Leavenworth.

Perhaps the ease with which St. Louis people can lay in a Sunday supply of whisky or bottled beer on Saturday evening may make it easier here than it is in Leavenworth to keep the saloon doors seemingly closed on Sunday. The sufferings of St. Louis from Sunday drouth will not be such as to wring tears of pity from any one who is "well posted."

THE Republican editors who are making so much fuss about the return of Confederate flags did not make a bit of fuss when Republican Administrations were giving Federal offices to all the Confederates who could be induced to join the party. They would be perfectly willing to surrender every captured flag to such Confederate Republicans as MAHONE, MOSBY, CAMERON, RIDDLEBERGER and ROSSER, if by waving these flags those worthies could muster "the rebel vote of the solid South" into the Republican party. Like a great many of the Southern people, the flag ranters are thinking a good deal more about Federal offices than about a lot of mouldering old banners.

COL. CRAIG TOLLIVER lingered too long in Kentucky. They had no use for him there. If he had removed to Williamson or Hardin County, Illinois, or to Dodge City or Harper County, Kansas, he might have found a more congenial region in which he could have pursued the even tenor of his way for a longer period and with more eclat and safety to himself. The private graveyards with which he succeeded in decorating the rugged hills and dark ravines of Rowan are small affairs compared with the more extensive and more historic mementoes of that kind with which the popular heroes of "Bleeding Kansas" have numerously dotted her blooming plains.

The President as a Gallant Knight.

Washington Dispatch to the Boston Traveler.

The President has interested himself in a certain little affair here, and it would not be surprising if somebody's official head fell into his waste basket before long. It is a very difficult matter to get at the exact facts in the case, but the story is that some time ago a handsome young lady applied for a position in one of the bureaus of the Interior Department. She passed the civil-service examination and her name was duly certified to the appointing power by the commission, along with three others, as is the rule. Of course she was gratified at her success and hoped to receive the appointment. One evening she received the card of an official with whom she had a chance acquaintance. He was very cordial in his greetings and congratulated her upon her success in passing the examination. The conversation gradually wore around to the point when he told her that he could secure the appointment for her, but he coupled this with an insulting proposal. The young lady ordered him to leave the house. She consulted with some friends, and it was determined to lay the whole matter before Secretary Lamar, which course was pursued. Now, the official in question has great social and family influence with the Administration, and it was not surprising, therefore, that the matter failed to receive consideration. But the young lady did not propose to allow the matter to rest there. She carried it direct to the President himself, and he has it now before him. Of course, it is not known what the President will do in the premises, but the official is rather restive under the fact that the young lady received the appointment, and that the suggestion that she should be given a place came from a gentleman named Grover Cleveland, whose present address is "Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C."

The Corporation in Politics.

From the New York WORLD.

The Pacific Railway Commission is getting some facts in its investigations in the West which explain and justify the growing hostility of the people to great corporations.

Mr. Thomas L. Kimball, the General Traffic Manager of the Union Pacific road, was brought to admit that he had often undertaken to defeat "legislation hostile to the company," and that he had sometimes "influenced the nomination, election or defeat of candidates, in the interest of the company. He denied any knowledge of the use of the company's money, though he would not deny that money might have been used without his knowledge.

The fact that the undisputed transcript from the company's books shows the disbursement of over $2,000,000 for which no explanation has been given, and the further fact that Mr. Huntington admits the employment of professional lobbyists at Washington to "see that the company received no harm," indicate very plainly that Mr. Kimball's efforts and those of other officers and agents of the company were sustained by the power of money.

It is this invasion of the domain of politics and of government by the corporations that gives danger to their domination. When they interfere in the choice of the people's representatives, and secure men who will serve them instead of the public, elections become a farce and government is perverted from its beneficent purposes. The Commission should put its probe deeper. The country would like to know more of the methods by which the Pacific Railway Companies have "protected their interests."

Happy America.

From the Nineteenth Century.

While the American people are entirely free from imperial taxation, we, the British people, literally groan under it. Our other taxes also, and our iniquitous mining royalties, etc., are so many, and bear so heavy and so unequally on the trading and working portion of the community, that it is astonishing how the majority of the people can get along honorably and progressively at all. Take the case of London alone. The taxes average from 25 to 30 per cent on rental, and the rental is not small, while there is a special tax levied on all coal that comes into London by water, railroad or otherwise, to the extent of 13d a ton. True, this special tax on all coal used in London comes to an end in a year or thereabouts, but there are strenuous efforts being made and the very greatest pressure is being brought to bear on members of Parliament to get it reenacted.

Immovable Good Feeling.

From the New York Evening Post.

One of the best features of the battle-flag incident is the general good nature with which the affair has been discussed, both North and South, aside from the carefully calculated fury of the bloody-shirt organs and the Grand Army politicians. There has not been the tithe of the bitterness which such a controversy would have provoked a decade ago, and the matter will drop out of the public mind without leaving the harsh feeling which once would long have lingered. This is the best proof yet afforded of the fact that we have entered upon an era of good feeling, and that the people of the two sections do not propose to have it disturbed.

A New Fuel.

Exchange.

A 22-foot vein of what promises to be a valuable kind of fuel has been discovered at Elsinore, Cal., and it is thought that the whole valley is underlaid with it. It is described by the News of that place as quite soft, and easily worked when in the mine, but it gets hard when exposed to the air. It resembles slate somewhat in appearance, although of a somewhat lighter color. It is clean, leaves no marks or stains on the hands, does not slack or crumble in the air, can be split like mica into very thin fibres, burns freely, and needs only to be ignited with a match, smells like burning rubber when being consumed, and leaves behind a jet black ash resembling lampblack in all its properties. It is said to be worth $15 per ton for making gas.

Splendid Trifling.

From the Philadelphia Times.

There never was in any nation's history such splendid trifling as Victoria's jubilee. It was trifling entirely out of harmony with the spirit of the age and country in which it occurred. In England royalty is only a tradition. If it is to be preserved it can only be as a tradition. That tradition would have been strengthened if the jubilee had been a jubilee indeed. There can be no jubilee when it marks the year when the shackles of a whole people are forged anew. When the delirium of this hour has passed away the masses in England will contend for Ireland and themselves as if there had never been kings and queens—as if there was no Queen Victoria.

Mrs. Cleveland's Shoes.

From the Washington Post.

Mrs. Cleveland wears number three-and-a half shoes. Some mischievous New York paper alleges that she wears fives, merely because she bought a pair of fives before going to the Adirondacks. Yet she explicitly said she bought them, not for herself, but to bestow upon the needy—"intended for tramps in the woods," she generously said. It is time there were an end of this.

MEN OF MARK.

ADJT.-GEN. DRUM was born in Greensburg, Westmoreland County, Pa.

ARCHIBALD FORBES and MAX O'RELL are coming to this country to lecture next winter.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN, the Irish editor, is separated from his wife. She was a soubrette actress.

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG has not accepted the Presidency of the Philadelphia Anti-Poverty Society.

MR. PARNELL does not improve in health and it is now said that he is suffering from cancer of the stomach.

THOMAS STEVENS, the bicyclist, will tell about his wheeling round the globe, from the lecture platform next winter.

MR. AUSTIN CORBIN at his country seat at Babylon, Long Island, has one of the finest poultry farms in the country.

HENRY W. GRADY has prepared ten lectures on "The New South," which he proposes to deliver in the North next winter.

RICHARD HENRY STODDARD writes his poems in a hand of such neatness and legibility as would put a type-writer to the blush.

UNITED STATES SENATOR MCPHERSON of New Jersey is a great lover of fine poultry, and has extensive yards at Belle Meade, N. J.

EX-CONGRESSMAN "CALAMITY" WELLER of Iowa has joined the Labor party and may be induced to become its Gubernatorial candidate.

LEVI Z. LEITER, one of Chicago's big merchants, is so delighted with Blaine's Washington mansion, that he is striving to buy it for a winter residence.

It is reported among his friends that Amos McCampbell, the owner of Jim Gore and other noted race-horses and bucket-shop proprietor, cleared $100,000 by the wheat panic.

DONALD G. MITCHELL, "Ik Marvel," is passing a quiet summer on his Edgewood Farm, near New Haven. He is not writing a great deal, but he does considerable entertaining and fishing.

ERASTUS CORNING of Albany announces that he has invited President Cleveland and Mrs. Cleveland to visit him at his new residence at Bar Harbor in August, and that the invitation has been accepted.

W. T. HERRICK of Winooski, Vt., enjoys the distinction of being the oldest and most regular visitor at Saratoga. His first summer at the Springs was in 1842, and he has not missed a season since that period.

WHILE dining at a hotel in New Haven during the recent Soldiers and Sailors' Monument festivities, Gov. Lounsbury of Connecticut was offered a glass of wine by a waiter. The Governor turned red and angrily exclaimed: "You have given me the worst insult I ever received." The astonished waiter rapidly retreated and is but slowly recovering from the severe shock his nervous system received.

DANIEL PRATT, "the great American traveler," who recently died at the Boston City Hospital, was a curious character. His was of unsound mind, and for years wandered about the country making speeches and discourses wherever he could find an audience. He had traveled from Maine to California many times. He was very fond of lecturing to Harvard students, and they gave him all sorts of counterfeit diplomas and decorations. He was a printer by trade.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MRS. CLEVELAND is now a trustee of her alma mater, Wells Female College. She was elected Wednesday.

ADELINA PATTI'S voice is pronounced by a Paris correspondent to be inferior to that of her sister, Carlotta, in point of freshness and purity.

MRS. D. S. LATHROP of Albany, sister-in-law of Senator Leland Stanford of California, has just completed one of the handsomest and most elegant residences in Saratoga.

AS SOON as Miss Dickinson is able to stand the fatigue of travel she will be taken to Southern California by her devoted mother and sister for a year's perfect rest and quiet.

IT is reported in Philadelphia's financial circles that Mrs. Hetty Greene, the richest woman in the United States, is contemplating the purchase of a seat in the New York Stock Exchange.

IT is noted that Mrs. Cleveland attended church in Aurora, N. Y., in a cream-colored silk dress, and that the preacher "made a fitting allusion to her in his sermon."

MRS. CLEVELAND will be 23 years old July 21, and the society writers of Washington say that the Lady of the White House and the President will be found on that date enjoying life in the mountains.

MISS ANNIE THOMAS of Billings, Mont., is the busiest woman in that busy Territory. She conducts a 6,000-acre ranch, looks after valuable timber property, and has an interest in two paying mines near Butte City.

TWO GYPSY girls, aged 13 and 15 years, were sitting under a tree near Boyertown, Pa., on Sunday evening, when it was struck by lightning. They were horribly burned, and blood oozed from their wounds. They will probably die.

THE ghost of Mrs. Roxalana Druse, the Herkimer (N. Y.) County woman who was hanged for the murder of her husband, now pays nightly visits to the cell in which she was confined and frightens all the jailers by moaning from midnight till dawn. Or so the jailers say.

MISS VAN ZANDT charged $20 each for the tickets to the private concert she gave in Paris for the benefit of the Opera Comique fire sufferers. That is the highest price ever paid for admission to a concert in Paris, but enough people paid it to crowd the large rooms.

THE Empress Elizabeth of Austria has joined the band of royal authors. While visiting Mehadia she went to the summit of the peak called in her honor Elizabethen Hohe, and was on the spot inspired to write a poem on the smallness and vanity of earthly dignities.

MISS AGNATA RAMSAY, a daughter of Sir James Ramsay, the Scotch baronet, took first honors in the classical course at Girton College, Cambridge, England. She was the only student of either sex to pass in the first division and was loudly cheered by her male competitors when her rank was announced. Her age is twenty years.

METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The WORLD says: "Yesterday's performance in Wall street affords a fair idea of what may happen when Jay Gould really dies. That Jay is alive and alert is attested by the very interesting interview printed in the WORLD to-day. The great financier declares that he has actually foresworn speculation in Wall street and it may interest the public to know that the small drop of brandy which he consumed to-day at the Windsor Hotel was mixed with ginger and was taken purely for a slight stomachic panic. He has not been driven to the bottle for consolation."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "If Dr. McGlynn is excommunicated, is it not probable that his fate will be like that of Pere Hyacinthe? Even in the political and the labor movement he will cease to be an important figure so soon as he ceases to be a Catholic priest."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "A number of leading Democrats have been in Washington lately, but there does not appear to be the least report that they came together to confer about an extra session, the surplus, the tariff and other like matters. Some of the Senators and Representatives are at the National Capital on legitimate business, and others are looking after patronage. The idea that they could take any authoritative action is pronounced ridiculous. Any way, is it not pretty hot weather for a conference on such heavy subjects?"

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "It does not appear that the condition of trade and industry favors a continuation of the decline that excited the street yesterday. The water has been taken out of some stocks that were selling at prices far beyond their real value. In sounder properties the fall has been comparatively slight. The danger now, if there be any, is not that the better securities will go lower of their own weight, but that the momentum of the decline in other less valuable securities may affect them."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A RUNNER.—The fastest 100-yard sprinter is H. M. Johnson.

HARRY KAYE.—The Sunday law will not close up the Fair Grounds.

SUBSCRIBER.—Smith of Cincinnati has pitched against the Browns.

PATRON.—There is a Forest City in Holt County, Mo., but none in Carter County.

A. STEWART, Neodesha.—Lord John Russell, Palmerstone's contemporary, is dead.

D. C.—Schaeffer won one game and Sisson won one in their last match. A, therefore, loses.

ALEX.—Yes. Regular telegraphic messages were sent from and received on a train in full motion.

SUBSCRIBERS.—Gun club shoots at which no admission fees are charged will not be disturbed by the police on Sunday.

G. F.—It would take a small volume to arrange all the regiments of the war according to their corps. You will have to read the history of the rebellion.

A. B. C.—No excursion rates for the place you name will be made for July 4, but there will be a rate to a station 25 miles this side of it of $6.75, which will make the entire cost of a round trip ticket $8.30.

J. P. H.—There is no record of the best distance made in any one hour by the fast mail train, but the best average made between here and Kansas City is forty-seven miles an hour, which of course would make the record on some miles as high as fifty or fifty-five miles. The best record known on the Vandalia by the mail train is fifty-five and a half miles an hour, although on one trip a stretch of eighteen miles was made in sixteen minutes or at the rate of seventy miles an hour.

BROCK STORTS.—It is correct to say: "You have made a grammatical error." It is also proper to say: "You have made an error in grammar." Both forms are correct, because they are in accordance with the rules and usage. The adjective 2 "grammatical," in the first expression, simply designates the character of the error, and may give no suggestion of the idea of correctness, as you seem to think. The words "grammatical error" are not contradictory as used above.

Gould's Generosity.

From the Chicago Herald.

Jay Gould's generosity in purchasing and presenting to the Mount Vernon Association a tract of land which has long been desired as an addition to the Washington estate will be duly appreciated. There is considerable difference between the character of Jay and that of George Washington, but Gould owns more of the country than the first President owned, and it is gratifying to know that he can appreciate honesty in others.

The Same Robin for Six Years.

From the Chicago News.

"The same robin has been nesting in the same maple tree in my front yard every summer for the last six years," said Mr. Charles P. Edgworth, of Evanston. "One of my boys caught her when she was scarcely fledged, and we kept her caged for a month or so. Before we left her fly we fastened a bit of white wire to her left leg. Every summer since then she has come back."

Sarcasm of the Editorial We.

From the Martha's Vineyard Herald.

Sell your rocking-chairs and enjoy the balance of your lives sitting bolt upright. Rocking-chairs make people deaf and near-sighted says the scientist. If science keeps on and we heed it it will rob us of every comfort except our religion.

Dynamite and Doughnuts for Two.

From the Worcester Spy.

The Newport Herald says: "The name of spy is odious." We presume that our contemporary, for whom we have great respect, did not mean to be offensive, and we hope it will withdraw the above remark. Otherwise—

The Cook's Cap for the Lawn Tennis Lass.

From the New York Evening Post.

The Marmiton, or cook's cap, of mull, white or colored tulle, or other fabric to match the dress material, is worn at lawn parties and tennis by young girls in their teens.

Hearsay Evidence Never Counts.

From the Hebrew Standard.

A full hand at poker often costs a man more in twenty minutes than his subscription to the synagogue amounts to in a year.

The Valise Shot Him.

From the San Francisco Examiner.

There is a limit to the submission of even the lowliest. A railroad man handling baggage at Vallejo Junction the other day was shot by a valise.

To Keep the Child From Crying.

From the Chicago Herald.

It looks some as though nothing would placate Fairchild but a nomination for the Presidency.

The Sleeve La Mode.

From the Harrisburg Telegraph.

The sleeves of her dress are puffed from shoulder to elbow, and glued on from elbow to wrist.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS
Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 553.

UNION SAVERS.

DONN PIATT'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE LITERATURE OF THE WAR.

Five Men Singled Out for Signal Honor—An Interesting Study of a Great Epoch.

MEMORIES OF THE MEN WHO SAVED THE UNION. By DON PIATT. Belford, Clarke & Co., New York and Chicago. Second edition.

The paper and type of this handsome octavo volume is a credit to the publishers. The portraits are also excellent, though the representation of a bust in one case and of an equestrian statue in another are but poor substitutes for representations taken from the life.

The work is dedicated to Gen. Sanders Piatt, the brother of the distinguished author and ci-devant journalist, and consists of a series of essays or biographical sketches. According to Judge Piatt, the men who saved the Union were Abraham Lincoln, Edward M. Stanton, Salmon P. Chase, William H. Seward and Gen. George H. Thomas. These five fill the whole canvas. Not even in the background can you discern the face or figure of a sixth, although in the body of the book honorable mention is made of some subordinate characters. The limner has undoubtedly a bold touch and an eye for a likeness. He gives you the living lineaments of his heroes without any attempt at flattery until he begins to pronounce judgment on the men themselves. Then he is often, very often, at fault. But he is thoroughly sincere, though bitterly prejudiced. On this account the book is full of life and will be read with interest when more pretentious works treating of the same men and the same times have sunk into oblivion. The style has the force and rapidity which distinguish the trained writers of the American press. It might be called the athletic style. In saying what it means to say it is swift and sure and is, therefore, thoroughly readable.

We agree with every word said in praise of Lincoln, but we deny that he was selfish or heartless. The man who invited his rivals, Seward, Chase and others, into his Cabinet was certainly not a selfish politician. He showed no jealousy of them nor of anybody. In the army promotion followed merit or supposed merit. The General who won a battle got a higher command. The officer who successfully defended a post or led a gallant charge got higher rank. There was, indeed, jealousy and injustice in the army itself, from the War-office down, but Lincoln was above all that, like some tall cliff lifted above the storm. He was not jealous of Grant or Sherman or McClellan or Fremont, although our author thinks he was jealous of the last, and least. From his lofty watch-tower he overlooked the whole field of war, searching for the man or men best fitted to lead the Union armies, and when he found them, or thought he found them, he immediately conferred higher rank and greater power on them. Self had no part in his programme when the existence of the Union was at stake. Tried as he was, beyond endurance almost, he was patient, tolerant and we may say good-humored in every extremity. The easy way in which Piatt himself was let off on one occasion speaks volumes for the good nature of the President, who manifestly had not one but many seas of trouble to withstand at the same time. He had much to endure from the allies of the public enemy, but he had more from many of his own political adherents and subordidates. Nearer to the White House than Confederate or copperheads were the savage legions of spoilsmen and place-hunters, who gave him no rest from early morning to midnight. He was beset all around, and at one time assailed from all quarters. He had to run the gauntlet of friend and foe, and if he had not been thoroughly sound in body and mind he must have succumbed. But those Atlantean shoulders broad proved equal to the load on them. When the smoke of battle had cleared off there he stood on the steps of the Capitol the standard-bearer of the Union, taller by a head than any other hero of the war, and wearing an aureole before which all military glory paled its uneffectual fires.

Nor is it for a moment to be credited that he witnessed the long dread drama of the war unmoved—a drama in which he himself played the principal part, and which brought woe into ten thousand households and the habiliments of woe wherever the eye fell, in town or country. Our author reproaches him because on a certain occasion he said he ate and slept well. What else should he say. Was he (a good judge of human nature) to confess that his heart was down in his mouth, that he had no relish for his food, that sleep refused to visit his eyelids during the watches of the night, in a word, that he was crushed by the trials and calamities he was undergoing or had undergone? No, his duty was to inspire confidence, even if he did not feel it. This is what the valiant man and leader has always done and always will do. The more sinister the omens the higher his courage.

That the sources of laughter and tears lie side by side is a truism. Humor and pathos belong to the same order of intellect. If Lincoln overflowed with humor, he also abounded in sympathy. He was not only compassionate and merciful, but he had pity for those whom no one else pitied. There is abundant evidence of this, and our author himself gives us facts which sustain it, although he seems to be unconscious of their significance in this matter. He never, we are told, allowed a deserter to be shot. When court-martials sentenced men to death; when the papers were presented to him for indorsement, enforced by a viva voce call for blood, he simply put the question by, and that was the end of it. The writer of this and two other citizens sent a telegram to Washington one day requesting him to prevent a summary execution of a Confederate officer after the Price raid. The countermanding order came back promptly (the execution was to take place that day) and neither the officer whose life was saved nor the general in command who ordered the execution knew or knows to this day who pulled the wires—telegraph wires—in this case.

We repeat that Judge Piatt's judgments are, in not a few cases, wrong, but his merit is that he gives data for reversing them when they are wrong. Take his opinions of Stanton and Thomas, for instance. A more tyrannical, vindictive, ill-tempered and offensive official than Stanton never presided over the War-office or any other department of the Government. Piatt acknowledges all this, and alleges even worse. He accuses him of abusing all the powers of the office to ruin Rosecrans, in retaliation for some real or fancied insult, and of succeeding in the nefarious enterprise. He admits he was implacably vindictive and unscrupulous in his methods of revenge. Yet he is "the great War Secretary," "the master mind of the war," and so on. The most charitable judgment to pass upon him is that he was insane, and in fact Piatt advances this plea. No greater contrast can be imagined than that between Lincoln on one hand and Stanton on the other—the one serene, good-humored, patient, impartial and wise, the other ever angry, loud-mouthed, domineering and abusive. The one good quality the latter had was capacity for work, and indeed the former had it too, and in a superior degree. We feel history has not done justice to the "great War Secretary" yet. He was great by position merely. He was instrumental in wielding the almost inexhaustible resources of a rich and populous country against a comparatively small antagonist, and what his claims to renown are apart from the brutal and blundering energy with which he wielded his power we are unable to see. His "On to Richmond" strategy, whether inspired by hatred of McClellan or his own crazy egotism paved the Virginia Wilderness in a few short weeks with more dead men's bones than the children of Israel left behind them after their forty years in the Syrian desert.

We would not pluck a single leaf from the well-won laurels of George H. Thomas. He was a soldier of fine qualities, a general of fine capacity. But the man who in the midst of the war, when the issue was still doubtful, refused the command of 100,000 men, was not of the stuff that the greatest generals are made of. His self-abnegation on that occasion was pusillanimous, and the reason he gave for it unworthy of any man of good sense. But what is the great grievance in his case? The world knew a good deal about him while he lived, and therefore he does not come into that category proclaimed by Philip Von Artevelde. He lived and died a major-general. His statue is in the Capital. What more would you have? Every successful general cannot be President. Indeed, we know no five names in history to whom the Flemish patriot's formula would be less applicable than the five heroes of Piatt's Iliad. Piatt has this in common with Homer—he makes each of his heroes in succession the greatest.

Space will not permit us to pursue the themes presented for discussion in this fascinating volume. The generalship of Grant is severely criticised. Sherman fares no better. Schofield also suffers; so do McClellan, Burnside and McDowell. The late Emperor of the French receives chastisement en passant and so does Henry V., King of England. But his chief bete noir is West Point. He pours hot-shot on that institution at every turn. We do not think his denunciations of it are at all justified, but we do regard his criticism of Grant's and Sherman's strategy as worthy of consideration. At all events the last word has not been yet said on these subjects. The history of the war is yet to be written, and the indications seem to be that the great Union generals will be judged more severely by posterity than they have been by their contemporaries.

THE FRENCH TORPEDO BOATS.

Failure of the Recent Trials—The Boats Damaged.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Tribune to-day publishes the following correspondence from Paris under date of June 18: "The injuries of the torpedo boats during the French naval maneuvers have been so ingnerous as to oblige the new Minister of Marine to put an end to these operations. The ships composing the torpedo division are to go back to their respective harbors, and Admiral Brown De Colston resigns his command. As already stated, the plan of the first operation was as follows: An ironclad squadron was to protect the troops' convoy from Toulon, bound to Algiers. At the latter place the squadron was to take up some of the troops of the Algerian Corps d'Armes and bring them to France. A torpedo flotilla was to attack the convoy. It was ordered that the squadron and the troopships should not steam more than ten miles an hour. On May 10 the torpedo flotilla set out from Toulon and anchored the next day at Ajaccio, where it prepared to make an attack. On May 14, at 6 a. m., by a northwest gale the evolutionary squadron left Toulon for Algiers. The squadron was formed in the following order: In first line and on the same front, three lookout ships, the sea torpedo boat Balnia, the torpedo cruiser Condor, and the sea torpedo boat Decoulede, the Condor at four cables from the line of the first ironclads. The ironclads Colbert (flagship of the vice-admiral), and Admiral Duperre followed, then two supposed troopships, the Redoubtable and the Devastation (flagship of the rear admiral), between the ironclads; the Corbet and the Richelieu on the track of the Colbert and of the Admiral Duperre, and the supposed troopships Trident and Indomitable behind. The flanks were covered by the scouts Milan and Hirondelle, their station being kept

WITH GREAT PRECISION.

During its stay at Ajaccio, the gun boat Gabriel Charmes, a torpedo boat of 41 meters, provided with a 14-centimeter gun, and two new torpedo boats of 55 meters and sixty tons had joined the torpedo division which was composed of four cruisers and nineteen torpedo boats. The squadron sailing from Toulon was cabled to the commander of the torpedo flotilla who ordered his boats to sea, but the wind was blowing fresh from the northwest. Nevertheless the ships left Ajaccio but were obliged to come back to anchor again. The torpedo boats, Doudard, De Lagree and Gabriel Charmes were much damaged. In the meantime Vice-Admiral Peyron steamed toward the South, and on May 15 he entered the Algerian harbor. He had not seen any torpedo boats. The first part of the campaign was thus a total failure for the torpedo boats. It was demonstrated that they could not keep at sea when men-of-war steamed easily. In Algiers the squadron was supposed to land the troops and take up three infantry regiments bound for home, an operation which was to last several days. According to order it was to stay in port until May 23. The torpedo flotilla had left Ajaccio on May 16, and had sailed to the Balearic Islands in order to survey the squadron's movements. The latter sailed on the morning of the 23d. It steered to the east, watched by a cruiser, the Villiers, and by three torpedo boats. The Villiers sent off a torpedo boat to advise the Admiral and pursued the squadron. The big ships thought to be attacked, at any moment, but no attack took place, and during the night

THE VILLIERS HAD DISAPPEARED.

The squadron had run along the coast since its departure from Algiers and was then off Philippeville. The Admiralty rounded to the north and sailed on the coast of Provence. The next morning at day, when Admiral Peyron was not far from Cannes and coasting the Littoral, he dropped anchor in the roads of Toulon. Thus going and coming the Admiral had filled his commands successfully. On coming back it was fine weather and the torpedo boats were of no use. Some of them had been sorely damaged and their chief would not risk his flotilla in a race. Besides, the enumeration of the injuries undergone by the torpedo division during these few days is more eloquent than words. Out of sixteen torpedo boats four are greatly damaged, and five others wanted important repairs. The campaign of 1887 thus cost very dear and was of no result. The ironclad coast guard, the Fulminant, was badly damaged. The torpedo boat No. 67 was wrecked at San Martina. The torpedo boats Nos. 26, 27, 99 and 100 were seriously damaged. The two flotillas have had in a few days more than half of their boats put out of service. It is easy to draw a conclusion. The French torpedo boats of 28 and 36 meters and the English of 28 meters are only to be used for coast defense, and not for navigation. All of them are too lightly built. Nowadays the torpedo boat is a ship which is not to be reckoned on in rough weather. Such is the conclusion to be drawn from the recent exercises. A country which cares for its naval defense must not rely only upon such flotillas.

A Doctor's Suicide.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., June 24.—Dr. E. A. Dever suicided last evening at Uniontown, Ark. He was crazed over the death of his wife two weeks ago. Before blowing out his brains he wrote a will disposing of his money and bonds.

STOCKS ARE CHEAP.

Jay Gould Chats About the Great Financial Flurry.

The Railway Magnate Not In the Market as a Speculator.

The Worst Has Passed—Condition of Business, Especially in the West, Excellent—Railroads Making Big Earnings—Politics Playing No Part in Business—The Telegraph Interests Flourishing—Mr. Gould's Permanent Retirement From Wall Street—How the Gould-Sage-Field Crowd Slugged the Stock Market.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Jay Gould on Thursday scented danger in Wall street and came down in his steam yacht from his country place to be present at the opening of the market at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. He has been through every panic and disturbance in the street for the past twenty-five years, and it turned out he was not wrong in reading the signs of coming trouble. He has been in the habit of coming to the street only occasionally since he left his city residence, and he was not expected yesterday. In fact, scarcely any one knew of his presence. If the story spread over the street that he was dead was started deliberately for the effect on stock values, the originators of it probably calculated that Gould was so far away that he could not be reached in time to make a denial that would prevent a smash. The story was quickly carried to him, and he gave it a personal denial, but he was not soon enough. He was visited in his office by Cyrus W. Field, Russell Sage and many of the large operators. The reports about his health were kept up all day. When the falsity of the story that he was dead was proved, it was said his health was so poor that he was liable to die at any time. It was 5:30 o'clock when his yacht cast anchor one-eighth of a mile in the stream from Irvington and dropped a little steam launch from her davits. The launch, containing Mr. Gould and some members of his family, puffed in towards the float just as an able seaman pushed from the dock to go out to the Hildegrade, the sailing yacht belonging to George J. Gould, the eldest son of Mr. Gould, and which was formerly owned by the Prince of Wales.

The correspondent of the POST-DISPATCH was waiting on the dock. Mr. Gould come up the steps from the float and recognizing the reporter shook hands very cordially with him. He did not look much like a sick man.

HIS APPEARANCE WAS RATHER JAUNTY.

There is an iron bridge over the tracks of the New York Central road from Mr. Gould's dock to his grounds. A flight of iron steps leads up to it. Up these Mr. Gould climbed with as apparently little effort as his young son, who accompanied him. It is some distance from the dock to the house, and a carriage was waiting on the other side to take Mr. Gould up the tortuous ascent. Mr. Gould invited the reporter to ride with him. The others preferred to walk. Mr. Gould was in excellent spirits, and conversed very freely. When the top of the hill was reached he took a seat on an oaken bench at the entrance of the house, and the reporter asked:

"Mr. Gould, to what do you attribute the great disturbance in Wall street to-day?"

THE CAUSE.

"I don't know that I can tell the exact cause. I have been there so very little that I have paid no attention to things. The market was raided for one thing, and a scare was created. It had Mr. Field broke and me dead. But they found out that Mr. Field was not broke and that I was not dead."

"Do you think the bottom has been touched in values?"

"That is something it would be difficult to say. I think that stocks are cheap. I bought some. I bought Missouri Pacific, Western Union and Manhattan. I know of one operator who bought 1,000 Missouri Pacific, and another who bought 1,500 of the same stock."

"Do you regard the danger as over?"

"Yes; the worst has passed."

"How do you think the street stood the shock?"

STRENGTH OF THE BULLS.

"Admirably. There was not a single bull house that failed. It showed the strength of the bulls. There was more of a capacity for taking stock than was looked for."

"Do you consider it a good time to buy?"

"That's according to the way a person looks at it. My remark that I regard stocks as cheap is about as applicable a reply as I can give."

"Do you care to state the extent of your purchases to-day?"

"Well, I am not in the market as a speculator. I don't owe any money and have a little to spare to buy good things occasionally when I see them. I am not a very extensive buyer, either."

CONDITION OF BUSINESS.

"What is the condition of the country from business point of view?"

"Good. I know that it is particularly true of the West. The earnings of our roads out there are big. The interstate law has now had a good trial. What is the effect of it on the railroad system of the country? I think it is beneficial. My instructions were to carry out the law. We have profited by it."

"What defects are there in it that could be remedied?"

"I don't know that there is any. The Commissioners are intelligent men and they are interpreting the laws so as to make it produce the best results, I think."

POLITICS.

"Has the political situation any bearing on the railroad and business interests of the country—would the change back to a Republican administration be hurtful?"

"I don't think the change would have any effect. The present Administration is a discreet one, and I don't believe any administration would interfere with the prosperity of the country."

"What policy would produce the best results for the country at large?"

THE BEST POLICY.

"To let it alone. The country is able to work out its own prosperity. The Americans are a great, noble and brave people, and all they want is to be let alone. They don't want interference from President or Congress or Governors. It would be better if the legislatures met once in five years. The people are able to take care of themselves and run their own affairs. The flower of other lands have to serve from one to seven years in the armies. We have no great standing armies and our best men can prosecute industries that make the country rich. Our people will always be prosperous as long as they can attend to their own affairs."

NOT A SPECULATOR.

"Have you ceased speculation in Wall street wholly and for good?"

"I may buy stock as I did to-day, when I think it is cheap, but I have absolutely stopped speculation. I withdrew from Wall street a year ago last January. I shall never, under any circumstances, be a speculator again."

"Do you also contemplate retirement from the active management of your business interests?"

"Yes, as completely as possible. My son has familiarized himself with the management of the different properties with which I am connected, and he can now attend to them as well as I can. It is a relief that I am grateful for, and I shall never return to any of the hard work."

THE TELEGRAPH INTERESTS.

"Are some of the important matters adjusted so that you can make your retirement complete? For instance, is there anything looking to a settlement of the telegraph fight?"

"Nothing. The telegraph rates are down to stay. Our gross earnings are bigger than ever before. There is the vast amount of new railroad construction. We have to equip the construction with new telegraph lines and the cost comes out of our earnings. If it were not for that, we should show 7 per cent net on our stock."

"How about the cable fight?"

"We don't consider there is a fight. We have made our rates and are going to stick to them."

"Is the opposition company making money?"

"It says it is."

"Now, Mr. Gould, what is the state of your health?"

MR. GOULD'S HEALTH.

"I did not get my customary run-off last winter, and am taking things as easily as possible this summer. I have had an attack of neuralgia which I have now recovered from. That was caused from overwork. I had a slight stomach trouble, a little indigestion with the rest, which was also brought on by overwork. I am feeling well now and expect to pass a very pleasant summer."

"What can you say to the story in the street to-day that you are losing your mind and will soon become a lunatic?"

"Well, all I can say is that personally I have detected no signs of insanity in myself."

TOOK BRANDY.

"It was heralded as a sign of insanity in you that you had taken a glass of brandy at the bar of the Windsor Hotel."

"It is true I took some brandy at the Windsor Hotel," said Mr. Gould, with a smile. "I had taken a very early breakfast that morning and feeling somewhat faint drank a mere sup of brandy with some ginger which helped me at once. I never drink except in a case like this, and I think no serious results are to be apprehended from my drinking."

"Workmen are engaged at your house in New York. What is the nature of the work?"

"Either the earthquake or the explosion at Hell Gate shook down some of the plastering and it is being replaced. The decorations will be modest."

SLUGGED THE MARKET.

The Alleged Efforts of the Gould Crowd to Corner Money.

NEW YORK, June 25.—It seems to be the general belief that the flurry in Wall street, which began yesterday morning, is at an end, and that the market will be in good condition to-day. The Times this morning says: "It is no libel to say that there are people in Wall street who do not credit all the statements made by the Gould crowd yesterday. Gould and Sage called loans by wholesale. They did their level best to corner money. They tumbled basketfuls of stock on the market; the break was of their own designing—so believes everybody who presumes to have an independent opinion in Wall street. It was their own Western Union and Missouri Pacific and Manhattan that they used to slug the market with. And if they were not gunning after Cyrus W. Field every indication seemingly worth attention is all wrong. It has been an open secret this many a day that Gould and Sage do not love Field, for all their speculative co-partnership with him. Russell Sage is on record as predicting that a time was coming when "Cyrus Field will go patter, patter, patter"—Deacon Sage's poetical description of Brother Field on a dead run. Mr. Field, according to common fame, is loaded heavily with Manhattan. Gould has been a loaner of money to the Henry S. Ives crowd and he

"CALLED" $8,000,000 YESTERDAY.

Though Gould has been advertised a good deal lately as a patron of Ives, and though the two have had yachting parties together, and though Ives has been recognized in many quarters as Gould's chosen instrument for settling the big telegraph war through a Baltimore and Ohio deal, still close observers have not been misled into the idea that Gould was quite all that this theorizing popular opinion had suggested. When somebody remarked to Gould that Ives was a strong man to be so conspicuous in Wall street, Gould's quiet observation was: "Well, it often happens that Wall street's greatest financiers are young men. How old was Ferdinand Ward?" His relations with Ives were quite intimate enough to give him information as to when and where the much-talked-about syndicate was weakest. And Jay Gould has a habit of utilizing his information. As is always the case after a day of unusual excitement in Wall street, the corridors of the Windsor Hotel were crowed last night by brokers

ANXIOUSLY DISCUSSING THE SITUATION

and swapping theories about the probable future course of the market. The worst is over, it was generally agreed. Jesse Seligman predicts that within the next few days it will be discovered that gold is on the way here from Europe and that tight money is no longer a danger. Other bankers with foreign connections gave Mr. Seligman's opinion indorsement. Large loans on stock collateral were made after the market closed yesterday as low as 5 and 6 per cent.

The contingent that is always on parade as possessing "Gould information," were among the weariest citizens that this town can boast. Every one of them was caught loaded up with stocks at top prices. Russell Sage and Jay Gould have slaughtered every one of their friends, as their hangers-on love to label themselves. Jay Gould offers as an excuse for his wholesale calling of loans that he thought stocks were cheap and he could use his money to better advantage in the market than he could by having it out on loans. That sounds well. People who are bullish love to hear that they have gained such a recruit, but it is not quite so cheering as might have been if it had happened to come along before this same recruit had completely wiped them out.

EVERY day it is being more clearly demonstrated, that good articles at fair prices are the most economical.

This is more fully illustrated in the buying of goods relative to household use, or what is commonly called "House Furnishing Goods," and general hardware; and as an evidence of the correctness of this assertion, the Simmons Hardware Company are daily drawing large numbers of people to their store because it is a well-known fact, that they carry in stock goods only of acknowledged merit, and sell them at very reasonable prices.

An article which will last only a week or two, is absolutely worthless, no matter how low the original cost, as compared with an article of better quality, which will last ten times as long and probably cost only a trifle more than the cheap stuff.

Simmons Hardware Company carry the largest variety of House Furnishing Goods and general hardware of any store in the United States, and persons can rest assured, that whatever goods they buy from them will have intrinsic merit of full value of the price.

Scarcely a day passes, but what some person goes to their store, and asks for something good, saying they are tired of the cheap stuff, they have been buying elsewhere.

If you want to buy hardware, or House Furnishing Goods at reasonable prices, of a quality that will give you satisfaction, you should visit Ninth and Washington avenue.

GONE HOME.

Mrs. Cleveland's Departure From Aurora—An Interesting Scene.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

AURORA, N. Y., June 25.—Yesterday the unpretentious quay at Aurora was black with people when the steamer Frontenac made a landing. Mrs. Cleveland, in her traveling-dress of gray, was waiting at the wharf with Mrs. Morgan, Miss Kingsford, Miss Alexander and Mr. Glider. The party took seats abaft the engine-house. When the boat drew away from the village Mrs. Cleveland and her friends stepped to the rail and waved their handkerchiefs until the steamer had passed around the bend. There were tears in the eyes of many. On the wharf at Cayuga the party was met by Col. Lamont. Being compelled to tarry an hour until the departure of the train for the West, they went to the Titus House, where an informal levee was held. The villagers flocked in throngs to the hotel, and to each Mrs. Cleveland spoke a kind word. A little miss in pinafores toddled up to Mrs. Cleveland, and in a broken voice, rendered so by the absence of the necessary complement of teeth, introduced herself. Mrs. Cleveland took the child on her lap and talked to her in a motherly way. The little tot sat on her lap till train time. The villagers were greatly excited over the presence of the distinguished lady in their midst, and stood watching her every movement. Mrs. Cleveland, Col. Lamont and Mr. Glider left for Canandaigua at 6 o'clock, at which place they took the Northern Central train for Washington.

Through Line to Cincinnati.

VIA BEE LINE AND BIG FOUR.

Trains leave St. Louis 8 a. m. and 6:30 p. m. daily, arrive at Cincinnati 7:15 p. m. and 7:10 a. m. For full information call at Bee Line Ticket Office, corner Fifth and Chestnut.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.



"Society Chat" should be addressed to No. 3438 Pine street.

Mrs. M. Blair is making a visit to her son at Tecumseh, Neb.

Miss Effie Hickman is entertaining her friend, Miss Abbie Lupton.

Miss Lou Cunningham left last week to visit Miss Hallie Sprague.

Miss Anna Bang has returned from a visit to friends at Lindenwood.

Miss Isabel Valle returns this week to her home at Independence.

Mrs. H. H. Curtis leaves next week with her family for Beaver Dam.

Mrs. John Kenmond has gone to the country for the summer months.

Miss Josephine L. Corby is at home after a prolonged trip in the West.

Miss Julia Nelson has joined a party of friends at Lake Minnetonka.

Mrs. J. R. Staley has gone to visit her sister, Mrs. Dr. Hall, at Bunker Hill.

Miss Blanche Morgan is expected home from a visit to friends at Springfield.

Hon. John Hogan and family have gone to Eureka Springs for the summer.

Miss Lizzie Black spent last week with the family of her uncle, Judge Dale.

Miss Daisy Rollins, after a short visit to St. Louis, returned home last week.

Mrs. Melville Sawyer left this week for Boston and the neighboring resorts.

Miss Laura Evans has gone to Toronto, Canada, to visit her sister, Mrs. Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Perry and Miss Laura Perry have gone to Eureka Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Barnhard are spending several weeks at Eureka Springs.

Mrs. Tudu Brooks has gone to spend the summer in the Tennessee Mountains.

Mrs. Brandon left last week to spend the summer with her parents in Topeka.

Mrs. Nellie K. Patrick and family are spending the summer at Sulphur Springs, Mo.

Mrs. C. Jeff Clark has gone to Cleveland, O., where she will spend the entire summer.

Mrs. Wm. S. Ware and family left this week for Rye Beach and other seaside resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Kimbrough have gone to the lake resorts for the summer.

Miss Mary Harris of Tower Grove avenue left this week to visit relatives in De Soto.

Mrs. John Whittaker and children are located at Bar Harbor, where they have a cottage.

Capt. Pepper leaves with his daughters next week for his cottage at Lake Minnetonka.

Miss Maude Pannill has returned home after a visit of several weeks to Miss Mamie Hall.

Mrs. Jesse Boogher of Pine street left last week for a visit of several weeks at Eureka.

Mrs. A. A. Alexander left this week with her son to spend the summer at St. Paul, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Chapman are already established in their cottage by the seashore.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Siegrist will take possession shortly of No. 3231 Washington avenue.

Mrs. James Hurly is entertaining Mrs. Wright and Miss Dunlap of Jacksonville, Ill.

Mrs. C. W. McGregor left with her family this week to spend the summer in Platte City.

Mrs. A. N. Dement left last week to spend ten days with her mother, Mrs. Col. Bacon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ducro are spending the summer months in a summer tour of Europe.

Mrs. James Patterson will not go away this summer, as has been erroneously announced.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wright will leave next week to spend the summer months in Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Louderman and family will spend the summer on the Delaware coast.

Miss Laura V. Hynson left this week to spend several weeks with her sister at Independence, Mo.

Dr. Steele and family left last week for Bunker Hill, where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. C. A. White has returned from a visit to the family of Col. E. C. Wheeler at Edwardsville.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Hammest and family will spend the summer at Manitou Springs, Colorado.

Miss Bakewell and Miss Emily Tetard left last week to visit Mrs. O. M. Monroe at De Soto.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Thompson of West Pine street are making a tour of the Eastern resorts.

Mrs. James True will leave about the first of July with her children to spend the summer in Alton.

Miss Jessie Lindell is among the guests from St. Louis who are sojourning at the Eureka Springs.

Miss Grace Russell of Springfield is expected to-day to make a short visit to her St. Louis friends.

Dr. and Mrs. Leete and family have gone this week to the seacoast to be absent until October.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. M. Kehlor and family left on Thursday for the Eastern resorts by the seaside.

Mrs. E. Olney left last week to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. Frank Cole, in Illinois.

Mrs. Evans of Locust street, near Garrison avenue, left last week to spend the summer at Green Lake.

Mr. M. M. Pierce and family of Hot Springs, are at the Planters' for a few days en route for the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell of Springfield with their daughters will remove to St. Louis in the fall to reside.

Mrs. W. Pope Yeaman arrived on Thursday to spend a week or ten days with friends in St. Louis County.

Mrs. Wallace of Woodford, Ky., arrived this week to visit Misses Frances and Cornelia Breckenridge.

Mrs. Zoe Valle has returned after a long absence in Europe. She will spend the summer at the seaside.

Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Kaiser and family of Chestnut street left this week for the seashore on Fire Island.

Miss Tyree of Sherman, Tex., who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Victor Schmit, has returned home.

Dr. and Mrs. Taussig left on Wednesday evening for New York, whence they sail to-day for Europe.

Miss Nellie Hull of 3030 Morgan street, will visit some of her school friends in Detroit during the summer.

Mrs. D. M. Edgarton who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Morgan of Locust street, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gill of Kansas City spent several days this week at the Southern Hotel on their bridal jaunt.

Miss Lizzie Newland has returned from Drury College, where she has been a pupil during the past year.

Miss Ada Brown is visiting friends in Canada, where she went two or three weeks ago to attend a marriage.

Judge Theodore Brace of the Supreme Bench spent a portion of this week in the city accompanied by his wife.

Misses Lily Haydel, Sophie Papin and Annie Larkin have returned this week from a short visit to Ste. Genevieve.

Mrs. Ben O'F. Clark goes this week to visit her sister at St. Joseph, who is now keeping house in her new home.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Crane have offered for sale their home on Garrison avenue, as they intend building a house.

Mr. and Mrs. Byrd and family of Thirty-second and Pine streets, go next week to the seashore for the summer.

Mrs. O. D. Gray, who has been visiting Capt. and Mrs. Blossom, will return in a short time to her home in New York.

Mrs. John H. Deems is expected soon from Chicago to spend a few days with friends en route to her home in Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. Case and their daughter, Miss Hannah Case, left last week for Lake Minnetonka to spend the summer.

Mrs. Wm. H. Stevenson will leave next week with her children for Narragansett Pier to be absent until the fall season.

Miss Clara Parkhurst, one of the graduates of the Visitation Convent, returned last week to her home at Farmington.

Mrs. Charles Green has returned from a short visit to Cincinnati, where her daughter spent the past winter at school.

Miss May Gamble will accompany Miss Laura Spencer to Green Lake, where she will spend the summer as her guest.

Miss Selby of Thirty-second and Pine streets will close their house about the 1st of July and go to the seashore for the summer.

Mrs. Dr. Bothwell, nee Anna Cuthbert, has returned home after a visit to the family of her brother, Mrs. Charles Cuthbert.

Mr. A. Niedringhaus and family, and Mr. G. F. Niedringhaus and family, will go July 1 to their pretty cottage at Sweet Springs.

Mr. W. S. Pyke of Chamberlain Park gave a delightful lawn party one evening this week, complimentary to his son and his wife.

Mrs. Faulkner has returned from Rolla, Mo., where she attended the marriage of her son, Mr. M. F. Faulkner, to Miss Nannie Rowe.

Mr. and Mrs. Don Beebe left last week, to return to her home at Pueblo, Col. She will visit relatives at Brunswick, Mo., en route.

Mrs. J. H. Greaves of Morgan street left last week to spend the summer with relatives of her husband in North Carolina and Virginia.

Mrs. M. A. E. McLure left last week, attended by her maid, to spend several weeks at Eureka Springs for the benefit of her health.

Mrs. Tom West of Lucas place left with her family in the early part of the week for the Northern lake resorts, to be absent all summer.

Mrs. Dr. Buck has returned from Edwardsville, where she visited her cousin, Mrs. Evans, and attended the Dale-Evans wedding.

Mrs. Isabel Floyd-Jones, who is at present with her sister, Mrs. Ashley D. Scott, will go later in the season to some of the cooler resorts.

Mrs. John N. Drummond, with her daughters, Misses Bertha and Mary Drummond, went to Chicago this week with an excursion party.

Miss Andrews of San Francisco, who has been the guest of her cousin Miss Eva Paddock, has gone East for the remainder of the season.

Miss Nannie Johnson, who has been spending a week or ten days with St. Louis friends, returned this week to her home at Eureka Springs.

Miss Gavin, who has been spending several weeks with Miss Lily Haydell, returned last week to her home in Memphis after a delightful visit.

Mrs. H. B. Sparks spent several days this week with her daughter, Mrs. John W. Morrison en route from California to her home in Arkansas.

Mrs. Robert Beneke left last week for Omaha, Neb., where she will spend the summer. She visited en route the family of Capt. L. Beneke.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Brunough of San Antonio, Tex., after a visit of several weeks to friends on the South side, have gone this week to Lake Minnetonka.

Judge G. M. Cole of Morgan street has taken his family to Edwardsville to spend the summer. From there they will go to Kansas City to reside next fall.

Miss May Harris of McRae avenue, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Florence Ames, spent a portion of this week with her aunt, Mrs. A. E. Henry.

Miss Mary Dameron will return to Hotel Beers on Monday, after an absence of ten days, spent with her friend, Miss Daisy Rollins of Columbia.

Miss Margaret Clark of Clarksville, Tex., who has been spending the past year at the "Convent of the Sacred Heart," returns this week to her home.

Mrs. F. P. Cuningham and her little daughter, Gracie, will leave next week for Hudson, N. Y., where they will visit relatives before going to Saratoga.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Cook and family will leave early in July for the seaside resorts near New York, where they will remain until the middle of September.

Cards have been received to the marriage of Lieut. McCormack of the United States Army to Miss Jennie Lowe, July 1, at the Presbyterian Church at Leavenworth.

Mr. J. Nickerson and family left Friday evening for the seashore, where they will remain all summer. Mr. Nickerson returning to St. Louis in about three weeks.

Mrs. O. L. Garrison did not leave as she expected for the seashore, but is moving into her new house, corner of Locust and Thirty-second. She may go later to the East.

Mrs. Samuel Breckenridge and family will leave next week for Narragansett Pier, accompanied by her daughters. Judge Breckenridge will follow a few weeks latter.

Mrs. Minnie Curtis Ryan is expecting her husband from Paris very soon. He will remain several weeks, after which she will return with him to her home in France.

Misses Leonora and Lulu Halstead, sisters of Mrs. Gen. John W. Noble, will leave on Wednesday for New York, whence they sail for Europe on the following Saturday.

Mr. Ethelbert Dudly Warfield arrived this week from Lexington, Ky., to attend the marriage of his sister-in-law, Miss Birdie Brooks. He returns to Lexington in a day or two.

Dr. Hall and daughter, Miss Hattie Hall, after attending the commencement exercises at West Point, where his son, Mr. Herman Hall, graduated, are making a tour of the East.

Mr. Stephen Castleman, who has been making a tour of the Pacific slope, arrived in St. Louis on Friday and spent a day with his relatives, en route for his home in Washington, D. C.

Miss Lee Meng, who has been spending the past two months with her sister, Mrs. Reinhart, has returned to her home at Dover, where she will spend a short time before going West.

Mrs. Wm. Duncan of Leonard avenue returns from Virginia on the 4th of July after a pleasant visit to Mr. Duncan's parents, having attended while gone the marriage of her sister.

Mrs. William Monks and family of Pine street have gone to the Northern lake resorts. They stop a few days en route at Chicago, where she will be joined by her sister, Miss Brooks.

Mrs. R. G. Lockwood has shut up her town house on Chestnut street and has gone to her country house near Kirkwood. Mrs. William Lockwood and family will pass the summer with her.

Mrs. Abrahamson of Holly Grove, who was summoned to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. R. P. Cohen, who was dangerously ill, and Mrs. Seilig and her son, Maj. Seilig, have also left for home.

Mrs. Valle and her daughter, Miss Isabel Valle, will spend the month of August at the White Sulpher Springs, in Virginia. Later, she will join Mrs. Ewing at Wickford, on the Rhode Island coast.

Dr. and Mrs. Steedman are forming a party to visit Yellowstone Park and the North Pacific slope, going as far as Alaska. They will not leave before the middle of July, and will be absent two months.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Cooke have issued cards to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Emma Mercedes, to Mr. A. W. Von Hatten, Wednesday, June 29, at the family residence. It will be followed by a reception.

Mrs. Morrow, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hugh Campbell, has returned to her home in Illinois. Mrs. Hugh Campbell and Miss Margaret Kyle have gone to their usual resort by the seashore.

Mr. A. Scharff and family of Washington avenue will leave to-morrow evening for St. Catherines, Canada, where they will spend the months of July and August. They will be accompanied by their niece, Miss Carrie Scharff.

Mrs. Robert B. Clark and her daughter, Miss Margaret Clark, one of the graduates this year at Mary Institute, have gone to Virginia to spend the summer with relatives. They attended there this week the weddidg of a niece of Mrs. Clark.

The wedding and visiting cards executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust, excite universal admiration for their elegance. They only charge $1 for 100 visiting cards from plate and cut; $1.50 for 100 cards and finely engraved copper-plate.

The bridesmaids and groomsmen who will participate at the wedding of Miss Emma Cooke are Miss Cora Cook and Mr. Bob Fanning of Missouri, Miss Sadie Struffer and Mr. C. F. Conley. Mr. Oscar McKnight will be best man. The groom and his attendants will arrive on Tuesday evening and will be quartered at the Southern Hotel.

Mrs. H. O. Billings of Washington, nee Carrie Comstock of this city, arrived this week at Alton, where she is visiting friends, en route for Idaho, where she will join her husband, who has a Government appointment at that place, and has been located there since the early spring.

Mrs. Jacobs of Thirty-fifth and Chestnut streets, who was called East suddenly by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. Vaughn, will not return home for some weeks, though Mrs. Vaughn is convalescent. Miss Lulu Jacobs will go to Narragansett next week, chaperoned by Mrs. J. W. Loader.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Bottsford and their little daughter Ada, leave on Sunday evening to attend the wedding of their niece, Miss Maude A. Hegie to Mr. S. E. Smart. It takes place next Wednesday at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. Harpin Bottsford, Cleveland, O. The happy bridegroom elect is the junior partner in the banking-house of S. W. Smart & Son, Willoughby, O. After the wedding Mr. and Mrs. Bottsford will spend the summer with their daughter, Mrs. Pearfield.

On Wednesday afternoon Miss Judith Brooks, daughter of Rev. Dr. Brooks of the Compton Avenue Presbyterian Church, was married to Mr. Harry F. Knight of Wichita, Kan. The ceremony was performed quietly at the family residence by the father of the bride, in the presence only of the immediate relatives of both parties, and Mr. and Mrs. Knight left soon after the ceremony for a tour of the North Pacific Coast, including Alaska. When they return they will locate at Wichita, the home of the groom.

A number of weddings are announced for next week, among them Miss Hannah Prince, who will be married to Mr. Reinstein of Baltimore on Wednesday. The marriage of Miss Sells, daughter of Mr. Lake Sells, to Reid Northrop, a nephew of Jay Gould, is announced for Wednesday. The marriage of Miss Frances Breckenridge to Mr. Walters of Silver City, N. M., is announced for Tuesday. The marriage of Miss Henrietta Wilson, daughter of Gen. Thomas Wilson, U. S. A., to Capt. Dan H. Boughton, U. S. A., will take place Thursday. The marriage of Miss Frank Adele Trisler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Trisler, to Mr. J. Edwin Starr of Minneapolis, is announced to take place on Wednesday.

AS COMPLAINTS COME TO US FROM OUR PATRONS OF THE ATTEMPTS OF VARIOUS DEALERS TO FORCE UPON THEM IMITATIONS OF PHOS-FERRONE, WE STATE THAT PHOS-FERRONE IS ONLY PUT UP IN HALF-PINT BOTTLES BEARING OUR NAME. CALL FOR ADDINGTON'S PHOS-FERRONE AND WATCH THE BOTTLE. THESE DEALERS WILL TELL YOU THAT WHAT THEY HAVE IS THE SAME THING. THAT IS NOT SO----NOR IS IT ANYTHING LIKE P.-F. EXCEPT IN COLOR OR FLAVOR.

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"H. M. S. PINAFORE!"

Louise Searle as Josephine; Geo. W. Denham as Sir Joseph; Wm. Wolff as Dick Deadeye.

Monday, June 27—Merry War.

SECOND ANNUAL EXCURSION

—OF—

LAFAYETTE COUNCIL'S DRILL CORPS

AMERICAN LEGION OF HONOR,

On Sunday, June 26, 1887, on Steamer Helena, at the foot of Locust. Tickets, 25 cents, payable at boat.

H. MANISTRE, President.

MOONLIGHT STEAMBOAT EXCURSION

Under the Auspices of the Ladies of

TRINITY CHURCH

ON THE

CHARLES P. CHOUTEAU.

SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1887.

To leave foot of Locust street at 5 o'clock p. m. Return at 10.

Tickets (50 cents each) may be procured at the following places—Asy. at Alexander's Drug Store, Broadway and Olive; Merrick, Walsh & Phelps, jewelers, Fourth and Washington av.; Glenn's Drug Store, Washington and Jefferson av.; Beers' Restaurant, Grand av. and Olive st.; Braun's Drug Store, Elliot av. and Gamble st. Also on the Wharf-Boat.

Cyclorama—18th & Washington av.

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Windsor Umbrellas

Resembling closely fine silk, are recommended for their great durability, and, unlike Union silk generally, will not change color. Umbrellas may be ordered from all best dealers.

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They ventilate and cool the room, giving free circulation of air and refreshing shade, and do not interfere with the ordinary use of the blinds. Sold by the Hardware Trade.

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Pure Milk, : : 5c.
Lemonade, : : 5c.
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Ice Cream, : : 10c.

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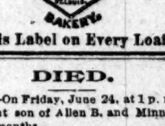


Good Bread.

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This Label on Every Loaf.

DIED.

BENNETT—On Friday, June 24, at 1 p. m., THOS. MORRIS, infant son of Allen B. and Minnie B. Bennett, aged 10 months.

FINE—ELIZABETH, widow of Corder Fine, departed this life June 24, in her 76th year.

Funeral Sunday, June 26, from 819 South Seventh street, at 1:30 p. m.

Nevada (Mo.) and Denver (Colo.) papers please copy.

GROGAN—RICHARD J., youngest son of M. C. and Nellie Grogan, at 4 a. m.

KERNS—On Friday, June 24, 1887, at 9:30 o'clock p. m., ELLEN, daughter of James and Margaret Kerns, aged 1 year, 10 months and 6 days.

The funeral will take place Sunday, 26th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence No. 2626 Howard street, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

Chas. T. Whitsett, Undertaker.

Satisfaction or no pay. 1304 Olive. Residence, 2824 Washington av. Reasonable charges. Telephone 473.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Temple Israel — Memorial Hall, corner Locust and Nineteenth sts. Service on Sunday, by Rabbi Sonneschein. Begins at 10 a. m. sharp.

St. George's Church, corner of Beaumont and Chestnut sts. Rev. Robert A. Holland, S. T. D., rector. Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m. Morning prayer, and sermon 10:45 a. m. Evening song, 5:30 p. m.

Second Baptist Church, corner of Locust and Beaumont (27th) sts.—Rev. John A. Broaddus of Louisville, Ky., will preach at 11 a. m., and at 8 o'clock p. m. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. Mid-week service on Wednesday evening. All are welcome.

First Congregational Church, Delmar av., near Grand. Rev. J. G. Merrill, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. During the summer this church will unite evenings with the Third Baptist and Grand Avenue Presbyterian.

First Presbyterian Church, corner of Locust and 14th sts.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. George E. Martin, Sunday, June 19, at 11 o'clock a. m. Subject: "The Good Will of Him that Dwelt in the Bush." All are cordially invited. No evening service.

Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church.—Grand avenue head of Washington avenue. Rev. A. Nelson Hollifield, D. D., pastor. Residence 3420 Washington avenue. Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Young peoples' prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Welcome.

Centenary M. E. Church, corner of Sixteenth and Pine sts.—Rev. John Matthews, D. D., Pastor. Residence, 2601 Chestnut street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preliminary prayer meeting at 7 p.m. Sunday-school at 9 a. m. Regular prayer-meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Seats free. All welcome.

St. Mark's English Evangelical Lutheran Church, Bell street and Cardinal avenue, M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Services at 10:45 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor on Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Society of Christian Endeavor meets in the church parlors every Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Welcome.

Church of the Messiah (Unitarian), corner Garrison av. and Locust st.—Rev. John Snyder, pastor. Sunday, June 26, 1887, preaching at 10:45 a. m. Subject: "The Sunday Law in the Light of the Law and the Gospel. No evening service. Mission Sunday-school at Mission Chapel, corner 9th and Wash sts., at 2:45 p. m. Everybody invited.

Second Presbyterian Church, n. w. cor. 17th st. and Lucas place.—Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, 26th of June, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., conducted by pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m. in the chapel. "Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor" meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in the lecture-room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church (opposite western gate of the park). The Rev. H. D. Ganse, D. D., will preach on Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sabbath-school meets at 3 p. m. Young people's meeting Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening same hour. Teachers meet for study of the lesson on Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to all meetings.

Pilgrim Congregational Church, corner Washington and Ewing avs. Rev. Henry A. Stimson, D. D., pastor. Rev. A. H. Currier, D. D., of Oberlin, O., supplying the pulpit during the absence of the pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p m. Bible-school at 12 m. Young people's meeting of the Society of Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. All are welcome.

LODGE NOTICES.

OFFICERS and members of Summit Lodge, No. 277, I. O. O. F., are requested to attend next meeting Monday, June 27, at 8 p. m. Election of officers and other important business; visitors fraternally welcomed.
J. S. McGRAW, Noble Grand.
J. B. WILLIAMS, Secretary. 33

HALL OF ST. LOUIS LODGE, NO. 5, I. O. O. F., northwest corner of 4th and Locust sts. The members of this lodge are requested to attend regular meeting on Saturday evening, the 25th inst., at 8 o'clock; election of officers for the ensuing term; a full attendance is desired. R. E. LASHER, Noble Grand.
C. E. PILLING, Recording Secretary. 33

ATTENTION! Members of Lafayette Drill Corps, A. L. of H., and Band will assemble in full dress uniform at hall, corner of 9th and Franklin av. on Sunday, June 26, at 8 o'clock a. m. sharp, for the purpose of attending the annual excursion on the steamer Helena. By order of
JOHN A. SLOAN, Captain.
CORMIC F. COSGROVE, First Sergeant. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Having several hours spare time each day, I desire to keep a set of books at reasonable compensation. Address O 35, this office. 36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by young man in office; good penman; quick at figures; salary no object. Address Carrier 83, St. Louis Post-office. 37

WANTED—An elderly man, experienced in office work and correspondence, needs employment; faithful and efficient service at moderate salary; reference good. Address C 34, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class hammersmith in or out of city. Address R 33, this office. 38

Boys.

WANTED—Two boys, aged 16 and 17, living with parents, desire a permanent situation where there is a chance of advancement; present salary no object. Address, stating business, J. A. P., P. O. box 525, St. Louis. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a young man to drive team or work around the house. Ad. B 36, this office. 43

WANTED—A situation by a young married man; first-class penman and a large business acquaintance. Address R 35, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

THE Bryant & Stratton

SUMMER SCHOOL.

All departments of the college, corner Broadway and Market st., will be open during the summer. Prof. William Deutsch of the Central High School has charge of the department for preparing pupils for advanced classes in the public schools. For circulars address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, President. 53

Summer School.
JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
307-309-311 NORTH BROADWAY.
Prof. JOHN S. COLLINS

Of the St. Louis Public Schools will have special charge of classes in District and High-School work. These classes offer superior advantages to pupils who wish to continue their studies during the summer, or to perfect themselves in studies in which they are deficient, or to apply for admission to higher classes in the fall. For information call at the college office, or address J. G. BOHMER, Principal.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Traveling men to sell varnish as side line; liberal commission. Address 93 E. Grand av., city 54

EVERY BOOK-KEEPER
Should have one, the Ready Transfer Trial Balance, best thing out. Add. Solicitor, K 35, this office. 54

SUMMER SCHOOL.
PROF. WM. DEUTSCH
of the Central High School is conducting a class in accordance with the Public School course of study at the Bryant & Stratton College, corner Broadway and Market street. Eight first-class teachers are employed, and substantial progress will be made by pupils who join the class. For circulars address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, President. 54

ST. LOUIS MERCANTILE COLLEGE,
Corner Fourth st. and Washington av.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTIONS
given in book-keeping, penmanship, short-hand, type-writing, arithmetic, grammar, etc. Summer school now open. Call or write for catalogue.
54 PERKINS & HERPEL, Proprietors.

Cooks.

WANTED—A good and reliable cook and bread maker. One not afraid of work can apply with references at 2131 Lucas place. 56

Boys.

WANTED—A boy to do light farm work. J. F. Gilbirds, 5441 Page av. 61

HELP WANTED—MALE.

The Trades.

WANTED—A No. 1 tinner; none other need apply. 112 N. 12th st., H. M. Snyder. 58

WANTED—First-class body-maker at Milburn's carriage factory, 7th and Cass av. 58

WANTED—First-class bench and floor molders. St. Louis Malleable Iron Company. 58

WANTED—A letterer and carver. O'Brien & Breen Marble Works, 7622 N. Broadway, city. 58

WANTED—First-class man to run Bradley Hammer. Haydock Bros., 3d and Chouteau av. 58

WANTED—First-class carriage-trimmer at Milburn's Carriage Factory, 7th and Cass av. 58

WANTED—First-class carriage blacksmith with helper at Milburn's carriage factory, 7th and Cass av. 58

WANTED—25 first-class sandstone cutters; wages, $3.50 per day of 8 hours. Apply to Dugan Cut-Stone Company, Kansas City, Mo. 58

WANTED—Young men as apprentices at stove-plate molding. Apply to R. S. Janes, Superintendent Bridge & Beach Mfg. Co., No. 500 South Main street.

Laborers.

WANTED—Brick setters at Grand and Chouteau avs. Hydraulic Press Brick Co. 59

WANTED—On Page and Union avs. 5 teamsters and 10 scraper holders. Thos. Whelan. 59

WANTED—Laborers to shovel clay at King's Highway and 'Frisco R.R. Hydraulic Press Brick Co.

WANTED—Experience burners; steady work at King's highway and 'Frisco R. R. Hydraulic Press Brick Co. 59

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A first-class rubber or hostler. J. T. Gilbird's, 5441 Page av. 62

WANTED—A good, steady, colored man, to wash dishes at Lafayette Park Hotel. 62

WANTED—Men to sell varnish in this city on commission. Address L 33, this office. 62

WANTED—A young man to drive wagon; must know all streets in southern part of city; $25 and board. 1424 Chouteau av. 62

WANTED—Five young men to engage with the Union Tel. Co. and learn telegraphing on our lines and take situations paying $65, $75, $85, $95, $100 and $125 per month. 102 N. 3d st.; elev. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!
For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Nurses.

WANTED—Family or bundle washing to take home by first-class laundress; first-class reference. 2006 Lucas av. 51

WANTED—Work by the day to do washing or to clean offices or store, by German woman. 802 S. Broadway. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2638 Lucas av.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 1522 N. 15th st. 66

WANTED—A girl for housework; good home. 1104 Franklin av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 919 Tyler st. 66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. 3151 Laclede av. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply 3200 Madison st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply 1808½ Cass av. 66

WANTED—A young girl for light housework. Apply 1927 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—Young German girl to assist in housework. 1116 N. 3d st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework, about 16 years old, at 1526 Biddle st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in small family. 1829 Cass av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. Address 1211 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—Young girl to assist in housework. Apply with references, 2650 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Immediately; a girl for housework at 2203 Randolph st.; references required. 66

WANTED—Girl 14 or 15 years old to do light housework; go home nights. Call 2914 Thomas. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of four; liberal wages. Apply, with references, at 2839 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework by a family of three grown persons. Apply at 218 N. Compton av. 66

WANTED—A neat, competent German girl for general housework; call immediately. 3612 North Market st. 66

WANTED—A good and neat girl for general housework; four in family; no children; a good home for a good girl. Ad. C 36, this office. 66

WANTED—25 girls for general work, also to cook, wash and iron; first-class cooks and girls for boarding houses. Apply to Mrs. Krause, 1115 Chestnut st. 66

Laundresses.

WANTED—Good woman to wash and iron two days in week. Apply 204½ N. 8th st. 67

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—A girl to cook. 816 S. 2d st. 68

WANTED—At 3623 Cook av. a girl to cook, wash and iron. 68

WANTED—A good cook for boarding-house; good wages. 216 S. 4th st. 68

WANTED—At 2315 Chestnut st., good cook, washer and ironer; references. 68

WANTED—A good girl or woman to cook and do general housework; good wages. Ad. L 35, this office. 68

WANTED—A girl or woman that understands cooking or general housework; fair wages. 902 St. Charles st. 68

WANTED—A good strong German girl to cook and do general housework; small family; good wages. 3714 Finney av. 68

WANTED—A cook; must assist with housework; reference required; private family; wages, $15 per month. 2305 Olive st. 68

WANTED—A good woman; must be a good cook, washer and ironer; wages $14 per month. Call after 12 o'clock Sunday at 921 Locust st. 68

WANTED—Good cook that can do general housework for one in family; one wishing a home as well as good wages an object; one near middle-aged preferred and without children. Call this evening Hunt Hotel, Room 33. 68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Two first-class skirt-trimmers and drapers at 2025 Olive st. 69

WANTED—Machine hands and hand-girls to sew on pants at 1829 Linn st. 69

WANTED—Experienced hands to work at dressmaking at once. 1514 S. Jefferson av. 69

WANTED—First-class shirt-makers; only experienced need apply. T. B. Boyd & Co., 309 N. 4th st. 69

WANTED—Dressmakers; first-class finishers and apprentices, also button-hole maker. 3573 Olive st. 69

WANTED—Operators and hand sewers on shop coats; steady work and good wages guaranteed. Apply at once. 1519 Clinton st. 69

WANTED—A first-class draper for a dressmaking establishment; none but competent person need apply; steady work to the right party; state salary wanted. Address, for three days, N 35, this office. 69

Nurses.

WANTED—A young nurse girl. 1101 S. 13th st. 70

WANTED—At 2606 Caroline st., nurse-girl for one child. 70

WANTED—Nurse to take care young baby; must have experience and reference. 2917 Washington av. 70

WANTED—A wet nurse to take baby to her house; one who has her own need not call. Apply at 1236 N. 10th st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A girl for dining-room work at 2843 Market st. 71

WANTED—German girl between 14 and 16 years. Apply 3250 Olive st. 71

WANTED—A girl or woman for the kitchen; small private boarding-house; best wages. 700 N. Jefferson av. 71

WANTED—Five young ladies to engage with Union Tel. Co. and learn telegraphing on our lines and take offices paying $65, $75, $85, $95, $100 and $125 a month. Apply Supt., 102 N. 3d st.; take elev. 71

DRESSMAKING.

SUMMER suits made in latest styles for moderate prices. 2901 Laclede av. 72

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$400, one year; personal security; good but not exorbitant interest. G 36, this office 25

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—An experienced traveling solicitor to canvass for orders for Standard Law and Bank Directory of United States. Address, with reference, stating experience, Bankers' Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo. 73

WANTED—PARTNERS.

A.—WANTED—PARTNER—In each State, to handle and control the newest and most successful advertising idea yet developed in the world; its success in Boston is unprecedented, where the author and inventor is making a fortune, as will be shown by reference to contracts from every business house, banker and real estate owner; having more territory than possible to handle alone, will sell a quarter interest in States outside of New England; a fortune can be made in every large State on $2,000 capital and moderate business ability; also, a man to take Great Britain. Address THE L. P. CO., 8 Bulfinch Place, Boston, Mass. 23

INFORMATION WANTED.

WILLIAM B. STEPHENSON, formerly of Port Deposit, Md., is requested to send his address to Richard T. Flournoy, 2743 Morgan st., St. Louis, and he will hear something to his advantage.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board in a private family by a quiet young man; must be strictly first-class. Address O 36, this office. 19

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Hall-room by a gent of 35; agreeable widow preferred. Address W 35, this office. 21

WANTED—A gentleman desires a quiet furnished room for transient use. Add. J 36, this office.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms in quiet locality by man and wife; no children; state price. Address T 35, this office. 21

WANTED—By a bachelor, a nicely furnished 2d-story front room; front south; near Grand and Olive. Address H. E., care 703 Pine st. 21

WANTED—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; west of Garrison av., north of Pine; three in family; give price and references. Address E 36, this office. 21

WANTED—Without board, of parties permanently settled, two pleasant, light connecting rooms, in modern house and good neighborhood, between Lucas avenue and Chestnut and 22d and 30th sts.; rent to include neat chamber work, gas, and reasonable attention; will partly or entirely furnish if suited; state rent. Address J. 35, this office. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WE will pay cash for houses and lots. Owners wanting to sell, call at once or send their address to TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY,
22 710 Chestnut street.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—To buy four nice oleanders cheap. Address 2100 Sidney st. 26

WANTED—Immediately, some person to adopt a healthy boy baby. 1726 Morgan st. 26

WANTED—A quantity of stove and machinery scrap iron. St. Louis Malleable Iron Company. 26

WANTED—A second-hand wood-turning lathe in 1st-class condition. B. S. Wash, 1812½ Benton st.

ALL SORTS.

INSTALMENT DEALERS will find just what they need—A full line of instalment goods sold only to the instalment trade, by addressing Instalment Dealers Supply Company, Erie, Pa. 32

MOSQUITO BARS—Low prices at J. L. Isaacs, Wall Paper Company, 1210 Olive st. 32

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32



The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St.
Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. 32

NICKEL-PLATING.
Gold, Silver, Brass and Copper Plating; also Grinding, Polishing and Buffing of every description done promptly. M. D. Degge Co., 113 S. 8th st. 32

SWIMMING SCHOOL,
1009 Morgan Street.
Open from 6 a. m. to 10 p. m. Sundays from 5 a. m. to 5 p. m. and from 7 to 10 p. m.
Water heated 78 deg.
CHR. LUDWIG.

GO TO THE COUNTRY DAIRY,
No. 1110 Morgan St., to Get Your
Milk, Cream, Butter and Buttermilk.
ALL FRESH AND PURE.
Our dairies are at Shipman, Ill. (42 miles out on the Chicago and Alton Railroad), and we handle our own milk and cream, supplying our customers direct from the cow. We inspect our dairies personally and have no hesitancy in recommending our milk and cream to be as good as the best and handled in a neat and clean manner from the time it is milked into the pail until it is delivered to our customers. Thanking our many friends and patrons for their aid and patronage in the past, and soliciting a continuance of the same in the future, we remain respectfully yours, Shipman (Ill.) Milk Company, 1110 Morgan st., dealers in milk, cream and dairy products. 32

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Store fixtures. Apply 606 Rutger st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap; a 50-inch ball bearing bicycle; good as new. 1108 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—Very cheap—One silk plush parlor set, consisting of six pieces. Ad. F 36, this office.

FOR SALE—New stenograph (short-hand machine) cheap; rare chance. For particulars address M 36, this office. 5

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—This week they all must be sold; six fine mastiff puppies, $10 each; worth $50, and two big dogs, one dog and one bitch, $15 each; worth $100 each. 1205 Chouteau av. 5

BUY YOUR FURNITURE
and household goods on time payments or for cash at the low prices now offered. 210 and 212 N. 7th st.; open evenings. E. A. SKEELE.

STOVES AND TINWARE.
Buck's Brilliant Cook and Gasoline Stoves, ice boxes, bird cages, guttering, spouting, jobbing and stoves repaired. L. F. Borntraeger, 1818 Franklin av

FURNITURE ON EASY PAYMENTS.
Ice-boxes, stoves and house furnishing goods, all sold on accommodating terms; gasoline stoves and furniture repaired at short notice. Chapman Bro., House Furnishers, 1906 to 1910 Franklin av. 5

AT COST OR LESS.
6 new plush parlor suits; 20 stuffed rockers; 200 yds remnants Brussels carpet and 200 yds Brussels stair; 6 new and 2d-hand ranges. 210 and 212 N. 7th st.; open evenings. E. A. Skeele. 5

ON TIME PAYMENTS.
I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

STALEY WANTS U
To buy house-furnishing goods at reasonable prices and of a quality that will prove satisfactory. Carpets, furniture, silverware, crockery, ice chests, gasoline stoves, etc., for cash or on a reasonable credit.
5 STALEY'S, 1009 Olive st.

A TANDEM TRICYCLE
At a sacrifice. I have a celebrated Rudge Humber Tandem, brand new, that must be sold inside of three days. You will never get as good a chance to secure a bargain. Address L. Gordon, Room 20, 108 N. 4th st., St. Louis. 5

SPECIALS THIS WEEK.
Andrew's cherry folding bed, full size, fine walnut bookcase, 4 doors; 4 cheap do; 2 secretaries; 4 fine hall-trees; 5 sideboards; three 7-piece parlor suits at $10 each; 6 cheap desks; 2 fine cribs. 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive; open evenings. E. A. Skeele. 5

STALEY'S PARLOR
goods in suits, easy and artistic chairs, divans, reception and parlor chairs are "bang up" in style and finish. Bed-rock prices for cash or on short credit if desired. Staley's, 1009 Olive st. 5

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—One of the neatest barbershops in town; centrally located; rent reasonable. Address, for one week, N 36, this office. 3

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Will surely be at place Tuesday we shook hands last. 1

PERSONAL—Maintor: Please address R 36, this office and will let you know. Flora. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted to know the address of Mary Carson, formerly of East St. Louis. Address P 36, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Middle-aged man wishes acquaintance of quiet, single lady; object, social amusement. Address D 36, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Gentleman in business wishes the acquaintance of a nice young working girl living in West End, object social amusement. Address A 36, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Will lady in cashmere dress with short hair, who noticed large gent same color coat and vest, at Cable, West End, on Friday at 12 o'clock, please address P 35 this office. 1

PERSONAL—A gentleman would like the acquaintance of a refined lady; object, social amusement. Address, in strict confidence, L 36, this office, and state where interview can be had. 1

PERSONAL—Gentleman of means and culture aged 30, about to visit the city desires to meet a nice charming young lady who is fond of social amusements. Ad. Claud LeRoy, box 100, Wilcox, Arizona Ter. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., medical and electric treatment; also electro-magnetic hand baths and baths of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A. L. SCHAFFER'S Gallery, 1630 Franklin av., for fine cabinet photos at $2 per doz. All work guaranteed. Other work at moderate prices. 74

CALL on Madame Silva. Under her massage and magnetic treatment and healthful baths the old grow young, sick are healed. This treatment is good for many ailments. 1425 Pine st. 74

DEEP-SEA SALT OYSTERS received daily. Wm. G. Milford's Ladies and Gent's Lunch-room, 209 N. Sixth st., between Pine and Olive. 74

MOSQUITO BARS—Prices reduced at J. L. Isaacs, Wall Paper Company, 1210 Olive st. 74

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Parties declining housekeeping and wishing to sell their household goods for cash would do well to call on or address
74 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

SKIN DISEASES, pimples, reddish brown eruptions, tetter or ulcers on any part of the body due to specific infection speedily cured by Dr. R. McWilliam, 821 N. 11th st. 74

USE C. Janes' Consumption Cure. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, 1400 Olive st. 74



DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure; operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

A. J. FOX'S PHOTOGRAPHS.
The best, the cheapest fine work in the city. 304 N. 6th, opposite Barr's eastern entrance. 74

PAPER 1 ROOM FOR $1.
16 rolls wall paper $1; 30 sq. ft. to roll. Roehrig & Jacoby, 1316 Franklin av. Telephone 3,191. 74

USE C. Janes' St. Vincent Powdered Tea. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, 1400 Olive st. 74

TAPE-WORM.
Dr. Ramey, specialist, 1115 Olive st., guarantees to expel Tapeworm, head and all, or no pay. Thousands of references in the city. Write. 74

HOT SPRINGS IN ST. LOUIS.
Belcher water, sulphur baths, hot and cold, for ladies and gentlemen. Water delivered every morning. No. 25 O'Fallon st. 74

USE C. Janes' Rheumatism Cure. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, 1400 Olive st. 74

Sewing Machines and Clothes Wringers.



All kinds exchanged, sold and repaired with guarantee. We save you about $10 per machine. The self-threading Eldredge is queen of all. The oldest, largest, cheapest and most reliable business of its kind in St. Louis. Estimates free. Call or address J. C. GEITZ, 1317 and 1319 North Market street. 74

Carpet Cleaning and Renovating.
Eagle Works, 21st and St. Charles sts.; fitting and laying; best work; lowest prices. 74

Staley Silver and Tableware
Is sold at lowest prices; carpets, furniture, ice chests, gasoline stoves and everything for housekeeping, for cash or on credit. STALEY, 1009 Olive st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1.
H. B. Crole & Co., Printers, 813 Locust. 74

USE C. Janes' Cough Medicine. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, No. 1400 Olive st. 74

PERSONAL—Mme. E. Montgomery, the great European fortune-teller, No. 1129 N. 7th st. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

THE Blind Lady can be consulted on all matters, the past, present and future. 608 S. 5th st. 74

USE C. Janes' Salve for all Burns and Sores. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, No. 1400 Olive st. 74

MRS. C. WILCUS,
FROM NEW ORLEANS
1400 OLIVE STREET,
The truest of all fortune-tellers, can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers and friends brought together in 9 days. Tells you name of your sweetheart and future husband. Changes all evil influences done by your enemies, friends and relations. Has charms to give you luck in all your business undertakings. Charges $1, and the rich and the poor are all treated alike; also sells all medicines manufactured by C. Janes, for all female complaints. Recommended by Mrs. C. Wilcus' mother, Mrs. J. Pfeiffer, the midwife of twenty-three years' practice. Ask your druggist for them. Received a gold medal from the ladies of this city in '84, and one from Chicago in 1885. Call early to avoid the rush. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 74

USE C. Janes' Asthma Cure. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, 1400 Olive st. 74

Mrs. Ros. Sabine,
MOST CELEBRATED
Fortune-Teller,
Business Adviser and Spiritual Healer.
Gives positively successful advice and luck in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lottery, races, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce, speculation, etc. She unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes family trouble, recovers stolen, mislaid or buried property; treats diseases spiritually only; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 801 N. 15th st., n. w. cor. Morgan st. 74

USE C. Janes' Liver pads, good for all inwardly diseases. Sold by Mrs. C. Wilcus, No. 1400 Olive st.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

1732½ DOLMAN ST.—Three-room flat; second floor; $13; near Lafayette Park.

2222 UNIVERSITY ST.—Nine rooms, 2-story stone front with the most modern improvements; to a good tenant, cheap; inquire at premises.

2526 SPRING AV.—New 3-room Home Comfort flats; free water; closets; separate cellar; separate entrances and exits; near Grand and St. Louis avs.; high and healthy; Northern Central cars pass both ways; $13 and $14 per month. C. M. Whitney & Co., 816 Pine st.

2960 MANCHESTER RD.—Flat of three rooms, either 1st or 2d floor; separate entrance; new building; electric bells; inside shutters; will rent either floor, $15. BOOTH, BARADA & CO., 617 Chestnut st.

3017 AND 3019 N. 20TH ST.—New 3-room flats; hall, gas, bath, etc. Keys at 3019.

LUCAS AV. FLATS—Corner 23d st., four rooms 1st floor; cellar; janitor; mod. imp.; $18.

FOR RENT.
GRAND MORGAN FLATS—5 and 6 rooms each; hall, bath, gas, separate entrances, large yard; rent, $25 per month each.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

3113 CHESTNUT ST.—Seven rooms, laundry, h. and c., water, cistern, cellars, large yard; rent low. 15

FOR RENT—Eight-room house, completely furnished; southern and northern exposure; nice large lawn; near Grand and Lindell av. Address W 34, this office. 15

ATTENTION!
For rent, furnished house on Pine st., west of Jefferson av.; 10 rooms; exceedingly low to right party. C. M. Whitney & Co., 816 Pine st. 15

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

29 S. 16TH ST.—One or two neatly furnished rooms, for light housekeeping. 13

101 S. 15TH ST.—Two unfurnished rooms on second floor; very desirable; also one furnished room; a lady room-mate wanted. 13

201 S. 14TH ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping with bath and gasoline stove. 13

205 SOUTH 15TH ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room and two connecting rooms furnished for housekeeping. 13

207 S. 15TH ST.—Large front room furnished for housekeeping. 13

209½ N. 7TH ST.—Furnished rooms from $1.50 to $3 per week. 13

225 S. JEFFERSON AV.—Second floor, for light housekeeping. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two or four rooms for gent or light housekeeping. 13

612 MORGAN ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms for gents; convenient to restaurants; southern exposure. 13

701 N. 7TH ST.—One small front room, furnished, 3d floor. 13

815 S. 8TH ST.—Two or three rooms furnished for housekeeping to parties without children. 13

817 N. 7TH ST.—Two front rooms on second floor, $8; two rear rooms on second floor, $7; two garrets, $5. Between North Market and Monroe, 2306 N. Broadway, nice small store and two rooms, $10. 2308 N. Broadway, large store and living rooms, $15; four rooms above, $9. Apply on premises or to James A. Smith, 817 N. 7th st.

818 S. 8TH ST.—New and nicely furnished rooms in quiet locality; private family. 13

827 LEONARD AV.—Neatly fur. front and back rooms on 2d floor, with all conveniences; suitable for gents. 13

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—An elegantly fur. room, suitable for one or two gents, without board.

1006 PINE ST.—Furnished front and back rooms for gents or light housekeeping. 13

1015 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished small room to one gentleman at $1.50 per week; bath. 13

1016 N. 18TH ST.—Neatly furnished, airy third-story room, suitable for one or two gents. 13

1019 HICKORY ST.—One furnished back parlor in small private family. 13

1021 DILLON ST.—Four rooms second floor, and one room third floor; water in kitchen, bath, w. c., use of laundry. 13

1111 N. 15TH ST.—Three rooms, second floor. Inquire down stairs. 13

1116 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished parlors for rent cheap. 13

1117 FRANKLIN AV.—Neat second-story room for gent; $7 a month. 13

1119 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms; one single, one unfurnished. 13

1213 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms; southern exposure; suitable for gents' sleeping-rooms; rent reasonable. 13

1320 S. 10TH ST. (bet. Autumn and Morrison av.)—A suite of nicely furnished rooms, suitable for three or four gents; private family; gas and bath; rent $26. 13

1424 MORGAN ST.—Two handsomely fur. rooms; single or en suite; bath and every con. 13

1434 S. 10TH ST.—Second floor front; 2 unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. 2d and 3d story front rooms; gas and bath; so. exp. 13

1521 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms; single or en-suite; southern and eastern exposure. 13

1523 PINE ST.—For rent by first of July, one fur. or unfurnished front room; ref. req. 13

1523 WASHINGTON AV.—In private family, handsomely furnished second-story front, for one month; also other nice rooms for permanent tenants; gas, bath and rooms have the best of care; gentlemen only. 13

1613 CHESTNUT ST.—2 nicely fur. room, 1st floor, single or ensuite; so. ex.; rent reasonable. 13

1628 PINE ST. — Two connecting rooms, furnished; cheap to gentleman. 13

1730 CARR PLACE (Wash st.)—Three large airy rooms well furnished, modern house; large grounds. Will rent cheap for the summer. Gentlemen only. 13

1800 WASH ST.—Large, nicely fur. rooms for rent; single or en suite. 13

1807 CARR PLACE (Wash st.)—Three pleasant second-story rooms; southern exposure; every convenience; reference exchanged. 13

1828 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsome room for one or two gentlemen; use of bath. 13

1923 LUCAS AV.—Two second-story rooms, furnished or unfurnished; southern exposure. 13

2135 EUGENIA ST.—Seven rooms, kitchen and laundry in good order, with all conveniences. 13

2234 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished room; private family: references required. 13

2248 SULLIVAN AV.—One nicely furnished room. 13

2329 NORTH MARKET ST.—Three rooms on 1st floor; water in kitchen; will rent cheap; also two rooms on 2d floor. 13

2342 CARR ST.—One room; furnished; rent low. 13

2348 PINE ST.—Two large handsomely furnished second-story rooms; single or en suite; all first-class conveniences; frontage south, north and west; for gentlemen only. 13

2503 N. 10TH ST.—Neatly furnished room in small private family; hall and bath; rent moderate. 13

2513 SPRING AV.—Eight rooms and bath, arranged for one or two families; $25. Apply at 2441 Spring av. 13

2723 THOMAS ST.—Second-story front room; so. ex.; three large windows, gas and bath. 13

2815 GAMBLE ST.—Four pleasant rooms, first floor; privilege of bath to parties without small children; references exchanged. 13

2819 EASTON AV.—Two or three nice unfurnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping; water, gas and bath. 13

3015 DICKSON ST.—Five rooms and bath; second floor. 13

3710 MORGAN ST.—Furnished room with privilege of bath; second floor; on Cable line. 13

3912 EVANS AV.—Half of eight-room house, second floor; rent reasonable. 13

4134 COOK AV.—Half of 8-room house; water, bath and laundry; five minutes' walk to three lines cars; very desirable. Apply to owners up-stairs. 13

FOR RENT—Three rooms, second floor. 2249 McNair av. 13

FOR RENT—Two rooms and kitchen in rear of 1009 N. Compton av. 13

FOR RENT—Pleasant home for one or two young ladies in private family; terms reasonable. Address M 35, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Two rooms rear of 2820 N. Broadway, $5; 2 rooms rear of 2320 N. 2d st., $5; colored folks preferred. Apply to JOHN BYRNE, JR., & CO. 13

WANTED—Young gentleman to join me in renting furnished room. Ad. H 36, this office. 13

FOR RENT.
220 S. Beaumont, 2-story, 6 rooms $25 00
321 Argyle av., 2-story, 6 rooms 22 50
Also several other dwellings, rooms, etc. Call and examine our list.
MEAGHER & NAGLE,
13 S. E. Cor. 9th and Chestnut sts.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

SUBURBAN COTTAGE FOR RENT.
Only one more vacant at Etzel Station; 5c fare to Union Depot on Wabash Railroad; 8c fare on Cable and Western Railroad, leading direct to Barr's, Olive and 6th sts.; this residence is just completed in perfect style; six large rooms; large grounds; cistern, etc. See T. S. NOONAN, 800 Chestnut st.,
16 Or Dr. John T. O'Brien, Sutter av.

BOARDING.

37 S. CHANNING AV.—Comfortable room with breakfast, use of hot and cold bath, gas and all conveniences for two gentlemen; $9 a month each; Sunday dinner if desired; private family. 18

414 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Second-story front room, nicely furnished, good board, private family, for two gents. 18

908 N. 18TH ST.—Gentlemen that answered my advertisement regarding room and board, call again, as satisfactory terms will be made. 18

1114½ N. 19TH ST.—A nicely furnished front room, with board and bath and all accommodations in private family; terms, $4.50 per week.

1522 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board; also, hall-rooms. 18

1601 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished, pleasant, light and airy rooms, with or without board; moderate terms. 18

1605 WASHINGTON AV.—Second-story front room, nicely furnished; good board; southern exposure; also room-mate for gent; reference exchanged. 18

1804 LUCAS PLACE—Coolest place in the city; good rooms and board at $5 a week. 18

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Nicely furnished room, s. exp., with board; also, gent room-mate wanted. 18

2344 PINE ST.—First-class board with or without rooms; southern ex.; large yard 18

2810 DAYTON ST.—A large and nicely furnished second-story front room, with excellent board, for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; convenient to Cable and Northern Central car lines. 18

2934 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished 3d-story rooms with good board. 18

3014 EASTON AV.—Day-boarders accommodated. 18

3122 LUCAS AV.—Elegantly furnished second-story front for gent and wife or two gents; folding bed, gas, bath, hot and cold water; good table; the location very desirable; private family; references exchanged. 18

FOR RENT—Parties wishing fur. or unfur. rooms with board during fall carnival and Encampment in Exposition block, address M 33, this office. 18

ST. JAMES HOTEL gives board and room at from $5 to $10 per week, and from $30 to $40 per month. 18

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

620 BEAUMONT ST., between Washington and Lucas avs.—Third-story brick-house, 10 rooms, bath, etc. Mechin & Picot, 609 Chestnut st.

1303 HICKORY ST.—Two-story brick; 6 rooms. Mechin & Picot, 609 Chestnut st. 14

1351 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—A 6-room house with gas, hall, bath, etc.; rent, $25.

1503 WASHINGTON AV.; $65 per month.
1505 Washington av.; $65 per month.
123 S. Compton av.; $30.
119 S. Compton av.; $30.
FARRAR & CO.,
14 624 Chestnut.

1612 PINE ST.—Nice two-story brick, 8 rooms, hall, gas, bath, etc.; in first-class order; $35 per month.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY, Agents,
14 710 Chestnut st.

2323 OLIVE ST.—Nice three-story brick, 11 rooms, hall, gas, bath, nice yard, etc.; in good order; $40 per month.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY,
14 710 Chestnut st.

2623 MADISON ST.—6 rooms and bath; front and back yard; southern exposure. 14

2702 LOCUST ST.—10-room dwelling; newly papered and painted. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—Cheap, 3413 Walnut st., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN,
14 605 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—A nice two-story brick house, with large yard and stable, on Compton Hill, near the residence of Henry C. Haarstick. Apply to Mechin & Picot, 609 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT.
SIX-ROOM STONE FRONTS,
4020-4022 N. Grand av., containing halls, gas, bath, laundry, etc., convenient to three street car lines; will rent cheap to good tenants.
M'CANN, RICE & FARRINGTON,
14 808 Chestnut st.

DWELLINGS.
FOR RENT—3720 Sullivan av., nice, new, 6-room house; $18.
3722 Sullivan av., nice, new, 6-room house; $18.
3724 Sullivan av., nice, new, 6-room house; $18.
2828 N. Grand av., 8-room house, with large stable; only $25.
Apply to J. A. DUFFY & CO.,
4 806 Chestnut st.

MULLANPHY BOARD HOUSES
FOR RENT.
307 Locust st.—Two rooms, 2d floor: suitable for lawyers' offices; $25.
712 North Levee—Three stories, suitable for warehouse or manufacturing purposes; $40.
1803 O'Fallon st.—11 rooms, bath, gas, etc.; $27.
1510 N. 12th st.—6 rooms; $18.
1508 N. 12th st.—6 rooms; $18.
2111 Cass av., first floor, 3 rooms; $15.
JOHN D. FINNEY,
Secretary Mullanphy Board,
14 307 Locust st.

FOR RENT.
DWELLINGS.
3704 Evans av., 3-story, 10-room stone-front, and 50 feet of ground 45 00
3101 Chestnut st., 9-room stone-front 55 00
2910 Olive st., 9-room stone-front 50 00
2626 Lafayette av., 3-story brick, 10 rooms 40 00
918 Warren st., 2½-story brick, 9 rooms, etc. 15 00
3412 Mary Ann av., 5 rooms, large yard and stable 16 00
2228 Hebert st., 5-room house, large yard 18 00
4108 Lee av., 5-room frame cottage, large yard, stable 8 50
4561 Kennerly av., 5-room, 2-story brick, large yard, stable 15 00
FLATS AND ROOMS.
2214 Olive st., nice 7-room flat, 2d story 30 00
3415 Olive st., 5-room flat, 3d story 16 50
3421 Olive st., 2d-story, 5-room flat, bath, w. c., etc. 20 00
DAVID BAILEY,
14 809 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE BY—
CHAS. H. FRANKE & SON,
716 Chestnut st.
2908 Arsenal st., house of 6 rooms, hall, etc., $1,300.
2830 Ohio av., house of 6 rooms; $1,800.
1221 St. Ange ave., house of 11 rooms; $4,000.
2719 Missouri ave., tenement of 12 rooms; $2,800
3725 California ave., house of 8 rooms, hall, water, etc.; iron front and side porches; lot 150x125; $5,000.
1117 Dolman st., stone-front, 8 rooms; $8,500.
4240 Kennerly ave., frame, 3 rooms; $1,100.
2827 Morgan, house of 8 rooms; $6,500.
2226 Walnut, house of 8 rooms; $2,600.
UNIMPROVED.
Kossuth, s. w. cor. Pleasant, 25x120; $25.
Arsenal; n. w. cor. Indiana, 25x121; $32.50.
Jefferson ave., opp. Benton Park, 50x116; $45.
Grand ave., so. of Shenandoah, 50x135 $35.
Wyoming ave. n. w. cor. Ohio, 35x125; $20.
Finney ave. e. of Sarah, 275x140; $42.50.
Cook ave. e. of Sarah, 250x140; $42.50.
Russell ave. w. of California, 50x105; $45.
Russell ave. w. of Ohio, 50x125; $45.
Menard st. s. of Sidney, 25x139; $40. 14

FOR RENT---DWELLINGS.
1109 Pine st., 5 rooms; $20.
2027 Pine st., 8 rooms; $40.
1317 Chestnut st., 10 rooms; $40.
1322 Chestnut st., 8 rooms; $30.
2325 Chestnut st., 8 rooms; $37.50.
2221 Market st., 6 rooms; $22.50.
111 Morgan st., 3 rooms; $15.
1510 Poplar st., 9 rooms; $20.
2217 Cass av., 3 rooms; $12.
1504 Papin st., 9 rooms; $40.
2229 Olive st., 10 rooms; $55.
1210 N. 6th st., 5 rooms; $20.
1709 Olive st., 11 rooms; $70.
3433 Lucas av., 7 rooms; $50.
2206 Lucas place, 10 rooms; $70
1106 Locust st., 10 rooms; $60.

STORES.
306 Market st.; $25.
615 N. 2d st., building; $100.
1213 N. Broadway, building.
712 N. Commercial st.
1016 Collins st.
1103 N. Main st.
124 Olive st.
411 N. 12th st., shop.
1033 N. Main st.
1008 Pine st.; $25
4th and Chestnut, basement.
415 N. 4th st., building.
408 N. 4th st., building.
302 N. 4th st., storeroom.
CHAS. H. TURNER & CO.,
706 Pine st.

FOR RENT—
BOOTH, BARADA & CO.,
617 Chestnut Street,
HAVE FOR RENT THE FOLLOWING
DWELLINGS.
2605 N. Ninth st., 6 rooms $20 00
2206 Clark av., 7 rooms, hall, gas, etc. 23 00
6?1 N. Twenty-third st., 8 rooms, stone-front, all conveniences 35 00
1403 Chouteau av., 10 rooms, all conveniences, good brick stable, large yard 45 00
1313 Chouteau av., stone-front, detached, large yard, all conveniences 45 00
3004 Cass av., 8 rooms, large yard, stable, etc 35 00
1422 N. Jefferson av., 6 rooms, yard; near Cass av 20 00
1905 N. Tenth st., 6 rooms 18 00
2309 Market st., 6 rooms, hall, gas 22 50
1811 Kennett place, 10-room, first-class house; all modern conveniences ....
2129 Market st., two-story brick, 6 rooms; all conveniences 25 00
112 to 122 N. 13th st.; this row of 6 houses containing 8 rooms each; will lease same for term of years or will alter to suit tenant. Rent reasonable.
2203 Wash st., 10-room detached brick; good yard and brick stable 50 00
1405 Papin st., 7 rooms, hall, gas and bath 20 00
2623 Pine st., 10 rooms, stone-front, all conveniences 45 00
619 Soulard st., 6 rooms 20 00
BUSINESS PURPOSES.
209 N. Fourth st.—The new, first-class 5-story building, 30x127, with good basement underneath same, with plenty of light, good shipping facilities, all modern improvements; will be leased for a term of years ....
22 S. Fourth st., near Market st., 1 store-room ....
1021 N. Seventh st., store and rooms, water in kitchen 18 00
3647 Cozens av., store-room 20 00
221 S. Second st., store and rooms 25 00
OFFICES.
Northwest corner of Second and Pine sts.; offices in this building on second and third floors, at $10, $15 and $20.
315 Olive st., 3 rooms, third floor 20 00
617 Chestnut st., front office room, second floor, suitable for lawyer 25 00
FLATS.
2218 Lucas av., "new flats," 3 rooms 1st floor, separate entrance, inside shutters, nice closets, inside sep. cellar; key grocery 15 00
2956 Manchester Road, 3 rooms, 1st or 2d floor; electric bells; new elegant first-class flats, just completed; will rent either floor for 15 00

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Coal yard, 220 Valentine st.; good stand. 4

FOR SALE—Good pork route cheap; two horses and harness. Apply 1816 Sidney st. 4

FOR SALE—First-class confectionery and bakery, with ice cream parlors; splendid trade and best location; reason for selling, sickness. Address H 32, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Good will and trade of an old establishment. Commission and produce store having a good order trade; both city and country. Apply to John A. Sloan, 716 N. 3d st. 4

FOR SALE—Saloon at northwest corner of 12th and Pine street, together with long lease on entire building; rent low; for particulars inquire at office of Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Company, 2000 Chouteau av. 4

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

18 N. 3D ST.—3d and 4th floors; large and cheerful; all conveniences; rent low.
FARRAR & CO.,
17 624 Chestnut.

412 N. MAIN ST.—4-story, all new and in first-class order.
607 and 608 N. Levee, suitable for warehouses.
716 N. 2d st., formerly occupied by Rumsey & Sickmeier; a choice store at a reasonable rent.
FARRAR & CO.,
17 624 Chestnut st.

710 N. 4TH ST.—Store—4-story building; rent reasonable; elevator, etc. Apply at once.
17 FARRAR & CO., 624 Chestnut st.

2966 MANCHESTER RD.—Corner Montrose av., an elegant first-class store, suitable for drug store or any mercantile business; new building, with rooms above. BOOTH, BARADA & CO.,
17 617 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Store, 8th and Olive; elegant location for news and book stand; rent cheap. Apply to LANCASTER & TIERNAN,
17 202 N. 8th st.

FOR RENT—Building N. W. cor. Park av. and Broadway. This prominent building, well suited for any line of business; can be had reasonable.
17 H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. Eighth st.

FOR RENT.
STORES—STORES.
A year.
811 N. Main st., 4-story stone building, very strongly built, cellar, elevator, vaults, etc. $2,500
9 S. Broadway, 3-story business house, corner alley 2,000
3421 Olive st., fine store, with good cellar 420
214 Locust st., second and third story; elevator and good cellar 660
DAVID BAILEY,
17 809 Chestnut st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A silver open-face watch and chain on Russel av., between Ohio and Compton avs. Address 2644 Ann av. 30

LOST—Fox terrier, white, with black spots and red about the head. $5 reward if left at Room 10, s. e. cor. 5th and Olive sts. 30

LOST—Or Stolen.—Sorrel horse 15 hands high; rope burn on right hind leg. Liberal reward will be given for information. John Carey, 5317 N. Broadway. 30

$10 REWARD—For delivery to 1422 Washington av. of a gent's gold watch; lost Thursday on Duncan av. near King's highway. 30

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

FIVE TROTTING STALLIONS.
Gilbird's Sprague, 2:21¾, and four others in the stud. J. F. Gilbirds, 5441 Page av. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A gray horse. 1913 Madison st. 12

FOR SALE—One horse, harness, peddling wagon and license, at 701 N. 12th st.; $65. 12

FOR SALE—A 6-year-old pony; sound and gentle; good traveler. A. Greve, Jennings Station. 12

FOR SALE—Top buggies, park, grocery, baker, butcher and dry goods wagons. 1604 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—One light spring delivery wagon, one open piano-box buggy. Apply to Dugan & Benish, 1627 Clark av. 12

FOR SALE—For want of use, heavy bay horse, a stake wagon and an extra well-built covered platform spring wagon. 113 Elm st. 12

FOR SALE—175 new and second-hand barouches, surreys, buggies, park, grocery, baker and spring wagons of all kinds. Give us a call; you can buy almost at your own price, at Carroll Bros.' Carriage Factory, 1221 and 1223 N. Broadway. 12

LATEST style Bernhardt buggies, grocery and park wagons; all 1st-class work; also 2d-hand vehicles at low prices; orders of new work, repairing and repainting attended to. E. H. Nolte, 1623 N. 7th st.

McCABE, YOUNG & CO., 1128 N. Main st., have a large variety of milk, butchers' and grocers' wagons at very low prices. Telephone 3,292. 12

IF you want a light vehicle of any kind, call on us, as we are selling out the complete stock of carriages belonging to the estate of the late Nathan Card, at less than cost to close his estate, at the old stand 604 Market st. 12 L. MOLLER & CO.





Fly Nets!
The Largest Stock in the West.
J. B. SICKLES SADDLERY CO.,
Washington Avenue and Eleventh Street.

HEIDEMAN-BENOIST
SADDLERY CO.,
419 N. Sixth St.



LARGEST LINE OF
SUMMER GOODS
IN ST. LOUIS.

FINANCIAL.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

$100,000 TO LOAN on St. Louis real estate at 6 per cent, in large and small amounts. TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY,
31 710 Chestnut street.

FURNITURE LOANS.
$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

AN EASY way and easy terms, money can be obtained in sums to suit on furniture, pianos, without removal, etc., in use. O. C. Voelcker, 807 Locust st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY loaned on all first-class collateral. T. P. Ritchie, 418½ Olive st., Room 16. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan. 31

MONEY to loan on jewelry, guns and pistols from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate at lowest rates of interest
E. H. PONATH & CO.,
Real Estate and Financial Agents,
515 Chestnut st.

STORAGE.

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored, money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; get our rates; money advanced; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 31

MUSICAL.

REMOVAL—P. G. Anton, first-class pianos, 1110 Olive st.; old pianos taken in exchange. 27

WANTED—To buy twenty-five second hand pianos for cash. C. E. Holtz, 1517 Franklin av. 27

WANTED—Lady music teacher to come to the house; terms must be reasonable. Address K 36, this office. 27

REAL ESTATE.

CHAS. F. VOGEL,
(Late Clerk Circuit Court.)
HOUSE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
No. 507 Chestnut Street.
Money to loan at 6 per cent interest on real estate security.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A fine building lot on Slattery st., very cheap. Apply at 3524 Cass av. 8

FOR SALE—100-foot lot in Cabanne Place, situated in choice location; can be had at reasonable price. 8 H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. Eighth st.

Clemens Place!

Lots in this beautiful subdivision are all on nice grade, streets, sewers, etc., all made; but forty minutes' ride from 6th and Locust sts. to Cabanne or Hamilton Station. H. L. CORNET & CO., 8 110 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE.

Business, Dwelling and Building Lots
IN VARIOUS PARTS OF THE CITY.
Apply to JOHN MAGUIRE,
8 519 Walnut st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At Benton Station, Mo. Pac. R. R., a nice 2d-story frame-house, 7 rooms with lot 100x182; 3 minutes' walk to the depot; railroad fare, only 4c. Apply to Mechin & Picot, 609 Chestnut st. 9

FOR SALE—A delightful home at Ferguson, new house just completed, eight rooms and hall; all conveniences; must be sold at once; this is a bargain. CHAS. C. NICHOLLS, Agent,
9 720 Chestnut st.

SUBURBAN.

Benton Station—No. 2026 McCausland av., 6-room frame house; lot 100x210; one-third cash, balance monthly.
Houses and lots at all suburban points, cheap.

L. E. ANDERSON & CO.,
816 CHESTNUT ST.,
Real Estate and Financial Agents.

THE ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Is delivered by Carriers at 15 Cents a week in more than 400 Cities and Towns in the surrounding States.

BRANCH OFFICES IN THE CITY.

The following branch offices have been established where Want Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received and where the paper is kept for sale:

BENTON ST., 1501.—Otto Sutter, Druggist.
BROADWAY, 2001 N.—Otto D'Amour, Druggist.
BROADWAY, 2613 S.—E. Geisler, Druggist, Telegraph and Post-office.
BROADWAY, 3907 S.—Francis Hemm, Prescription Druggist.
BROADWAY, 7621 S.—Waibel's Carondelet Drug Store.
CASS AV., 1827.—C. W. Tomfohrde, Fine Drugs.
CHOUTEAU AV., 1500.—H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist.
CHOUTEAU AV., 2837.—W. E. Krueger, Druggist.
DODIER ST., 2248.—A. & B. Vogt, Druggists.
EASTON AV., 3128, cor. Compton.—F. C. Pauley, Pharmacist.
EAST GRAND AV., 1923.—Wurmbs' Drug Store.
ELEVENTH ST., 3701 N., Cor. Salisbury.—Wurmbs' Drug Store.
FINNEY AV., 3837.—Paul E. Fiquet, Drug Store.
FRANKLIN AV., 1600.—C. Klipstein, Drugs.
FRANKLIN AV., 3341.—J. B. Baseler, Druggist.
GAMBLE ST., 2631.—Braun's Pharmacy.
LAFAYETTE AV., 1800.—Emile Kuenster, Druggist.
LAFAYETTE AV., 2601.—C. E. Neubert, Druggist.
MARKET ST., 2846.—St. Louis Pharmacy Co.
MORGAN ST., 3930.—Procter's Drug Store.
NORTH MARKET ST., 3522.—W. D. Temm, Druggist.
OLIVE ST., 1500.—Russell Riley, Druggist.
OLIVE ST., 3000.—Wm. R. Grant, Prescription Pharmacist.
OLIVE ST. 3500.—Adam B. Roth, Druggist.
PARK AV., 1937.—G. H. J. Andreas, Druggist.
SIDNEY ST., 2100.—E. DuFour, Confectioner.
SALINA ST., 2870, cor. Pestalozzi.—August P. Kaltwasser, Druggist.
TAYLOR AV., 1900., Cor. Garfield.—G. H. Wagner, Druggist.
WALNUT ST., 2200.—Walnut Street Pharmacy.
WASHINGTON AV., 2328.—Thos. G. Glenn, Druggist.
EAST ST. LOUIS, Missouri Av.—Oscar F. Kresse, Books, Newspapers, Fancy Goods, etc.
BELLEVILLE, ILL.—(Chandler Building), Kaercher & Stolberg.

It is for sale on all trains and Steamboats leaving St. Louis, and at the following, among other, leading points:

Burlington, Kan.—Victor King, Post-Office.
Cherryvale, Kan.—R. S. T. Asdel.
Chicago, Ill.—Palmer House, Sherman House, Leland House, Brentano & Bro., 101 State st.; Tremont House, Grand Pacific Hotel.
Cleveland, O.—News Stand in Depot.
Columbus, Kan.—Branin & Slease.
Council Grove, Kan.—Gibbs & McDonald.
Cincinnati, O.—J. R. Hawly, 164 Vine st.
Canton, Miss.—J. G. Fellows.
Dallas, Texas.—J. Jackson.
Denver, Col.—S. B. Wright, 385 Larimer and 391 Sixteenth; C. W. Paradice, 392 Lawrence st., and St. James Hotel.
Evansville, Ind.—Smith & Butterfield, 129 Main st.
El Paso, Tex.—Grand Central Hotel.
Ft. Smith, Ark.—Phillips & Son, Floyd & Collier Louis Baer, F. J. Bruder & Bro.
Ft. Worth, Tex.—H. S. Kratz.
Galena, Kan.—Dana & Dana.
Girard, Kan.—McNaught & Springer.
Hannibal, Mo.—N. V. Wollner, 211 Broadway; L. Morris, D. L. Hubbard and D. F. McCarty.
Holly Springs, Miss.—West & Co.
Hot Springs, Ark.—Hotels and News Stands.
Jacksonville, Fla.—H. M. Tritot.
Jackson, Miss.—Eyrict & Co.
Kansas City, Mo.—Union Depot News Stand; J. F. Cleveland, 556 Cherry st.; H. T. Pierce.
Kenton, Tenn.—J. D. Graham.
Keokuk, Io.—D. Lewry, 523 Main st.
Leadville, Col.—B. F. Gardner & Co., 608 Harrison av.
Louisville, Ky.—C. T. Dearing, corner Third and Jefferson av.
Memphis, Tenn.—R. M. Mansford, 298 Main st; John Lang: Citizens News Depot, 285 Main st.
Mexico City, Mex.—C. M. St. Hill, Apartado, 71.
Minneapolis, Minn.—Nicollette House News Stand
Nashvill, Tenn.—W. S. Duckwood & Co.
New York, N.Y.—Brentano & Bro., 5 Union Square, Metropolitan Hotel; Windsor Hotel.
New Orleans, La.—Geo. Ellis, opposite Post-Office, and W. F. Goldwaite.
Omaha, Neb.—Barkalow & Bro., Union Depot.
Oswego, Kan.—B. F. Harrison and J. H. Boulter.
Pilot Point, Tex.—J. B. Pondrom.
Palestine, Tex.—Louis Durr, W. E. Swift & Co.
Pittsburg, Kan.—Thomas Elliott.
Quincy, Ill.—T. G. Spindler, 19 N. Sixth st., T. W. Ward.
San Francisco, Cal.—Scott's Book Store, 22 Third st., and R. C. Wilber, Palace Hotel, and Baldwin Hotel.
Van Buren, Ark.—L. W. Jacques.
Vincennes, Ind.—T. Robinson.
Vicksburg, Miss.—Clarke & Co., 149 Washington st.
Washington, D. C.—Brentano Bros., 1015 Pennsylvania av.; Williard's Hotel.
Wichita, Kan.—Wichita News Company, W. A. & L. J. Green.

The POST-DISPATCH is on file in Europe at American Exchange, 449 Strand, and C. A. Gillig, 9 Strand, Charring Cross, London, Eng., and American Exchange, 35 Boulevard des Capucines, Paris, France.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check, to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies dispatched to their own POST-OFFICE address.

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One of the most desirable 6-room houses in the city, 3404 Pine st., can be had at a bargain if sold at once; easy terms; part cash and balance monthly payments if desired.
CHAS. C. NICHOLLS,
Real Estate and Financial Agent,
7 720 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS—A new business corner paying $2,500 per annum on 5-year lease will be sold at $25,000; a block of six 7-room brick dwellings, all in good repair and well located, paying $2,400 per annum, will be sold at $26,000; also two neat 6-room dwellings in good order, paying over $500 per annum, will be sold at $5,250. All of which we are ordered to sell at once.
JAMES M. CARPENTER & CO., Agents,
7 206 N. 8th st.

For Sale on Monthly Payments.

Several new houses in West End with all modern conveniences from $2,000 to $4,000.
VALLAT & VOGEL,
7 814 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE.

On monthly payments, 803 Clarkson place; near Cable road; just east of Vandeventer av. and south of Morgan st.; new 7-room stone front; hall, bath, gas, electric-bells, large yard.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
7 206 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
1931 Dodier Street.

A nice two-story brick with 40 feet front. Open for inspection to-morrow (Sunday) from 2 to 5 p. m.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY, Agents,
7 710 Chestnut st.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

Elegant hotel of 28 rooms, with six acres of choice land, situated on the I. M. R. R., at Kimmswick, only a few minutes' ride from the city. This is a choice piece of property, with a good business stand. Will be sold on long time, and at a price to suit the times.
BOOTH, BARADA & CO.,
7 617 Chestnut st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A very fine blue-grass stock farm, one of the best in the State of Illinois; tile-drained and highly-improved; extensive stock-sheds and lasting water; good residence and tenement houses; convenient to two railroads. Can be divided into three farms. Send for description; also catalogue of other farms. N. C. HUDSON & CO.,
79 Real Estate Agents, 621 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—Cheap—A farm of 120 acres, 60 acres clear and under fence; good dwelling-house and barn, and a young orchard of fruit-trees which are loaded down with fruit; also 80 acres of mineral lands; situated 1½ miles south of Arcadia, the beautiful summer resort; just the place for some overheated family of St. Louis who wish to spend the summer in a cool delightful place; 700 feet above St. Louis. For particulars, address Louis Miller, Arcadia, Mo. 79

SEALED PROPOSALS.

CONTRACTORS—The undersigned will receive proposals for the removal of 15,000 to 20,000 cubic yards of earth at Reeber place, immediately west of Tower Grove Park, on or before Tuesday, June 28, 1887, 3 o'clock p. m. A deposit of $200 will be required with each bid. For specifications call at my office, 615 Chestnut st. JULIUS PITZMAN,
Engineer-in-Charge.

WHEREAS, Levy E. Whybark and Mary C., his wife, by their deed of trust, dated July 18, 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office of Wayne County, Missouri, in book 1, page 283, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, situated in said County of Wayne in the State of Missouri, to-wit: The east half of Section 13 and the north half of the northwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 13. Township 28, north of range 7 east, also the north half of lot No. 2, southwest quarter, Section 7, and north half of lot No. 2, northwest quarter Section 18, all in Township No. 27, range 6 east, with all the improvements thereon being; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed described; and

Whereas, The said note and the interest thereon remains due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned, will sell said property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the east door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, between the hours of 9 o'clock, a. m. and 5 o'clock, p. m.,

ON FRIDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1887,

for the purposes of said trust.
G. M. STEWART, Trustee.
W. C. MARSHALL, Att'y for Cestui qui trust.
St. Louis, June 25, 1887.

Sam'l A. Gaylord. John H. Blessing.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,
Stock Brokers,
NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.
Granite Mountain, Small Hopes, Hope and Adams Mining Stocks Bought and Sold.

INVESTMENT BONDS.

County Bonds, City Bonds, Township Bonds, School Bonds, Gas Bonds, Water Bonds, Street Railway Bonds, And all Local Stocks
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,
307 Olive Street 307

Callaway County Bonds.

The old 6 per cent bonds being called in, holders of the same desirous to exchange for the new 5 per cent bonds at par, or preferring to take the money August 1, next, will please notify the undersigned as early as possible, giving the number and denomination of their bonds; or any one wishing to purchase the new bonds will please address
MATTHEWS & WHITAKER,
St. Louis, Funding Agents Callaway County, Missouri.

J. W. BOOTH & SONS
GRAIN COMMISSION HOUSE,
Room No. 6, Mitchell Building, No. 212 N. Third Street, St. Louis.
Special attention given to the selling of BULK GRAIN.

WM. F. WERNSE & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Bank Stocks, Municipal Bonds, Local Securities and Mining Stocks.
210 N. THIRD STREET.
Telephone No. 1014. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Smith's Type Writer
AND
CALIGRAPH RIBBONS.
Carbon Papers and Type-Writer Papers.
Levison & Blythe Stationery Co., Agents,
218 and 215 N. Third St.

NEW SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.
EQUITABLE BUILDING,
Sixth and Locust.
Parties wishing to deposit valuables of any description can obtain on reasonable terms
BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF STORAGE.
The largest and best equipped Vaults in the United States.
Call and Examine. Boxes to rent from $10 up.
THE MISSOURI SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
DIRECTORS.
Louis Fitzgerald, George D. Capen, Henry C. Haarstick, Henry G. Marquand, George W. Allen, Henry B. Hyde, D. K. Ferguson, William Nichols, President, James J. Hoyt.

Didn't Like Boston.

From Tid-Bits.

"Are you not perfectly delighted with our dear old Boston?" Asked a gushing Bostonian of a young woman from Arizona; "we are very proud of our city, and I am sure you will be charmed with its lovely suburbs, its works of art, its beautiful homes—oh, it is lovely!" "Yes," said Miss Arizona coolly, "it's pretty fly. I don't know but it takes the cake over Omaha in some things. But, somehow or other, I ain't very much stuck on either place. I like Dodge City, Kan., 'bout as well as any place I ever struck. It's got the snap and go that Boston never had." The Bostonian has been down with nervous prostration ever since.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, June 25, 11:30 a. m.—The market this morning for stocks opened higher than last night's closing prices, Manhattan's first sale being 139 against 135 last night, and a natural tone was shown in all the dealings. There was no vestige of yesterday's panic apparent and although the market was for a while ragged, the roughness soon wore away, and it is now steady in nearly all cases at an advance of from 1 to 3 per cent over last night's close. Money is offered freely at 6 per cent by the same parties that were credited with forcing up the rates yesterday. There are supporting orders in all the stocks and the brokers' offices all show a great increase in the number of customers and many new accounts have been opened. There are more brokers now actively trading in the Board than has been seen at any time since the December break. The sub-Treasury officials have not yet received orders to cash the checks for July interest mailed from Washington last night but expect to through the day.

BOSTON, June 25.—Mexican Central bonds: 4s, 79@80; 7s, 72@73; scrip, 99@100; common, 16@16⅛. Mining stocks: Huron, 3@3¼; Allouez, 112½@125; Calumet & Hecla, 210@212.

LONDON, June 25, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 101 7-16 for both money and the account.

2 p. m.—Consols closed unchanged.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	58	58¼	58	58¼
Canadian Pacific	60½	60½	60	60½
Central New Jersey	77	77½	76⅝	77¼
Central Pacific				
Chic., St P., M. & O	50¼	50¾	49¼	50½
do pfd	114⅛	114⅛	114	114
C., R. I. & P.	130	130⅞	130	130⅞
C., B. & Q.	143	143	142¼	142¼
C., M. & St. P.	88⅛	88¾	87½	88½
C. & N. W. com	117	118	117	118
Cotton Oil Trust	43½	44	43	43¾
Del., Lack & W	133¾	134⅞	133½	134⅝
Del. & Hudson	102⅜	102⅛	101¾	101⅝
Denver & Rio Grande	28½	29	28½	29
East Tenn. com				
do pfd				
Erie com	31½	31¾	31¼	31½
do pfd	69¾	70	69¾	70
do 2d mtg bds	99			99
Ft. W. & Den	46¼	46¾	46¼	46½
Hocking Valley	29¾	30	29¾	30
Houston & Texas				
Illinois Central				
Ind., B. & W.				
Lake Shore	96⅞	97⅛	96½	97⅛
Louis. & Nash	65	65⅛	64¾	65
Michigan Central	88	89¾	88	89¾
Missouri Pacific	103	103	102	102¾
Mo., Kan. & Texas	28¼	28⅜	27¾	28⅜
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	138	138	134	137
New York & New England	49⅛	49¾	48¼	49¼
New York Central	111	111	110¾	110⅝
Norfolk & Western common				
do do pref	47½	48½	47½	48
Northern Pacific common	32½	32¾	32½	32⅝
do do pref	60			60
Ohio Southern				
Oregon & Transcontinental	30⅛	30⅜	30	30⅜
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co	98½	100	98½	100
Ohio & Miss common	27¾	27⅞	27½	27¼
Pacific Mail	50	50⅛	48¾	49⅝
Peo Dec. & Evansville	34⅞	35	34⅞	35
Philadelphia & Reading	50¼	51¼	50¼	51
Pullman Palace Car	151			151
St. Paul & Duluth common	91	91⅝	91	91⅝
do do pref				
St. L. & San F. common	36⅛	38¾	36½	38¾
do 1st pref				
do 2d pref	75	76	75	76
St. P., M. & Manitoba				
Texas & Pacific	29¾	30	28¾	29⅝
Texas & Pacific incomes				
Union Pacific	57⅛	57⅝	56⅞	57½
Wabash, St. L. & P	18½	19	18⅝	19
do pref	33½	33¾	33¼	33¾
Western Union T. Co	73⅛	72⅝	71½	72⅝
West Shore bonds	103¼	103⅜	103¼	103⅜

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 ⅌ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100½	100⅝
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	109	110
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	129	129¼
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	103½	104
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	116	116¾
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	110½	111
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	123	124
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	118	118½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug.	108	113¾
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	106	111½
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104½	105½
K. P Consols	1910	May and Nov.	98½	99½
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	112½	112
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101½	102
City 4s sterling, 20s	1905	Jan. and July	103	104
City 5s sterling, C 10-20s	1900	June and Dec	102¾	103¼
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s gold	1892—93	Various	109	110
City 6s sterling	1898	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	106	107
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	109	110
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	110¾	111½
County 6s gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	114	115
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	124	125½

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,874,231
Balances	425,623

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Asked.
Granite	$54 00	$57 00
Small Hopes	7 25	7 55
Adams	2 50	2 60
Sheridan	20	22½
Cleveland	15	25
Juniper	10	15
Pescock	45	50
Yavapai	50	52½
Bremen	15	25
Mexican Improvement	60	65
Dinero	30	40
Ideal	03	05
Lochiel	04	05
West Granite	55	60
Hope	6 75	7 00

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $1,270,525; loans, decrease, $889,400; specie, decrease, $482,300; legal tenders, decrease, $1,586,600; deposits, decrease, $3,192,700; circulation, increase, $48,800. The banks now hold $3,345,900 in excess of the 25 per cent requirement.

COMMERCE.

DULL AND FEATURELESS.

The Markets Dull But Generally Declining in Price.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, June 25, 1 p. m.—A few buying orders held the wheat market steady for a short while after the opening, but as soon as they were executed the scalpers offered freely and thus depressed the market. The prices slowly declined ⅛c. There are absolutely no new features in wheat and with a perfect dearth of news the market has been excessively quiet and closed so.

In provisions lard was weak at the opening, but during the session recovered somewhat and closed steady. Ribs were dull and featureless.

Corn was steady. There was a good demand for September and July below 39c and 40c. Closed quiet and featureless.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis

ST. LOUIS:	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
June	76	......	......	75½ a
July	73⅝	73¼	73⅛	73⅛
Aug.	74⅛	74⅛	73¾	73¾
Sept.	75¾@⅞	75⅝	75⅜	75⅜
Oct.	77¼	......	......	76⅝ b
Dec.	80⅜	......	......	80 b
Year.	73⅜	73⅜	73¼	73¼ a
CORN.				
June.	33⅞	......	......	33 b
July.	33⅞	33⅞	33½@¼	33½@¼
Aug.	34⅝	34¾	34⅜	34⅜
Sept.	35⅝	35¾	35⅜	35½@⅝
Year.	33¼	33	32⅝	32⅝
OATS.				
June.	28	......	......	28 b
July.	24	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
Aug.	23⅝	23¾	23¾	23¾
Year	23¾	......	......	23⅝ b

CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
June				
July	70⅛	70⅛	69⅝	69¾
Aug.	72½	72⅜	72	72⅛@¼ a
Sept.	74⅝	74⅝	74	74⅛ b
Dec.	79⅛	79	78⅝	78¾
CORN.				
July	36⅛	36⅛	35¾	35¾
Aug.	37¾	37¾	37⅜@½	37½
Sept.	39⅛	39⅛@¼	38¾	38¾
Oct.	39⅝	39½	39⅛	39⅛ b
OATS.				
July	25⅜	25¼	25	25 b
Aug.	25½	25¼@⅜	25¼	25¼ b
PORK.				
June	22.00	22.00	22.00	23.00
LARD.				
July	6.35	6.35	6.30	6.32@35
Aug.	6.47@50	6.47	6.42	6.45@47
Sept.	6.57	6.57	6.52	6.55@57
SHORT RIBS.				
July	7.25	7.25	7.20	7.25
Aug.	7.37	7.40	7.35	7.37
Sept.	7.47	7.50	7.45	7.47

NEW YORK—Wheat—June, 92c; July, 85⅜c; August, 85c; September, 85½c a; October, —; December, 89c; May, 1888, 94⅞c b. Corn—June, 46½c a; July, 46½c b; August, 47¼c a; September, 48¼c a; October, —.

TOLEDO—Wheat—July, 77¼c; August, 77¼c b; September, 78c; December, 82c a.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts Wheat.	Receipts Corn.	Shipments Wheat.	Shipments Corn.
St. Louis	37,975	30,480	5,990	119,261
Milwaukee	20,555	......	930	......
Baltimore	16,718	5,038	44,000	......
Toledo	8,025	7,553	7,865	23,000
New York	531,450	111,600	210,254	4,746
Chicago	43,920	47,804	702,171	62,151
Kansas City	1,500	49,500	2,500	9,000
Detroit	7,714	483	......	432
Duluth	22,332	......	150,698	......
Minneapolis	......	......	......	......
Philadel'hia	15,852	3,016	87,684	15,721

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	108,729	1,830,132	36,412	18,735	2,381
Yes'dy	114,461	1,821,029	41,410	19,335	2,381
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
To-day	66,936	1,491,395	16,979	18,735	......
Yes'dy	63,527	1,474,410	18,977	19,335	......

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Receipts of wheat to-day were 38,000 bu, nearly all of which was new and of first-class quality. Large arrivals of new are looked for next Monday.—Toledo received her first car new wheat to-day, and it graded No. 2 soft.—The visible supply of cotton is now 1,874,000 bales, a decrease of 119,700 bales from last week.—Illinois had her first car new wheat in this market to-day, and like all the others, graded No. 2 red. W. T. Anderson & Co. received this car from Carrollton, Ill., and they had it sold at auction, E. O. Stanard & Co. buying it at 76¾c.—It is reported that 3,000,000 bu wheat has been taken from store in Chicago this week.—Harker & Pritchard's Merchants' Exchange Price Current speaks of wool: "The market during the week was for the most part fairly steady, but toward the latter portion there was a considerably quieter feeling. This was due in part to the continued purchases abroad by American manufacturers, but mainly to the unfavorable change in the financial condition of the country. The tightening of the money markets in the East, due to the failure of the Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati and rumors regarding other institutions in Boston and Chicago, produce a very conservative feeling among the representatives here of Eastern and other concerns. The heavy drop in stocks, on mere unsubstantial rumors, shows that the wild speculations which have been going on in various commodities, as well as in Western real estate, have reached a turning point. The prices of leading staples, however, are not inflated and with an increase in exports no serious break in values is looked for. The numerous buyers for mills and other concerns, who were in the market during the past ten days, are dwindling down, but local western mills, as well as some others in the East, still continue to buy, though more conservatively. Medium wools, from any section, still have the call. Fine stock is little inquired for, while Texas and territory, which were moving quite freely, are now slow, as buyers and sellers are apart in their views. Receipts of these classes of stock continue free, a single consignment of a dozen carloads being among the late arrivals. Woolen goods are quieter. Eastern markets steady and unchanged."—The Chicago Board of Trade will probably close over the Fourth for three days, from Friday to Tuesday. All other markets will also have the same adjournment, including our own.—It is estimated that the receipts of new wheat Monday will be between 75,000 and 100,000 bu.—Ed Dutcher: Two weeks ago the clique had all the wheat in store and on rail and worked the market as they pleased, having the world by the tail. To-day they are in jail and can't get any bail.—How eager the millers are to buy wheat is shown by the price of choice and fancy samples, which early to-day was 77c and late 75c, with 2,500 sacks new wheat left unsold at the close.

Wheat was dull and heavy. English cables were slightly firmer, though quiet, but an unsettled stock market in New York and fears of a further decline there checked any demand there might have been, and the buying was very slack and timid. Receipts here were larger, but the wet weather created something of an uneasy feeling, and there was no large quantities for sale. Trading was consequently small and the market dull and featureless. The feeling was weakest late in the session, on expectations of large arrivals Monday, and the close saw the lowest points of the day and ⅜c below yesterday. Spot grades were lower, though in fair milling demand, besides speculators taking No. 2 red. Latter sold "regular" at 75@74⅞c, in U. at 75c and in C. at 75⅛c, while 75⅜c was bid for E.; old No. 2, 75½c bid for U., 76c for St. L.; No. 3 red, 67c bid.

Corn was jumped onto right at the start and there was enough selling and pounding to put the price down ½c. The relief from the drouth by the present rains was the weakening influence. Other markets presented an easy appearance and sellers were in the majority here, though buying was good. There was livelier trading than for some time past; indeed corn overshadowed wheat as a speculative market. Spot grades were lower and there was not much of a demand, the local and order trade taking a few cars. No. 2, 33¾c in U., 34c in C., 34¼@34½c in St. L.; No. 3, 32½c in C., 32¾c bid for C., 33¾c for St. L., 34c for M.; No. 4 —. No. 2 white, 39c in E., 40c bid this side; No. 3 do, 37c bid East, 39c for this side.

Oats—The July option advanced and June was strong, both on the small stock and receipts, but more deferred options quiet and unchanged. Spot grades were so scarce that though 30c was bid for No. 2 this and 30¼c for M., none sold, and for regular 28½c bid; No. 3, 28½c bid St. L., 29c for M.

Rye neglected.

Flour steady, as offerings were very small, especially of old, for which the demand was fair. Quotations were as follows: XX, $2.25@2.40; XXX, $2.50@2.65; family, $2.85@3.00; choice, $3.25@3.35; fancy, $3.65@3.75; extra do, $3 90@4.00; patents at $4.10@4.30. The prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3@3.15 per bbl.

Cornmeal firm at $2.20@2.25 for city orders del.; pearl meal, $2.50@2.60; grits and hominy, $2.70@2.80.

Bran irregular, but more doing. Sacked, 50@51c at country points; 52c at mill; 52½@54c, east track; bulk, 41½@43c at country points.

Hay—Local feeders and order dealers buying and as offerings were light the market was firm. Sales ranged: Prairie, $11@12.50 for new, and $9@10 for old. Mixed timothy, $8.50@10.50; prime to fancy timothy, $11@14—top rate for large bales. East track stock 50c to $1 lower than this side.

Provisions very dull, but without change in price. Only a small order demand, and with fully cured d. s. c'ribs offered at 7¼c, c. and f. here there were no buyers. Boxed dry salt shoulders at 5⅝c, longs 7¼c, c'ribs 7½c, shorts 7.70c; loose f. o. b. on cash orders—shoulders 5¼c, longs 7.30c, c'ribs 7.40c, and shorts at 7.60c. Packed bacon shoulders, 6@6¼c, longs, 8.15@8¼c, c'ribs, 8.15@8.30c, shorts, 8.45@8½c, loose c'ribs, 8@8½c. Hard-side mess pork, $15; irregular to standard mess pork, $14.50@15.50. Prime steam lard, packed, worth 6 10c; fancy leaf, 7c. Country lard, 5½@5¾c per ℔ for small lots in irregular packages. C. s. c. hams 11@14c. Breakfast bacon, 9½@10c. Country bacon—Hams, 9@10c; sides, 7½@8c; shoulders, 5½@5¾c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 per bbl; on orders higher; $4.25@4.75 per half-bbl; dried, 12@14c; selected, 15c ⅌ ℔; smoked tongues, $4.35@5 per doz. Tallow—Choice in oil bbls, 3¾c; No. 2, 3@3¼c; in irregular packages, ¼c less; choice cake, 3⅝@4c. Grease—Brown, 2½@2¾c; yellow, 2¾@3c; white, 3¾@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 93c per bbl on East and $1 this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.05 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria, $1.10 in Chicago.

Lead was entirely nominal. John Wahl & Co. review the market as follows: "Under increased offering for July and August delivery during the ending week lead has slightly descended in values. It appears speculators are disinclined to take in further lots, and this for the present throws all the offerings into the hands of consumers, who reasonably well supplied and having no faith in futures, touch the article very mildly. Productions at the various western centers, keep amply pace with the consumption, and were it not for the scarcity of labor, the output would be in excess of the demand. Probably 500 tons changed hands here at from $4.45 down to $4.40 for July, and near-by delivery. August, so rumor says, had light sales of common at 4⅜. Our Chicago correspondent reports a stationary market there, with values at $4.45 to $4.50, with only retail transactions. The seaboard market records a similar status with New York quotations $4.60 to $4.65. Foreign slightly easier, and can be laid down in New York at about $4.72½. We look for a continued lull, but no materially lower values."

Cotton.

This was something of a bull day. The visible supply report showed a decrease of 120,000 bales to 1,874,000 bales, which was 76,000 bales, besides being the smallest since 1879. This was the chief cause for the advance, as the old crop months in New York closed 8@11 points higher, while the new crop options were up 1@5 points and spots firm and 1-16c better at 10 15-16c for middling. Liverpool was strong and advancing, also, futures gaining 2@3-64d and spot Orleans up 1-16d, with a stiffening tendency to the whole spot market. St. Louis was steady, except that low grades were lower to sell and 424 bales sold.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7⅞c; ordinary, 8½c; good ordinary, 9¼c; low middling, 10¼c; middling, 10⅝c; good middling, 11c; middling fair, 11½c; fair, —; stained, ⅛@⅜c below white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 13 bales; since September 1, 1886, 414,970 bales, against 468,411 same time last year; shipments to-day, 10 bales; since September 1, 1886, 316,582 bales, against 448,144 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 8,404 bales, against 21,876 bales.

CLOSING PRICES—1 P. M.

NEW YORK—Futures closed firm. June, 10.80c; July, 10.82c; August, 10.88c; September, 10.43c; October, 9.96; November, 9.81c; December, 9.80c; January, 9.83c; February, 9.89c; March, 9.96c; April, 10.01c Sales, 85,300 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5⅞d; Orleans, 5 15-16d. Sales: 8,000 bales. Futures closed firm; June and July, 5 57-64d; July and August, 5 58-64d; August and September, 5 59-64d; September and October, 5 41-64d; October and November, 5 31-64d; November and December, 5 27-64d; December and January, 5 27-64d.

Country Produce.

FRUITS—Apples, 15@40c per ½-bu box. Peaches, 50@60c for common; 75c@$1.00 for good to fancy per ½-bu box. Cherries, $2@2.50 per 6-gal case. Plums, 65@75c per ½-bu box, and $1.25@1.50 per 6-gal case; currants, $3.50 ⅌ gal. Pears, 75c@$1.25 per ½-bu box.

BERRIES—Whortleberries, $2.25@2.75 per 6-gal case. Gooseberries, $3.50 per bu. Blackberries—Wild, $1.25@1.75 and cultivated, $2.25@2.50 per 6-gal case. Raspberries, $1.50@1.75 per 3-gal case.

MELONS—Watermelons, $20@25 per 100 for Florida. Canteloupes, $3.00@3.50 per crate.

NEW VEGETABLES—New potatoes, 55@65c per bu; cabbage, choice, $2.75@3.00 per crate; onions, 35@40c per bu; tomatoes, 60@80c per ½-bu box.

BUTTER—Receipts, 80,220 ℔s. Steady, with a fair local demand. We quote: Choice and fancy, 15@18c—selections in a small way and Elgin a shade lower. Dairy—Creamery—Common and near-by, 6@9c; medium and good, 10@13c; choice and fancy, 14@15c. Near-by make, 5@6c to 8c for creamery.

CHEESE—Wisconsin, full cream, 8¼@8½c; Illinois do, 7½@8c; Young America, 8¾@9c; factory skims, 2c to 5c.

EGGS—Receipts, 754 pkgs. Firm and demand good at 10c per dozen.

LIVE POULTRY—Lessened demand, larger supply and lower market. Sales ranged: Old chickens—cocks, $2.25; mixed, $2.50@2.60; hens, $2.75@3; springs—small, $1.25@1.75; medium sized, $2@2.50; choice large, $2.75@3; spring ducks, $2.00@2.50. Tame pigeons, $1.

VEALS—Dull; choice fat, 5c; poor at 4@4½c, and heretics at 3@3½c.

GRASS SEED—Clover quotable at $3.90@4; timothy at $2@2.10; German millet at 45@48c; common millet at 50@55c; red top at 25@35c; Hungarian at 65@75c.

HEMPSEED—Quotable at 85c pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—$1.10@1.12½ for prime.

FLAXSEED—Steady at $1.05.

HIDES—Quiet and easy. We quote: Green salted No. 1 at 7½c; No. 2 at 6c; calf skin, 7¾c for No. 1, 6c for No. 2; bull and stag, 4½c, uncured 1c ⅌ ℔ less than cured; glue, 3c. Dry flint—No. 1, 14½c; No. 2, 11½c; bull and stag, 10c; dry salted, 10c; damaged, 8c; glue, 7c.

SHEEP PELTS—Green, 40c@$1 for fair to choice large; 25@70c for dry; 25@50c for small lamb skins; shearings, green, 15@20c; dry, 5c; dry fallen, 9@10c.

DEER SKINS—Prime dry, 20c; salted, damaged and meaty, 15@16c.

FEATHERS—Quiet. We quote: Prime live geese (white) at 38c in large sacks, and 39c in small sacks (stock largely gray, 5c per ℔ less than prime white); unripe, quilly, etc., 30@35c; mixed and old, 10@30c; chicken (dry picked), 4@5c; duck, 20c; tare, 3@10 per cent.

BEESWAX—Steady at 21c for choice.

BROOM CORN—Quiet. Quote: Straight common, 2½@2¾c; choice, 3@3½c; crooked, half price.

WOOL—Receipts, 154,918 ℔s. Good demand and steady. We quote (1@3c less for untied and unbroken):

Unwashed—States.	Medium.	Coarse braid.	Low sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	27 @28	20@25	18@20
Kansas and Nebraska	23 @24	17@21	14@16
Texas & Indian Territory 12 mo.	26 @27	18@23	14@18
Texas & Indian Territory 6 to 8 mo	24 @25	16@20	13@16
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	23 @25	16@20	13@17
Montana, Wyoming, etc	23 @25	17@21	15@18

Unwashed—States.	Fine. Light.	Fine. Heavy.
Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, etc	23 @23½	17 @20
Kansas and Nebraska	19 @21	15 @17
Texas and Indian Territory 12 mo.	22 @24	17 @20
Texas and Indian Territory 6 to 8 mo.	20 @22	14 @17
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	20 @21	16 @17
Montana, Wyoming, etc	20 @21	15 @18

Burry, Chaffy and Cotted—Slightly, 2@3c off; moderately, 4@5c off; hard, 12@18c per ℔; black, 3@5c off. Tub—Choice, 39@39½c; fair, 36@38c; low, 32@35c. Sacks once used, 20c; old and Texas, 10c. Tare, 3½ ℔s; Texas, 2½@3 ℔s.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Wheat opened ½@1¼c lower, later recovered part of the decline; speculation moderate: receipts 534,450 bu, sales 64,000 bu, No. 2. red June 91¾@92c; 696,000 bu do July, 85@85⅜c; 440,000 bu do August, 84¾@85¼c; 376,000 bu do September, 85⅜@85¾c; 496,000 bu do December, 89@90⅛c; 964,000 bu do May, 94¼@94½c. Corn ⅛@¼c lower and dull; receipts, 111,600 bu; sales, 168,000 bu; mixed Western, spot, 46¼@47¼c; do futures, 46¼@48⅜c. Oats a shade easier and dull; receipts, 71,000 bu; sales, 40,000 bu; Western, 33@41c. Beef dull; new extra mess, $8.50. Pork steady; new mess, $15@15.25; old do, $14.50@14.75. Lard dull and lower; steam rendered, 6.70c. Butter steady and quiet; Western, 10@18c. Eggs—Western fresh, 14@14¼c. Sugar firm; crushed, 6½c; powdered, 6 1-16@6¼c; granulated, 5 15-16c. Molasses dull, 50 test, 19½c. Coffee firm; fair Rio, 17¼c; good do, 17½c; prime do, 17¾c. Turpentine dull at 34c.

CHICAGO, June 25, 11 a. m.—Wheat opened at 70c for July, and is now quoted at 69¾@69⅞c. Corn weaker; July 35⅞c. July oats 25@25⅛c. July lard 6.30c. July ribs 7.20c.

1 p. m. Close—Wheat steady; cash, 69¼c; July, 69¾c; August, 72 3-16c. Corn easy; cash, 35¼c; July, 35¾c; August, 37⅛c. Oats easy; cash, 24⅝c; July, 25c; August, 25 5-16c. Rye, 51c. Barley, nothing doing. Prime timothy, $2.10. Flaxseed, $1.22. Whisky, $1.10. Pork steady and unchanged. Lard easy; cash and July, 6.32½@6.35c; August, 6.45@6.47½c. Butter firm; creamery, 12@18c; dairy, 11@14c.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 25.—Wheat—Easier and dull; Western No. 2 winter red, spot, 85⅛@85⅜c; July, 84⅛@84⅜c; August, 83⅞@83⅞c; September, 84⅛@84⅜c. Corn—Western nominally steady; mixed spot and June, 45c asked. Oats steady; Western white, 35@36c; do mixed, 33@34c. Provisions nominally steady and quiet. Coffee lower and dull; 16½@17¼c. Other articles unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 9,223 bbls; wheat, 16,700 bu; corn, 5,000 bu; oats, 1,500 bu. Shipments—Flour, 2,681 bbls; wheat, 44,000 bu.

KANSAS CITY, MO., June 25.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts, 466 bu; shipments, 2,500 bu; in store, 59,050 bu; dull; No. 2 red cash, no bids, 64c asked; July and August, no bids nor offerings; No. 2 soft cash, no bids nor offerings. Corn—Receipts, — bu; shipments, 3,284 bu; in store, 274,438 bu; steady; No. 2 cash, sales at 30½c; July sales at 29⅝c bid, 30c asked; August, 30½c bid; 31c asked; No. 2 white cash, 35½c bid, 36c asked. Oats—No. 2 cash, 28¼c asked. Rye, no bids nor offerings. Eggs and butter unchanged. Hay unchanged.

DETROIT, June 25.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 81½c; Michigan red cash, 81½c; No. 2 red cash, 81½c; June, 81½c; July, 77½c asked; August, 77½c. Corn—Cash, 38½c. Oats—No. 2, 29½c; No. 2 white, 32½c. Receipts—Wheat, 7,700 bu; corn, 500 bu; oats, 4,000 bu.

TOLEDO, O., June 25.—Wheat lower and quiet; cash and June, 81c; July 77⅜c; August, 77½c; September, 78⅜c; December, 82c. Corn steady; cash, 38½c; July, 38¼c. Cloverseed steady; cash, $4 25.

CINCINNATI, June 25.—Flour dull. Wheat dull, nominal. Corn quiet at 39c. Oats firm at 29½c. Rye dull at 60½c. Provisions steady and unchanged. Whisky firm; sales 884 bbls finished goods on basis of $1.05.

MILWAUKEE, June 25, 1 p. m.—Wheat dull; cash, 70½c; July, 70⅝c; September, 74⅛c. Corn steady; No. 3, 37c. Oats firm; No. 2 white, 30½c. Rye, steady; No. 1, 57c. Barley strong; No. 2, 57c.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 25.—Petroleum was heavy. Prices opened at 61½c, and at 1 o'clock this afternoon the same figures were ruling. The highest price was 61⅝c, and the lowest 61¼c.

CLEVELAND, O., June 25.—Petroleum quiet; S. W. 110, 7.

WILMINGTON, June 25.—Turpentine firm at 31c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, June 25.—Wheat arrived firmer; corn arrived not much doing. Wheat to arrive quiet but firm, and corn to arrive good demand for Danubian. Country markets easy. Wheat quiet, but steady; not much doing; holders offer freely; No. 2 spring, 6s 9d@6s 11d; red winter, 6s 10d@7s; No. 1 California, 7s 11d@8s. Mixed Western corn quiet, but steady at 4s 1½d; not much doing. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent, not much doing in wheat and corn.

LIVERPOOL, June 25, 2 p. m.—Close—Flour supply good and firm at 9s 11d. Wheat—Holders offer freely; prices dull; new No. 2 winter, 6s 10½d; do spring, 6s 9½d. Corn—Supply good: spot dull at 3s 11½d; June, steady at 3s 11½d; July steady at 4s; August steady at 4s ¾d. Lard—Holders offer freely; spot and June, steady at 34s; July and August, dull, at 34s 3d. Pork—Supply good and prices steady; prime mess Eastern, 66s 6d; do do Western, 61s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	178	878	140	79
Shipments	882	700	1,007	78

CATTLE—The market to-day was devoid of life and the general feeling was one of weakness and depression. Offerings were larger than is usual on a Saturday, on account of the number of cattle carried over from yesterday, the fresh arrivals being small, however. There was no demand to speak of from any source and not enough was done to establish quotations. A large proportion of to-day's offerings were of a poor quality of Texans, for which there was no demand. The close was weak at the following:

Good to choice native steers, $4.20@4.40; fair to medium do, $3.75@4; common, $3.50@3.65; fair to good butchers' steers, $3.50@4; common do, $3@3.40; fair to good cows and heifers, $2.50@3.25; common, $1.75@2.25; fair to good feeders, $3.25@3.40; stockers, $2@3; bulls, $1.65@3.15; milk cows and calves, $16@35; veal calves, car lots, $3.30@6.50 per head; fair to good grass Texans, $2.75@3.25; fair to choice corn-fed Texans, $3.25@3.60.

HOGS—Trade to-day was quiet, but sales showed very little if any change from yesterday. The feeling, if anything, was steadier, on account of the very light supplies, which were quickly disposed of to packers and speculative traders, but principally to the latter, who entered the market at an early hour, and bought as freely as the supply would permit. The basis for sales to-day was $5@5.10 for butchers and best heavy; $4.95@5 for mixed packers; $4.80@4.90 for Yorkers, and $4.65@4.85 for pigs and light mixed. The close was quiet at these figures.

SHEEP—There was nothing offered and no demand, consequently the market was nearly nominal at former prices.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.	
Heavy draft, extra	$180@225
Heavy draft, good	130@150
Saddlers, extra	150@200
Saddlers, good	100@140
Drivers, extra	175@225
Drivers, good	140@160
Street car, extra	120@135
Street car, good	90@120
Plugs, good to extra	30@ 55
Plugs, common	15@ 25
MULES.	
14 hands, 4 to 7 years	85@ 90
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years	100@110
15 hands, 4 to 7 years	115@130
15½ hands, extra	155@165
16 to 16½ hands, extra	185@210
Heavy plugs dull	50@ 85

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Hogs—Receipts, 8,000 head; market fairly active at 5c lower except on best light lots; light, $4.80@5.05; rough packing, $4.75@4.80; mixed and heavy packing and shipping, $4.85@5.05. Cattle—Receipts, 1,000 head; market steady; beeves, $3.40@4.80; cows, $1.25@3.00; stockers, $1.60@2.80. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head; market unchanged.

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, MO., June 25.—Receipts—Cattle, 578 head; market dull and nothing doing at yesterday's prices. Hogs—Receipts, 6,587 head; market a shade easier; good to choice, $4.75@4.85; light mixed, $4.60@4.70; mixed packers, $4.65@4.75; pigs, $4.45@4.55.

THE WEATHER.

Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1887.

The following observations are taken at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time:

Stations.	Barom.	Therm.	Change in 24 h	Wind.	Rainfall in 9 h.	State of Weather.
Jacksonville, Fla	30.04	76		N		Cloudy.
Vicksburg	30.02	74	† 4	SE		Clear.
New Orleans	29.98	74	- 2	Calm		Clear.
Shreveport	30.00	72	† 2	S		Clear.
Little Rock	30.02	70	† 2	E		Fair.
Galveston	29.96	80	† 2	S		Fair.
Memphis	30.06	70	† 8	N		Fair.
Nashville	30.12	64	† 4	NE		Fair.
Louisville	30.16	68	†10	E		Cloudy.
Indianapolis	30.18	60	† 4	Calm		Cloudy.
Cincinnati	30.18	64	† 8	SE		Cloudy.
Pittsburg, Pa	30.20	58	...	NE		Foggy.
Marquette, Mich	30.20	46	- 2	NE		Clear.
Chicago	30.14	64	†10	SW		Clear.
Duluth, Minn	30.18	50	...	NE		Clear.
St Paul	30.12	58	† 6	Calm		Clear.
La Crosse	30.18	52	† 6	SW		Fair.
Davenport, Io	30.16	56	† 2	SW		Foggy.
Cairo, Ill	30.10	68	† 4	E		Cloudy.
St. Louis	30.12	62	- 4	SE	.25	Lt. Rain.
Leavenworth	30.04	60	† 2	E		Cloudy.
Omaha	30.10	60	- 2	SE		Cloudy.
Moorhead, Minn	30.04	58	†12	SE		Clear.
St. Vincent	30.06	52	† 2	SE		Clear.
Bismarck, Dak	29.92	62	† 4	S		Clear.
Ft. Buford	29.86	70	† 4	SE		Fair.
Ft. Assinaboine	Miss.					
Deadwood, Dak	29.78	70	†14	SW		Clear.
North Platte	30.00	62	...	S		Cloudy.
Denver	29.80	60	† 2	S		Clear.
West Las Animas	29.84	66	† 4	E		Cloudy.
Dodge City	29.94	62	- 2	NE		Cloudy.
Ft. Elliot, Tex	Miss.					
El Paso, Tex	29.72	74	† 4	NE		Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.58	74	†12	SE		Clear.
San Francisco	29.74	52	- 2	SW		Cloudy.

Dash (—) indicates rainfall inappreciable; † indicates rise; - indicates fall; * thunderstorm.
G. A. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Indications for the twenty-four hours commencing at 3 p. m. to-day:

For Illinois—Fair weather, except raining in the southern portion; southerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

For Missouri—Fair weather, except local rains in the eastern portion; easterly winds; nearly stationary temperature.

For Kansas and Nebraska—Southerly winds; generally fair weather; nearly stationary temperature.

The rivers will remain nearly stationary or fall.

Local Weather Report.

ST. LOUIS, June 25, 1887.

Local Time.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Dew-point.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	State of Weather
6:00 a. m.	30.126	61.0	......	SE	8	Lt. Rain.
2.00 p. m.	30.154	65.0	......	E	6	Threat'g
Means						

Minimum temperature, 60.0.
Maximum temperature, 67.0.
River, 15.6; rise, 0 0.
Rainfall in 24 hours, .43 inches.
G. A. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.



The Bryant
CARRIAGE CO.,
1912-1914 Olive St.
Headquarters for
LAP ROBES.

(TRADE MARK.)

We have Vehicles and Harness, all grades and prices. We can suit anybody as to style or terms.

THE RIVERS.

Local Report.

ARRIVALS.

Gem City, Keokuk; Sidney, St. Paul; Hudson, Grafton; Spread Eagle, Grafton; E. C. Elliott, Grand Tower.

CLEARANCES.

New Haven, Missouri River; Gen. Meade, Missouri River; Sydney, St. Paul; Dora, Clarksville; Hudson, Grafton; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Wyoming, Kansas City; Gem City, Keokuk; War Eagle, St. Paul; Arkansaw City, Vicksburg; City of St. Louis, New Orleans.

Along the Wharf.

The local boats all handled their business on time.

The river, locally, changed but little in the twenty-four hours past.

The War Eagle went to St. Paul this afternoon with a big tug of freight and passengers.

The Centennial of the St. L. & St. P. Co., now at Fort Madison, will soon be brought down to St. Louis.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 25.—River 8 feet 4 inches and falling. Raining steady since midnight. Departed: Ohio, Cincinnati, midnight; Buckeye State, Memphis, 6 a. m. Arrived: Druillard, Nashville.

CAIRO, Ill., June 25.—Arrived: City of Providence, St. Louis, 7 p. m.; Eagle, St. Louis, 10 a. m. Departed: Providence, Vicksburg, 10 p. m. River 18 feet and falling. Cloudy and cool.

CINCINNATI, June 25.—River 8 feet 4 inches and stationary. Raining. Thermometer, 70 deg. Arrived: Fashion, Pittsburg.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 25—Noon.—River falling; 5 feet 2 inches in the canal, 3 feet on the falls. Cloudy and warm.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 25.—River falling. No arrivals or departures. Weather clear.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 25.—River 1 foot 8 inches and falling. Clear and pleasant.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 25.—River 4 feet 4 inches and falling. Clear and warm.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line.
U. S. MAIL AND BONDED LINE.
Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF ST. LOUIS .... O'Neal, Master
Leaves Saturday, June 25, at 5 p. m.
Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Str. ARKANSAS CITY .... Brolaski, Master
Will leave Saturday, June 25, at 5 p. m.
Packet for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenburg and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOT .... Lenox, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m.
D. T. PRATHER, Agent.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

For Alton, Portage, Jersey Landing and Grafton.
Str. SPREAD EAGLE
Leaves daily at 3 p. m.
For freight rates apply on board or to L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

TIME TABLE
Of Trains Running Into the
Union Depot.
ST. LOUIS TIME.

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‖Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; ¶Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
CHICAGO, ALTON & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express Mail	* 7:55 am	* 7:25 pm
Kansas City Mail	* 8:45 am	* 6:50 pm
Through Chicago Express	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	* 2:00 pm
Chicago Lightning Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:35 am
Kansas City Night Express	† 8:30 pm	† 7:15 am
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD.		
Omaha, Denver & Rock Island Express	† 8:50 am	† 5:00 pm
St. Paul, Denver and San Francisco	† 8:30 pm	† 7:05 am
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans Express	† 7:35 pm	†10:10 pm
Memphis Express	† 7:35 pm	† 8:10 am
Cairo and Jackson Express	* 7:45 am	* 6:45 pm
Cairo and Texas Express	* 3:35 pm	* 6:45 am
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Houston & Galveston	† 9:00 am	† 6:00 pm
San Antonio	† 10:30 pm	† 6:40 am
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.		
Fast Mail	3:00 am	......
Creve Cœur Lake	* 6:00 am	* 8:25 am
Kirkwood	* 6:45 am	* 6:25 am
Local Express	* 7:05 am	* 5:35 pm
Kirkwood	* 8:00 am	* 7:20 am
Creve Cœur Lake, Sunday only	8:00 am	10:15 am
Washington Acc. Sunday only	8:10 am	7:35 pm
Day Express	* 9:00 am	* 6:00 pm
Creve Cœur Lake	* 9:30 am	8:05 pm
VANDALIA LINE.		
Indianapolis Accommodation	* 7:15 am	* 5:00 pm
Cincinnati Day Express	* 7:15 am	* 7:30 pm
Pittsburg & New York Day Ex.	* 9:00 am	* 7:30 pm
Chicago Day Express	* 9:00 am	* 7:30 pm
Effingham Accommodation	* 5:30 pm	* 8:00 am
Indianapolis Night Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Cincinnati Night Express	† 7:30 pm	† 7:00 am
Pittsburg & New York Night Ex	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
Chicago Night Express	† 8:00 pm	† 7:00 am
WABASH WESTERN RAILWAY.		
Through Mail and Express	† 8:25 am	† 6:15 pm
Kansas City Fast Line	† 9:00 am	† 7:10 pm
Montgomery Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 11:35 am
Omaha Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:50 am
Kansas City & St Joe Express	† 8:35 pm	† 6:40 am
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Through Mail	† 8:40 am	† 6:00 pm
Through Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:30 am
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.		
Louisville Express	† 7:20 am	† 7:25 am
Southern Fast Mail	† 7:20 am	† 8:00 pm
Mt. Vernon Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	......
Belleville Accommodation	† 9:45 am	‖12:05 pm
Southern Fast Line	† 7:20 pm	† 7:35 am
ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.		
Denver and St. Paul Express	* 9:20 am	* 6:00 pm
St. Paul & Spirit Lake Fast Express	† 8:15 pm	† 7:30 am
ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN & SOUTHERN RAILWAY.		
Texas & New Orleans Lim. Ex.	† 8:00 pm	† 7:30 am
Texas Express	† 9:10 am	† 5:25 pm
New Orleans, Nashville and Atlanta Express	† 8:15 am	† 6:30 pm
Memphis Fast Line	† 8:15 pm	† 7:00 am
Galveston and California Ex.	† 8:20 pm	† 6:45 am

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
TWELFTH AND WASHINGTON AV.,
Will make you a Life-Size Crayon in an Ornamental Frame, Complete for $15.

CITY NEWS.

CLOSE to-night at 7 p. m. at D. Crawford & Co.'s. Buy your hosiery, your ties, your collars, your handkerchiefs, your shirts, your underwear, your corsets, your gloves, your ruchings, your ribbons, your parasols, your fans to-day at this store and save lots of money. *Harper's* for July at 25c, at the book department.

BOOK CASES

Constantly on hand and made to order at the furniture factory and retail salesrooms of the Guernsey Furniture Company, corner Locust and Third street; $10, $15, $18, $20 to $100.

E. W. BROWNING has opened a lunch and dairy-room at No. 10 North Seventh street. Late of Browning's, for last sixteen years.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

BREAKERS AHEAD.

An Extra Session Necessary to Avert a Financial Panic.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Congressman R. W. Townshend of Illinois, in a conversation with the POST-DISPATCH correspondent to-day, expressed himself strongly in favor of an extra session of Congress. "I think," he said, "that an extra session of Congress is a necessity, both from a political and business point of view. I don't apprehend any immediate danger of a financial crash, on account of our constantly increasing surplus, but a panic is certainly inevitable unless something is done by Congress to reduce the surplus very soon. I don't think it will come before the first of January or February, however, and if it were possible for Congress to get down to work at once, there would perhaps be no necessity for it to meet before the regular session. I have been in Congress a good many years, but I have never known anything to be accomplished in the way of legislation until after the holidays. The result will be, if we don't meet till December, that we will not get down to work till the middle of January, and then it may be too late to avoid a serious financial panic.

CONGRESS SHOULD BE CALLED TOGETHER

as early as October, and then we can pass any needed financial legislation before the holidays, and be ready to take hold of the tariff question and other important subjects in time to accomplish some substantial results before the next Presidential campaign is on us. I believe it is time the Democratic party made a positive record in favor of revenue reform. Pledges are very well, but the time has now come to act. It is hard to say whether a failure on the part of the Democrats, this winter, to pass a tax reduction bill would seriously impair our prospects in the next campaign, for we don't know what the issues will be next year; but we would occupy a more consistent position before the country if we made a sincere effort this winter to carry out some of our pledges in favor of tariff reform. If the Democratic party cannot pass a tariff bill it is time we found that out."

"There is said to be a disposition on the part of the factions in the Democratic party to come together on the tariff question."

COMPROMISES.

"Yes, I think so. All legislation, more or less, is the result of compromises. I have always been a strong advocate of tariff-reform and am still. I am opposed to reducing the internal revenue tax before we reduce the tax on the necessities of life. I believe the customs taxes should be reduced first. While I never should consent to take the tax off whisky, I should be willing to consider, by way of compromise, in connection with certain reductions in the customs tariff, a proposition to take the tax off tobacco and sugar. That in itself would reduce the surplus something like $80,000,000 annually. There is a disposition among Democrats to work together and I am confident we shall be able to accomplish a great deal if Congress should meet in October."

PRESIDENTIAL PROBABILITIES.

Mr. Townshend said Mr. Cleveland could be renominated if he cared to be. Probably next year he would be the strongest man in the party. Hill was young and could afford to wait. Cleveland would not be a candidate for a third term, and in 1892 Gov. Hill would most likely be the unanimous choice for the Presidency. Mr. Townshend said the Democrats in Illinois were working together in better harmony than for many years. The Republicans had lost their great leader, Logan, and were fighting among themselves.

"I told some friends while in New York," he added, "that I would prefer to take the contract to carry Illinois for the Democrats next year rather than Indiana, and I would. The Indiana Democrats appear to be very badly divided. But if we can carry New York next year, we will not need a Western State. The labor problem will cut quite a figure in the canvass next year, but I think the Prohibitionists will take as many votes from the Republicans as we will lose by the labor vote. John Sherman made a bad failure in his Springfield speech. He thought to capture the Logan strength, but he only succeeded in ruining his Presidential prospects. I think Blaine would be the easiest man to beat and Judge Gresham the hardest."

Cure of Typhoid Fever.

Charles Hartford of New Castle, New York, testifies that he was cured of typhoid fever by BRANDRETH'S PILLS. Read his letter:

About a year ago I was attacked with typhoid fever. My physician treated me for some days, and I was so weak I thought I must die. Although at times delirious and suffering intense pain in the head and back, and parched up with fever, I still had sense enough to remember my box of Brandreth's Pills. I managed to get them and swallowed six, and then took a bowl of hot tea. My doctor had been afraid to give me a purge, I was so weak, but Brandreth's Pills made me stronger. As soon as they acted freely, my head cleared, fever abated and I slept for ten hours. I continued taking three or four pills every night for a week and entirely recovered, although my doctor had given me up. Undoubtedly Brandreth's Pills saved my life.

GONE TO PIECES.

The Union Straw-Board Company Goes Out of Existence.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 25.—A local paper says: The Union Straw-Board Company, comprising some twenty manufactories all over the country, will, on and after July 1, cease to exist. The association has been running for the last year and a half, but the members have failed to get all to come into their combine. The outsiders have been cutting prices, and that, in addition to an over-produced market has militated against the interest of the association. Each day 200 tons of straw-board are utilized, while 300 tons daily are manufactured, and the present result in the market was inevitable. In New York the warehouses and everything are filled, and the directors yesterday decided that the association can be of no present use and that many of the mills will be obliged to shut down.

Cure for the Deaf.

Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums perfectly restore the hearing and perform the work of the natural drum. Invisible comfortable and always in position. All conversation, and even whispers, heard distinctly. Send for illustrated book of testimonials free. F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, New York.

TERRIBLE CHARGES

MADE BY A DYING WOMAN AGAINST MIDWIFE MINNIE MUELLER.

The Coroner Investigating a Charge of Murder Which Includes Some Sensational Elements—The Midwife, in the Lock-Up, Makes a Statement—Strong Testimony Against Her—The Dying Woman's Ante-Mortem Statement.

Mrs. Minnie Mueller, a midwife, living at 2331 Chouteau avenue, is under arrest on a charge of criminal malpractice. About 6 o'clock last evening Mrs. Louisa Clements, a widow about 30 years of age, died at her mother's house, No. 2322 Scott avenue, leaving an ante-mortem statement in which she accuses Mrs. Mueller of performing an abortion which caused her death. The Coroner's office was notified of the case, and Officers Howard and Harrington of the Fifth District arrested Mrs. Mueller last night at her house. This morning the body of Mrs. Clements was removed to the Morgue and an inquest is being held on it this afternoon at the Coroner's office.

The midwife, Mrs. Mueller, is 45 years of age and married. She states that she has been acquainted with Mrs. Clements for about a year, and admits having treated her for a disease from which she was suffering, but denies having been guilty of any malpractice. Mrs. Mueller says that about three months ago she had Mrs. Clements at her own house for four weeks treating her. She knew at the time that her patient was a widow, and that Mrs. Clements had a married man employed at certain car-shops calling on her. Mrs. Mueller received not a cent from the woman, and took her into her house purely out of charity. The midwife says she keeps no lying-in house, nor does she ever treat the sick at her place. This particular patient she kept, however, as stated, out of charity, and had her sleeping with her servant, a girl 16 years of age, whom she had since discharged. After

MRS. CLEMENTS

had left her place and gone to her mother's house she again called on Mrs. Mueller and the latter found on examination that she was in a delicate condition. The woman was still suffering from her former ailment, however, and she treated her for that, but attempted no malpractice and did nothing to bring about parturition. Mrs. Mueller acknowledges, however, that a week later she did deliver Mrs. Clements of a 2-months'-old child at the house of Mrs. Clements' mother, Mrs. Hill, No. 2322 Scott avenue. This was about the 1st of the present month. The case then became so alarming that she refused to have anything more to do with the woman.

After Mrs. Mueller had given up the case Mrs. Hill, the mother of the sick woman, called in Drs. Mudd, Bates and Wallace. They found the unfortunate young woman in an emaciated condition and found that blood poisoning had already set in. Her condition, the doctors state, was caused by malpractice. There were no hopes for her recovery and she was so informed. She said she knew she would have to die and she then made an ante-mortem statement in which she throws the blame all on the shoulders of the midwife. The dying woman said that Mrs. Mueller had used instruments at least fifty times, and had made her take over $40 worth of medicine to bring about the result. She underwent this treatment at the advice and request of the midwife, who told her she must do it to save her family from disgrace, she having a mother, several brothers and sisters, and three children. The birth took place at her mother's house. After it had been done Mrs. Mueller remarked to Mrs. Hill: "Now, I have saved you. Say nothing about it; hush the matter up, and send your daughter to Chicago as soon as you can."

THE DYING WOMAN

said she knew the midwife was the cause of her death and that she made the statement with full knowledge that she had not much longer to live. Her statement is corroborated in part by that of her mother and other witnesses. Mrs. Hill says that Mrs. Mueller visited her daughter during her illness, and after the child's birth made the remark credited to her above. She made this statement to Mrs. Hill.

The father of the young servant girl who was discharged by Mrs. Mueller, says that the midwife discharged the girl because she said she was too young and small to do the work required of her. The girl knew there had been a sick woman at the house, but had no idea of the nature of her trouble. Matters certainly look rather bad for Mrs. Mueller just now, and if the testimony at the inquest this afternoon is what it is expected it will be, she will probably have to answer to a charge of manslaughter.

THE FOLLOWING WITNESSES

have been summoned to testify at the inquest; Hannah Hill, mother of the deceased; Nellie Clements, the 13-year-old daughter; Mr. Mueller, husband of the midwife; Martha Mueller, their 12-year-old daughter; J. W. Scarver, Superintendent of the Pullman shops; Mrs. Scarver, his wife; Josie Tiefenbrun, Mrs. Della Housman, Mrs. Eliza Burns, Mrs. Moran, Mrs. O. E. Burns, Mrs. Eliza Spiers, Mrs. Benson, Miss Laura Hill, Jesse Hill and the Misses Witte, friends and relatives of the deceased. If indicted at all Mrs. Mueller will be held for either manslaughter in the fourth degree, the punishment for which runs from a fine or jail sentence to two years in the penitentiary; or for abortion, which is only a misdemeanor punishable by a fine or imprisonment in the city jail or Work-house. If the child had been older when the alleged malpractice was committed it would be a case of manslaughter in the second degree, which is punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary for three to five years.

MOTHERS need not leave home with their children if they will give *Dr. Moffett's* TEETHINA (*Teething Powders*). TEETHINA allays Irritation, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, and makes Teething Easy.

DOWN THE RIVER.

The Moonlight Excursion of Trinity Church on July 2.

The ladies of the Trinity Church have arranged for a moonlight steamboat excursion on the Charles P. Chouteau, to take place Saturday, July 2. The management will consist of a committee of gentlemen and the following ladies, who have consented to act as chaperones: Mesdames P. B. Leach, Wm. H. Thomson, J. L. D. Morrison, Samuel Hermann, S. S. Sumner, Ely McClellan, Jos. D. Lucas, J. R. Cooke, Jordan W. Lambert, Wm. M. Houser, Thomas I. Dix, Charles Harrison, B. E. Guerard, John H. Hubbard.

The usual methods have been departed from and no bunches of tickets have been sent out broadcast. Tickets can be purchased at Alexander's drug store, Broadway and Olive street; Merrick, Walsh & Phelps, Fourth and Washington avenue; Glenn's drug store, Jefferson and Washington avenues; Beer's restaurant, Grand avenue and Olive street; Braun's drug store, Elliot avenue and Gamble street, and also on the wharf-boat. The boat will leave the foot of Locust street at 5 p. m. and return at 10 p. m. Stops will be made at Jefferson Barracks and at Carondelet, both going and returning. The steamer will make its usual run down the river. Dancing and refreshments will be provided, and it is safe to predict one of the most enjoyable excursions of the season.

DELICATE and unhealthy ladies should use *Dr. Moffett's* INDIAN WEED (*Female Medicine*). INDIAN WEED gives Rosy Cheeks, robust health and happiness.

DAVIS & CO. WIN.

The Detroit Fishing Firm Recover Their Boats Seized by Canadian Officers.

DETROIT, Mich., June 25.—The trouble which S. H. Davis & Co., the Detroit fishing firm, had with the Canadian Government, has been adjusted. Fred Lincoln, who went to Ottawa to represent the firm, has returned. He secured an order at Ottawa from the Minister of Fisheries to get his boats, which the Canadian officer had seized at French River, Ontario, as being the property of S. H. Davis & Co. The officer from whom Mr. Lincoln procured the license to fish did not report promptly, and not until after the boats had been seized. He then claimed that he did not give Mr. Lincoln the privilege of fishing, but the receipt showed that he did.

BEN FRANKLIN'S EXPERIMENT

With the Lightning Induces a Reform Among the Light-Fingered Gentry.

According to an ancient saw, when the devil was sick he had strong inclinations toward becoming a saint, but when the attending M. D. pronounced him out of danger he went back to his former moral status. Just so with the gentleman of adventurous spirit, yclept burglar, when, perforce, his days are numbered, he, who toiled not, neither spun, is seized with a frantic desire to adorn society in daylight occupations.

He who awaited the shades of night to appropriate the results of honest labor or hoarded capital to his own use by the aid of a jimmy or crowbar, is willing (when so obliged) to join the ranks of honest workers. Such a reform is coming about.

The days of the festive burglar, with his black crepe mask and kit of tools concealed in divers mysterious pockets, are numbered. Bill Sikes will no longer select a crib to crack, and the Artful Dodger will mournfully contemplate a loss of occupation.

Science has baffled the ingenuity of "ye gallant highwayman," and modern invention has accomplished the work of a thousand skilled night watchmen. From the fertile brain of Mr. Edwin Holmes has emanated an electric burglar alarm, so comprehensive in its workings and so sensitive to the lightest touch, that the slightest effort to enter a building or tamper with the vault of a bank so protected results in an almost instant detection of the thief. To make this matter plainer to the reader, we will state that the Holmes Electric Protective Company of Missouri offers, through this system, a perfect and complete protection against the inroads of the daring burglar to any building or bank vault adopting it. This system, which involves the use of the electric current, is an interesting study.

The writer, who accompanied Mr. Joseph Specht, the President of the company, to the Fifth National Bank, where this system is in use, was astonished at its simple yet perfect operation.

The vault of the bank being completely enveloped in a network of invisible wires and tin foil strips, is connected by a main wire to the central office. To this point an instantaneous alarm is sent the moment the vault is tampered with.

This was illustrated by simply closing the vault door. The news was flashed to the Central, and in less than two minutes' time a guard rushed hastily into the bank to ascertain the cause of alarm. To further illustrate the thoroughness of the system: After an alarm is answered by a guard, three minutes are allowed to pass, when, in the absence of a return signal from guard No. 1, indicating "all is well," a second man follows. Thus at three-minute intervals, reinforcements are kept up until no longer needed.

Truly, in these days of scientific invention A burglar's lot is *not* a happy one.

Difficulties beset him at every step in his venturesome career. It is not enough that Old Sol, himself, lends his rays towards immortalizing the modern Bill Sikes in the Rogues' Gallery, but even the lightning that our own Ben Franklin plucked from the clouds is turned against him! He knows not when or where he may feel the heavy hand of a Holmes Guardsman upon his shoulder.

Alas, poor Bill! He pries up a window sash; he lifts up a cellar grating; he breaks a window pane; he picks a lock or crawls through a transom—lo! there is an electric current lying patient and latent among the wires and tin foil strips, and presto! Bill the burglar is Bill the prisoner, in the hands of the strong-limbed member of the Holmes Protective Company. He is fairly caught in the act, for this invisible and silent messenger travels with the speed of thought.

While Mr. Sikes, perchance, is carelessly leaning against the side of the vault, mentally viewing the merits of a new method for cracking safes, he is unconsciously giving full information of his whereabouts and movements, and is nabbed unwarned before he has time to test his new method in a practical way. Among the buildings protected from cellar to roof by the Holmes system are the jewelry houses of S. A. Rider & Co., L. Bauman Jewelry Company, M. Eisenstadt Jewelry Company, F. A. Durgin, Merrick, Walsh & Phelps and Isaac Swope, the building of Leonhard Roos, the furrier, the bank vaults of the Fifth National and Bank of Commerce, and many others in course of construction.

So valuable is the protection afforded by the Holmes electric system, and so well is it appreciated where it has been tested, that in New York City alone it has a membership of 1,300 subscribers. It is also extensively used in Chicago, Philadelphia and other large cities.

For want of space there are many new and interesting features in connection with this system which we are obliged to omit. The scientific technicalities of the invention; the central station with its complex yet perfectly systematized signals; the relays of men, who take their day and night watches like soldiers on guard, ready to answer a distress signal on a moment's notice;—these and other points in connection with this great invention will repay a personal investigation. The Holmes Electric Protective Company, of Missouri, is located at 619 Locust street, and Mr. H. F. Kleibacker, the Secretary and General Manager, will cheerfully explain methods, etc., to the searcher after scientific information, or the citizen, who as custodian of valuable personal property seeks protection from the too familiar advances of the daring cracksman.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Short Sessions of the Council and House Held Last Night.

The first business called to the attention of the Council last night was a proposition made by Mr. Rohan to increase the salaries of two clerks in the Harbor department to $1,200 per annum. Mr. Metcalf reported from the special Joint Committee a bill for selling street railway franchises. The report presented three signatures of committeemen, two of whom signed it in order to bring it before the Council. The bill to vacate a portion of Eleventh street to Adolphus Busch was passed. Mr. O'Malley introduced a bill prohibiting theater managers from placing camp stools in the aisles to accommodate the overflow. It was decided to hold a session of the Council this afternoon to discuss the franchise and loop terminal bills. Mayor Francis submitted the name of J. J. Lane for Assessor of the Ninth District, vice John W. Carroll, resigned. James Martin's name was submitted for Weigher at the city scales. The Council then adjourned.

THE HOUSE.

In the House last night Delegate Mohan introduced a bill establishing hack and cab stands around the Court-house, Four Courts and Washington Square without discrimination between vehicles. The appropriation bill was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. Mr. Monahan reintroduced the bill authorizing the St. Louis Bridge, Fair Grounds & Forest Park Railroad Company to construct a railroad. The bill authorizes Samuel Cupples, B. F. Hammett, T. A. Russell, T. J. Jacobs, H. W. Kechner, Thomas O'Reilly, M. S. Fleming, C. R. Dunham, A. K. Brithell and J. L. Pratte to construct an elevated road from Third street and Washington avenue to Lucas avenue, west on Lucas avenue to Jefferson avenue, north on Jefferson avenue to St. Louis avenue, west on St. Louis avenue to the Fair Grounds, thence to King's highway and Forest Park. Delegate Gundlach introduced a bill to vacate Main street between Salisbury and Mallinckrodt. The House then adjourned.

Tourists' Tickets

Now on sale via Bee Line Route, to Cleveland, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Clayton, Ogdensburg, Cape Vincent, Watkin's Glen, Richfield Springs, Prescot, Montreal, Quebec, Alexandria Bay, Saratoga, Hampton, Portsmouth, Old Orchard, Portland and other famous summer resorts. For full information call at Bee Line Ticket Office, corner Fifth and Chestnut.

IS HE CRAZY?

An Ex-Alderman Arranging to Celebrate His Wife's Death.

RACINE, Wis., June 25.—A sensation was caused here yesterday by the issuance by an ex-Alderman and a prominent citizen of this city of 150 invitations for the celebration on Sunday next of the death of his wife. The lady died last spring. It is reported that the man has bought $50 worth of fireworks to be used in the "celebration." A commission has been appointed by the County Judge to examine into his mental condition.

TAKE a ride over the Cable and Narrow Gauge Railroad to Forest Park. Trains every hour. Fare 10 cents. Round trip ticket to Normandy Grove 35 cents, to Florissant and return 50 cents. Take a ride on the new double-deck Cable cars, for quick connections with Narrow Gauge trains.

Tennis and Canvas Shoes

FOR LADIES, GENTS, BOYS and GIRLS,

High or Low Cut, in any color,

Price from **65 CENTS TO $3.00**



ALSO,

A splendid line of Gents' and Boys'



GYMNASIUM LOW SHOES and SLIPPERS and BASE BALL SHOES, from 65 Cents to $1.50.

Send for our New Illustrated Catalogue. Mailed free.

J. G. BRANDT,

Broadway and Lucas Av.

Open every Saturday night until 10:30; other evenings until 6:30.

The LARGEST, NEWEST and BEST-ASSORTED Stock of FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS

IN ST. LOUIS ON

TIME PAYMENTS

AT THE

Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.

Sell on easy WEEKLY or MONTHLY payments everything needed to furnish a house complete, from cellar to garret. Our STOCK is the LARGEST, our PRICES the LOWEST, and our TERMS the EASIEST. No security required. We also sell on CREDIT a full line of CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS, LADIES' CLOAKS and WRAPS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY, etc. OPEN AT NIGHT.

"WHO'S FROWING DE BOTTLES?"

A Colored Man's Hotel Haunted by a Ghostly Bottle Thrower.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—An old brick house on Four-and-a-half street and Missouri avenue is said to be haunted. The building, a three-story structure, is occupied by a colored man named Pendleton and his family. The house is kept as a hotel. A few days ago the inmates were startled at sounds indicating a crash of glassware. They rushed out and were greeted with a shower of beer and soda water bottles and other missiles, apparently hurled from the other side of the house. Going through the building to see where the missiles came from, no one could be found and soon the fall of bottles occurred again. This has been repeated at intervals since, even in the day time. Other curious things have happened in the house. Pendleton has repeatedly gathered up many of the bottles and deposited them inside in an empty room and locked the door. He declares that in some mysterious way they are taken from the room and made to resume their flight over the building. Quite a crowd of excited colored people gathered around the house yesterday, and the ghost, or whatever it is, gave a special exhibition of bottle-throwing. Pendleton picked up a piece of iron gas-pipe and said: "See dis hyar thing? It's been ober dis house mo'an twenty times, fus' one way, den de udder. I tuk dis gas-pipe and dis hyar (another piece of iron) and I put dem in my room and locked de do'. 'Fo' God, by de time I got out'en de house dey bof come a-flying ober agin; dey was gone from de room, but de do' was still locked. I went in dar to see. We bin watching de top ob de house, an on bof sides; still the bottles keep on flyin'."

The top of the house is only to be reached from the attic of Pendleton's house. All of the bottles in his place were destroyed, but the bottle-throwing continued Thursday night. Early yesterday morning several of the family were in a room on the first floor when suddenly several gallons of water came through a hole in the ceiling and the floor above. Pendleton vowed there was no way to get in the upper room. The flying missiles have been seen by numerous persons and the general opinion is that some person must be concealed on the roof. But, as Pendleton maintains, it is hard to tell how any person in the intention of fun had got on the roof, and how he could have procured the bottles in such numbers from the lower floors without being seen.

NO MATTER how you view the rest,
Strauss photos are the best.

LOCAL NEWS.

Horseshoers' Union No. 6 initiated one candidate last night.

The Woman's Training School will give a moonlight excursion at 6 o'clock to-night.

The Coroner rendered a verdict of death from heart disease in the case of Henry Meyer.

Chas. London, aged 13, was arrested yesterday while trying to sell fifteen gold pens at 25 cents each.

Matthew Gorman cut Ed Quinn during a row at 225 South Main street last night. Gorman was arrested.

The Germania Assembly, K. of L., will give its annual picnic at Starkel's Park, East St. Louis, July 17.

The Emerald Cadets will give their second annual picnic and excursion July 4, on the steamer Helena.

Assistant Chief Hester of the Fire Department was thrown from a buggy and slightly bruised yesterday.

At a meeting of the Missouri Historical Society yesterday. Dr. Preetorius delivered an address on the British Museum and its origin.

Robert Lee of Fourteenth and Targee streets, a colored man, was struck on the head with a club by an unknown person on Sixth and Clark avenue last evening.

Prof. Chas. Leon, a wandering chiropodist, while endeavoring to extract the fangs of a rattlesnake at the saloon 116 South Seventh street yesterday, was badly bitten by the rattler. He was taken to the hospital.

The Dr. Martin Luther Monument Association will give their first annual picnic July 4 at the grove of the orphan's home on Manchester road. Tickets, which include lunch, may be had of the members. Cars will leave Fifteenth and Morgan streets, Fifteenth and Warren streets and Eighth and Barry streets.

At the last regular meeting St. Louis Lodge, No. 1, A. O. U. W., had an initiation, after which the following brothers were nominated for the different offices for the next term: P. M. W., Dr. A. Fuhrman; M. W., John Gladhill; F., William B. Wood; O., Anthony Rose; Recorder, J. M. Broadbent; Fin., J. H. Mueller; Recorder, Louis Schultz; Guide, Robert Benzel; I. W., Fred Gebhart; O. W., John Ames, C. Schawacker and H. Sipple; Trustees, E. P. Watson and J. Ames.

The ladies of the Ransom Post Women's Relief Corps (auxiliary to Ransom Post No. 131, G. A. R.) will give a moonlight river excursion July 9. The steamer Charles P. Chouteau has been engaged for the occasion, and will leave the foot of Locust street at 5 p. m. The guests will be entertained with music, dancing and other amusements, and no pains will be spared to make this one of the most enjoyable excursions of the season. Preparations are being made for a large crowd, and a good supper will be served at the nominal price of 50 cents.

THE handsomest suburb in St. Louis. A delightful trip on Sunday over the Narrow Gauge Railroad can be had to Normandy and return for 35 cents, to Florissant and return 50 cents. Twenty-one trains each way to Normandy, and seven to Florissant. Trains leave every hour for Normandy, and 9 and 11 a. m., and 1:45, 3:10, 4:45, 6:10 and 7 p. m. for Florissant. Take a ride into the country. Trains every hour.

Valuable Gold Discovery.

ROCK ELM, Wis., June 25.—The discovery of gold in Rock Elm Creek, by W. W. Newell, has caused great excitement in this vicinity. One-third of a yard of dirt has yielded at the rate of 75 cents per cubic yard, which at the regular rules of mining would yield from $10 to $12 a day to each man engaged in the work.

CHURCH CHAT.

Additional Religious Intelligence—To-Morrow's Topics.

The W. C. T. U. State Convention closed at Hannibal yesterday. Resolutions expressing loyalty to the Prohibition party, belief in woman's vote, and thanks to Wm. C. Wilson, president of the Prohibition society, were passed. The election of officers resulted as follows: State President, Mrs. Clara Hoffman, Kansas City; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Ella D. Morris, Savannah; State Treasurer, Mrs. H. H. Wagoner, St. Louis. Superintendents of departments were appointed as follows: Evangelistic, Mrs. M. G. Gorim, Louisiana; parlor work, Mrs. Mary B. Davis; jail and prison, Mrs. Belle Mitchell; Scientific, Mrs. La Brock; legislative, Mrs. A. S. Cairns; press work, Mrs. Miria Cushman; foreign work, Mrs. S. J. Roberts; literature, Mrs. W. B. McIntire; State organizer, Mrs. Ida D. Burr; health department, Dr. Fannie Williams; social purity, Mrs. C. Wallace; anti-tobacco, Mrs. Lida B. Ingalls; fair work, Mrs. Jennie Morrow; unfermented wine, Mrs. J. Foster; colored work, Miss Coleman; Y. L. C. T. U., Mrs. Alice Williams; soldiers' work, Mrs. Sarah Allen.

District Presidents—First, Susan Tallow, Edna; Second, Mrs. Slingerland; Third, Mrs. Irene Auslin, Hamilton; Fourth, Miss Ellen D. Morris, Savannah; Fifth, Mrs. J. L. Freeman, Kansas City; Sixth, Miss E. Babb, Columbia; seventh, Mrs. T. E. Kaiser, Louisiana; eighth, Mrs. Belle Roberts, St. Louis; tenth, Mrs. Cornelia Lyman, Ironton; eleventh, Mrs. E. M. Aspley; twelfth, Mrs. Lucia Gardner, Schell City; thirteenth, Mrs. L. A. Perkins, Peirce City; fourteenth, Mrs. Sue Mooney, St. Louis, Mo. The semi-annual meeting of the Executive Committee will be held at St. Louis, and the next convention at St. Louis.

Notes.

Rev. C. D. Adams of Drury College will preach at the Church of the Redeemer to-morrow.

Rev. Mr. Brooks of St. Peter's, and Rev. Mr. Reed of Mount Calvary, will exchange services on to-morrow.

The Fourth Baptist Church will give a Sunday-school concert excursion to Smith Lake on the steamer Hudson Tuesday.

Archbishop Ryan will say low mass at the Church of the Holy Angels to-morrow morning at 8:30 o'clock. The Archbishop's presence will doubtless fill the church at that hour.

Rev. E. T. Colman will preach to-morrow evening in Speibrink's Hall, 1317 Franklin avenue, on the difference between profession and possession as exhibited in our modern church life.

Invitations have been sent out to the Catholic clergy of the diocese to meet Archbishop Ryan at an informal reception at the Diocesan Library, Sixteenth and Chestnut streets, Monday from 5 to 6:30 p. m.

The deferred celebration of children's day will take place at the North Presbyterian Church to-morrow. Exercises will be held in the rooms of the Sabbath-school from 9 to 10:20 a. m., and in the audience-room from 10:30 to 11:30.

Dixon C. Williams, the evangelist, was not able to speak at the tent on Channing avenue last night, but is much better to-day, and will take up the topic assigned to-night, namely: "Hell." The tent was full last night to hear him, but they had a sermon from the pastor instead.

Rev. Dr. J. W. Allen of the Presbyterian Publication Society, has been in the city so long that to some it looks suspicious that he should go to Carlyle, Ill., to preach to-morrow, the first dry Sunday. Rev. Thomas Marshall, synodical missionary, who left last night for Jonesboro, Ark., only escapes such a suspicion by the fact that he is always on the move.

On Thursday evening the Sunday-school of the North Presbyterian Church will give an illustrated review exercise, based upon the studies of the past quarter. A large number of pictures will be presented by the stereopticon, embracing photographs of modern Egyptian scenes, of ancient paintings and sculptures, and of the recently-discovered mummies of the Pharaohs.

The regular semi-monthly business meeting of the Centenary Young People's Union was held on Tuesday evening last, when were elected the following officers to serve for the ensuing six months' term: J. Thompson, President; J. E. McGee, First Vice-President; Miss Florence Henry, Second Vice-President; W. W. Todd, Secretary; O. H. Duggan, Treasurer; Miss Ella Greenbury, Librarian. A private picnic will take place at Forest Park on Saturday next, of about twenty-five members of the Union Will Barnes is in charge. The "Centenary Balloon" will ascend in the evening about 8:30.

Midsummer Excursions

Via Union Pacific Railway to California at reduced rates, June 28, July 12, 16 and 26.

JAS. F. AGLAR, Gen. Agt.
13 South Fourth street.

WEARY OF THE WORLD.

Fatally Stabbed—Killed in a Runaway—A Disastrous Fire—Illinois Items.

PEORIA, June 25.—Judge McGruder of the Supreme Court, has granted a supersedas in the case of Finley Hoke, sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for forgery and embezzlement. The appeal is taken on the ground of want of jurisdiction.

TAYLORVILLE, June 25.—Maurice Emery, a restaurant and saloon-keeper, committed suicide last evening by placing a bullet in his temple. His body was discovered by his wife in the barn. He had been despondent over business reverses.

DECATUR, June 25.—The evidence for the prosecution in the Hill-Harrah murder trial closed last evening.

QUINCY, June 25.—Riley Kelley was fatally stabbed last night near New Canton by James Douglass. The cause of the trouble is not known. Douglass escaped.

GREENVILLE, June 25.—Mrs. Joseph Hagler was killed last night by a fall from a wagon in a runaway accident.

CAIRO, June 25.—A fire last night at Hibbard destroyed several stores. The property was fully covered by insurance.

ENSHRINE her name within your heart,
Her face in Strauss's glorious art.

MONEY!

The man who made the remarkable botanical discovery that "Money is the root of all evil" lived many centuries before our time, and he did not live long enough to see the "root" develop into American greenbacks or he would have modified his statement and would have given it credit for producing a great amount of good and happiness.

$5

* * * * * *

Take, for instance, a five-dollar bill and judiciously expend it, and it buys a Suit of Clothes for a boy, aged from 4 to 14 years, that will tickle the eye of the youngster, while its hard-wearing qualities will meet the economical ideas of father and mother. But there is only one safe place in St. Louis in which to try the experiment, and that place is

HUMPHREY'S,

N. E. CORNER BROADWAY AND PINE.

HORTON PLACE

—ON—

MAPLE AND HAMILTON AVENUE.

Most Desirable Building Lots in the West End. Improved Street, Sewer and Trees. Selling now at $18 per foot. Lots in the same neighborhood are selling for $35 per foot. Call and see us.

Rutledge & Horton

801 LOCUST STREET.

FIRST BLOOD.

The Michigan Central Makes Concessions to the Drummers—Final Adjournment.

The national convention of the Travelers' Protective Association in night session last night selected Minneapolis as the next place of meeting.

Resolutions of censure were passed, denouncing the editor of the Merchant Traveler for his attacks on the association.

The amendment to the constitution establishing a national employment bureau was adopted.

A telegram from Chicago was then read announcing that the Michigan Central Railway had decided to issue 1,000-mile tickets to traveling men at 2 cents per mile, good for one year; 500-mile tickets at 2½ cents, good for six months, and tickets for the families of commercial travelers at 2½ cents. The telegram was greeted with enthusiasm as this is the road which the association had decided to discipline for its action in complaining of the Grand Trunk Railway to the Interstate Commission.

Resolutions were passed thanking Mr. Lambert, the chairman of the Entertainment Committee, the local members of the association and the citizens of St. Louis for their hospitality.

After a recess of an hour the committee on the Ohio idea reported. A debate of much length followed and the entire constitution and by-laws were adopted. Resolutions calling upon the members to cease patronizing the Pacific Hotel Company for abandoning their rates to traveling men and ignoring the communications of the association on the subject were also passed.

The convention then adjourned sine die.

ISN'T Baby cute and sweet?
In Strauss's photos it's a treat.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Dr. Rafael Nunez has been formally installed President of Panama.

Baron de Selliere was declared insane in the French Chamber yesterday and his release refused.

Father Locatelli will return to the Soudan to secure the release of the missionaries in Khartoum.

Lin Ah Sew was fatally stabbed by Wong Ah Fong, another Chinaman, at San Francisco, last night.

Elmer Turner of Hanover, Mass., was fined yesterday on a charge of cruelty to animals for fox-hunting.

The State Agricultural and Mechanical College of Alabama at Auburn was burned yesterday. Loss, $50,000.

Emancipation is working in Brazil. The last census showed there were only 700,000 slaves in the empire.

Mr. Thomas Thrailkill, an artist, was drowned in the river at Nashville while rescuing a boy yesterday.

The London bankers and Peruvian bondholders have arranged for the settlement of the $200,000,000 Perudebt.

Monroe Morgan was fatally stabbed at Little Rock, Ark., last night by Anderson Wilkerson. Both men were colored.

Benjamin S. Wheeler, over 80 years of age, who was accused of murdering his wife at Cleveland, O., was acquitted yesterday.

Mgrs. Persico and Gualdi have been sent from Rome on a special mission to Ireland, where they will consult with the Irish bishops.

Dr. Edward Duggan, a well-known physician of Brooklyn, was shot and killed yesterday afternoon by George Weidler, a lottery agent. The cause of the killing is not known.

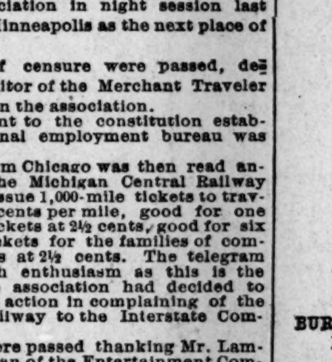
The reopening of St. Albertus church at Detroit, Mich., yesterday, caused a riot by the friends of the deposed priest Kolasinski. The police were called out and quelled it.

Conrad Dalls, a coal miner of New Industry, O., yesterday killed his wife and stepson with a hatchet. He had been married six months. A letter to the wife from another man was the cause of the killing.

In the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday M. Claude said the Committee on the Consumption of Spirits had come to the conclusion that the drinking of spirits in France had reached a height that was a social danger.

The Czar has approved plans for railways from Tonesk to Irkutz and Sredusk, and from Lake Kivanka and Vladivostock, which will make a direct line of water and railway from St. Petersburg to the Pacific. The work will consume five years.

POND'S EXTRACT



INVALUABLE FOR
BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHŒA, CHAFINGS, STINGS OF INSECTS, PILES, SORE EYES, SORE FEET.

THE WONDER OF HEALING!

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.
For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises and Sprains, it is unequalled—stopping pain and healing in a marvellous manner.
For Inflamed and Sore Eyes.—Its effect upon these delicate organs is simply marvellous.
It is the Ladies' Friend.—All female complaints yield to its wondrous power.
For Ulcers, Old Sores, or Open Wounds, Toothache, Faceache, Bites of Insects, Sore Feet, its action upon these is most remarkable.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS! USED IN HOSPITALS!

Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

SPECIAL PREPARATIONS OF POND'S EXTRACT COMBINED WITH THE PUREST AND MOST DELICATE PERFUME FOR LADIES' BOUDOIR.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00, $1.75		
Toilet Cream	1.00	Catarrh Cure	75
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	25
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler (Glass 50c.)	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cakes)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	25

Family Syringe, $1.00.

OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO
POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
76 Fifth Ave., New York.

PILES. POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe. Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

—SILURIAN—
VICHY.

Aids digestion, neutralizes acid secretions, regulates the stomach and bowels; is an excellent diuretic and mild aperient; tones the nerves and eradicates malaria from the system; it cures dyspepsia and constipation. Experienced physicians recommend it. On draught by leading druggists.

LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
Cor. 8th and St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.
Wholesale Agents for Silurian Spring of Waukesha, Wisconsin.

"GO A KITING!"

So go sales with us these days. So go the boys when they come to THE WHEN. Every boy loves a kite. Base ball may be good enough for a boy's steady amusement, but he must have a kite now and then or life becomes stale, flat and unprofitable for him. BOYS GET THEM by coming to THE WHEN. We give a kite to each boy who buys of us. The kite is a great thing. Everybody knows about Dr. Franklin and his kite, and the discoveries he made in electricity.

CLOTHES.

That is our business. We furnish clothes for the million, and for the little folks among the million give away a kite, so if you would "Go a Kiting" come to the

WHEN

FOR YOUR CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS.

Owen Bros. & Co. .... 210 and 212 North Broadway.

IN THE GARDENS.

WHAT MANAGERS OF SUMMER THEATERS PROVIDE FOR THE PUBLIC.

"Merry War" to Be Given at the Cave Next Week—"The Grand Duchess" at Schnaider's—Gossip About Plays and Players—What Stage People Are Doing During Their Leisure Hours—Coulisse Chat.

The management of Uhrig's Cave are pursuing a liberal policy, which is bound to win. While a costly company was secured in the beginning, it was found that several of the members did not come up to expectation and were not satisfactory. Instead of resting content with the organization as it started, efforts were at once made to secure the best substitutes that could be found and the company is being gradually strengthened and built up into a fine comic opera organization. Louise Searle, who took Miss Davenport's place, has proved entirely acceptable, and is already a favorite with the patrons of the garden. The company being weak in comedians, George Denham was secured, and no better can be found for the work he has to do. He is spirited and amusing always, and has a number of roles in which he is not easily excelled. William Wolf of the Thompson Opera Company, who did excellently last season, is also here, and the company is now in excellent shape. "Pinafore" has proved a success this week, and a final performance of it will be given to-night.

There will be no performance at the garden to-morrow evening, but on Monday Strauss' tuneful and brilliant "Merry War" will be produced in handsome style and with as big an army of auxiliaries as the stage will accommodate. The cast has been carefully selected, and will include Charles Shackford as Umberto Spinola, Joseph Armand as the Marquius, Geo. W. Denham as Balthasar, Wm. Wolf as Von Schulen, James Lewis as the High Counselor, H. W. Connell as Hans, Louise Searle as Violetta, Murtha Porteous as Elsa, Alice May as Princess Artemisia, Agnes Evans as Gini, and Dixie Chapman as Theresa. The cast gives promise of good work and an enjoyable week may be anticipated.

BATTLE OF CHATTANOOGA.

This superb battle picture has been viewed with delight by thousands of people and is worth several visits and careful study.

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN.

Owing to the excellent success and popularity of "The Grand Duchess" at this pleasant resort, and by special request, the management have concluded to continue the opera for several nights more. The performances are running smoothly and with good effect, the audiences giving every evidence of entire approval of the work of the company, individually and collectively. Until further notice, therefore, "Grand Duchess" will be the attraction.

Mrs. Langtry's Scheme.

It is reported from Omaha, says the Denver Republican, that Mrs. Langtry's tour to the Pacific coast is not only a dramatic enterprise, but a matter of much personal importance. People may think it queer in a professional way that she should start at this time of year for California, when nearly all theatrical attractions are coming East to spend the hot weather. She is, according to report, going to California to secure a divorce. The California statutes require but a short residence and a few legal preliminaries. It is quite probable that some time in September or October Mr. Langtry will wake up in his London home and find himself a widower. Then hey! for New York, Freddy and fun.

Inconvenient Theater-Seats.

From an Exchange.

The space between the row of seats in Paris theatres is ridiculously small. In fact, the average distance between the upper part of the body of a human being seated in an orchestra chair and the back of the seat in front of such human being is rarely more than two feet. Through this narrow space a procession of men with stomachs two feet six inches in diameter makes its way the moment the curtain drops at the end of each and every act. The result can easily be imagined. The sitting victims are crushed below the backs of their chairs and the front of the offending stomachs. Cries of distress from women and murmurs of rage from men accompany this painful process. The buttons of the vandal stomachs became entangled with bonnets and front hair, and in many cases completely wreck elaborate and costly female head-dresses. The watch-chains, dangling in the faces of unhappy men, scrape their noses, tear away their eye-glasses, and sometimes become caught so firmly on their collar-buttons as to drag the victims firmly out of their seats. But the owners of the stomachs seem utterly heedless of the injuries they inflict. They pass on their way, smiling blandly and affecting not to hear the curses which follow them or the cries of anguish which they extort.

Earnings of Stage Favorites.

From the Philadelphia Record.

Annie Pixley's earnings on the stage for the past season may be put down at $25,000. Joe Jefferson made nearly $40,000 in fifteen weeks, not acting steadily. Lotta earned $35,000, while Fanny Davenport worked much harder for $15,000 less. Denman Thompson coined between $60,000 and $70,000, nearly all of it out of "The Old Homestead" in New York. Mrs. Langtry's balance to the good will not be less than $75,000. Adonis Dixey can be reckoned up safely on a basis of $300 a night for say eight months. Patti's notes came back to her with interest to the tune of $250,000, and brought Abbey and Schoeffel $100,000. A profit of about $300,000 is credited to Edwin Booth's season, Booth's share being $200,000, Barrett's $75,000, and Manager Chase's $25,000. Wilson Barrett visited America at a loss probably exceeding $20,000.

Rosina Vokes' Dancing Dress.

Frances Merrill in New York World.

Miss Vokes has, as every woman anxious upon the subject knows, invented some sort of a divided skirt to wear when dancing, but no mortal woman has been able, I fancy, to judge from the descriptions thereof, what manner of creation it may be. In reality it is very simple. The foundation garment is very like what Mrs. Jenness Miller calls "leglettes"—a sort of silk trouser, wide and straight, reaching to the ankle and hemmed. Just at the bend of each knee a kilt is put on which falls just to the edge of the hem. It is about two yards and a half around, but kilted in to just the size of the trouser and stitched on. At the thigh another kilt of equal width is stitched on, that one falling over the first to the edge of the hemmed trouser. Standing erect in these four kilts it would be impossible for the keenest-eyed woman to say that there was anything to it but a very "funny" full skirt. Over this divided skirt is put another skirt of the same material, but made in the orthodox fashion and gathered to a yoke some five or six inches below the waist. This reduces the amount of clothing over the hips and around the waist to very few thicknesses, while the limbs are kept as warm and as closely covered as possible. Of course it goes without saying that it makes the most absolutely modest dancing dress that ever was known. The utmost abandon, the most trying poses, may be indulged in, and there is not even the least tantalizing glimpse of a slender ankle to be had. Only a facinating frou-frou of silk and lace.

At first Miss Vokes used her reformed garment only on the stage, but afterwards, having caught her heel in her petticoats and nearly broken her neck in climbing a four-in-hand coach on the other side she had some divided skirts made for walking skirts, and has used them ever since, taking the greatest comfort in them and knowing all the while that no matter what accident befalls her she will never have the discomfort of realizing that she has made an unpleasant display of white lace and lawn.

Dangerous London Playhouses.

From the New York World.

The complete failure of the attempt to frighten the New York public with the horrors of the Paris Comique fire is evident from the facts that, although the summer season has been formally inaugurated, only two of our West Side theaters are closed and all the others are well attended. The next theater fire is due, not in New York, but in London, where most of the playhouses are unguarded by fire, badly built and unprovided with wide exits. The London theaters are in charge of the Lord Chamberlain, whose agents make perfunctory examinations once a year, and are too conservative to suggest radical alterations. Probably it would be found upon examination that now, as formerly, the architect attached to the Lord Chamberlain's office is employed by the theatrical managers and thus officially supervises his own private work. Pooh-Bah philosophically remarks: "I have known it done."

Bernhardt's Universal Art.

From the Philadelphia Bulletin.

On Monday night, at the Chestnut Street Opera-house, Bernhardt appeared as Theodora. It was a remarkably fine piece of acting. These comments were heard by the writer during one of the more powerful scenes: "She is making love to him;" "I guess that is where she told him of the plot;" "Isn't she sentimentally inclined?" "Did you ever see such a tiger-like expression? She is going to poison him." "Wasn't that the true expression of tenderness? What a strong love she has for Andreas." All these observations were provoked by one particular scene. But perhaps the audience was at fault and not Bernhardt's "universal art."

Three Nights of Splendor.

Fifty men are now engaged in preparing and painting the enormous picture of the battle of Lookout Mountain which will be exhibited at Union Park, corner Jefferson and Cass avenues, next Friday and Saturday nights, and on the evening of the 4th of July, together with the grandest display of fireworks ever seen in the West. The Emerald Cadets and the Busch Zouaves will take part in drills and the battle scene.

Coulisse Chat.

Charles Coghlan continues with Mrs. Langtry next season.

Bernhardt begins a tour of the English provinces, June 28, in Cork, Ireland.

Louis James and Marie Wainwright are visiting Stuart Robson at Cohassett.

Henry Aveling will be the leading man of Mrs. D. P. Bower's company, next season.

Lillian Olcott, it is rumored, has lost $40,000 on "Theodora" and is looking for an engagement.

Mrs. Scott-Siddons will return to America next season, and will give dramatic recitations.

Thomas J. Farron will star next season in "Ballyboreen," a new Irish comedy-drama by Con. T. Murphy.

W. J. Scanlan opens his next season August 29, at the Bush Street Theater, San Francisco, in "Shane na Lawn."

Miss Clyde Herron has been engaged to play the leading female part in the "Shadows of a Great City" next season.

Managers say that the interstate commerce bill is affecting the bookings and is making them slow for next season.

Augustus Pitou and John W. Keller have finished "El Americano," the new play in which Robert B. Mantell will appear next season.

Mme. Modjeska is now visiting her son and niece in Omaha, and after concluding this visit she intends to go to her ranch, near Los Angeles, Cal.

Frederick Warde is presenting the legitimate drama in Butte City, Mont. Next week he appears in Helena, closing his season July 9, in Fargo, Dak.

John S. Murphy, brother of Joseph Murphy, will star next season in "Kerry Gow" and "Shaun Rhue," under the management of John W. Carroll.

The "Mikado" is on the list for an early production at the Cave, and Alice May is the best Katisha in the country while Denham is a roaring Ko-Ko.

James O'Neill's repertoire for next season will include the "American King," "Hamlet" and "Monte Cristo." A new leading lady will be imported from England.

The half holiday movement is so strongly marked in New York that it is probable that all the theatres will change their matinees from Saturday to Wednesday.

Kate Davis, who has been playing in the Hanlons' "Fantasma" company for two or three years, will replace Amy Ames in Hoyt and Thomas' "Tin Soldier" company next season.

Our fair countrywoman, Lillian Nordica, has made the hit of the season in London. Of all the Americans she is the one selected to sing at the State concert at Buckingham Palace.

Miss Marguerite St. John, the English actress, will make a professional tour of this country, commencing about September, opening in Montreal.

Louis Harrison has purchased a comedy, entitled, "The Noblest Roman of Them All," which was originally written for the late John T. Raymond. Louis will spring it on the New York public next season.

Mrs. James Brown Potter, pending her arrival among the Miners, has gone back to the amateur stage. She is to play in Bronson Howard's "Old Love Letters," for the amusement of the renowned Rothschilds at their London home.

That gigantic "Pinafore" revival, despite the gigantic chorus, the gigantic ship and the infinitesimal water, was a gigantic fizzle. Madison Square Garden, even with the sawdust floor, was too much for the comic opera splurge.—[Eddy's Squib.

The travelers' night at the Cave was a big success. Owing to the inclement weather the performance was given in the hall, which was prettily decorated for the occassion. During the evening a beautiful display of fireworks was given in the garden.

"Natural Gas" is the name of a new skit that will introduce Donnelly, Gilbert and Girard, Kate Castleton's late "Crazy Patch" comedians, to that part of the community that goes to the theater to laugh. Grattan Donnelly, of the Arch Street Theater, is the author.

A Paris contemporary, apropos of the retirement of M. Delaunay full of years, gives the ages of the leading artists of the Comedie Francaise. M. Got, it appears, is 64; Maubant, 65; Mounet-Sully, 46; Thiron, 56; Barre, 68; Febre, 53; Coquelin (cadet), 33; Mlle. Pierson, 45; Mlle. Montaland, 43; Mlle. Reichenberg, 33.

The wife of George B. Parkes, the Boston actor who recently committed suicide, has been engaged for the Barrett-Booth Company. She is known on the stage as Miss Robbins. The Boston actor was known as "handsome" George Parkes, probably by way of distinguishing him from the George Parkes of Daly's Company.

The National Opera Company has returned to this city, and the whole family are crying for cash. Suits for the neat little sum of $40,000 have been placed in the hands of the firm of Howe & Hummel, and "little Abe" promises to make things hum for the wealthy and influential few who "lent their names to the enterprise."—[Eddy's Squib.

Imre Kiralfy inaugurated his Ravel pantomime season early in the fall at the Academy of Music in Philadelphia, with a magnificent production of "Mazulin," for which the elaborate scenery, transformations and tricks are now being made in France under the personal supervision of Jerome Ravel, the only surviving member of the famous family of pantomimists.

The Edwin Booth-Lawrence Barrett season begins September 19, in Buffalo, N. Y., under the direction of Mr. Arthur B. Chase, with Theodore Bromley as business manager, and Joseph Levy as the general business agent. The following is a complete and official list of the company: E. J. Buckley, John A. Lane, C. B. Hanford, Benj. G. Rogers, Owen Fawcett, Lawrence Hanley, Charles M. Collins, L. J. Henderson, Walter Thomas, Kendall Weston, J. W. Albaugh, Jr., F. Vroom, J. Finney, Beaumont Smith, Edwin M. Royle, and Misses Minna K. Gale, Gertrude Kellogg, Elizabeth Robbins, Miriam O'Leary and Emma Marble.

I LOVE her, Romeo said, she's mine,
"Her photograph by Strauss is fine!"

Fires Last Night.

Fire did slight damage to Newton Crane's residence, Garrison and Washington avenues, last night.

The old stable, 118 South Fourth street, a three-story building owned by A. Frank & Son, was damaged $600 worth by fire early this morning.

A row of sheds between Laclede avenue and Chestnut street, Compton and Garrison avenues, was destroyed by fire early this morning. R. H. Rawden's barn and the pony in it were also destroyed.

The shed in the rear of W. A. Woods' store, 1221 North Broadway, took fire early this morning and $200 damage was the result.

The chain factory of the Nixdorff-Krein Manufacturing Company took fire in some mysterious manner last evening and was almost totally destroyed. The damage is $50,000; the insurance, $34,000.

A little nephew of Mrs. Parker of 2330 Clark avenue touched a lighted match to some furniture just cleaned with benzine and the blaze he started burned him and his uncle, D. M. Hendricks.

THE doctors say Moxie Nerve Food is harmless, being neither *medicine, poison or stimulant.*

HINDU WOMEN.

HOW THE GENTLE SEX ARE TREATED IN THE LAND OF THE RISING SUN.

Miss Bayle's Romance—How a Wicked British Writer Satirizes the United States Under the Guise of Fiction.

MODERN HINDUISM. By W. J. WILKINS. New York: Scribner & Welford, 1887. 1 vol., cloth, 8vo.

It would be of much benefit to the female advocates of Woman's Rights in this free and happy land, if they would study a few of the phases under which their sex pass a deplorable existence in the realms of the rising sun. In India, a woman's individuality is merged in that of her husband. From birth to death she must ever be in a state of dependence upon, and of obedience to others. In childhood she is dependent upon her father; in youth on her husband, and after his death, should she survive him, upon her sons. If she have no sons, she must be dependent on and subject to the near kinsman of her husband; if he have left no kinsman, on those of her father.

This legislation is perfectly one-sided. Though the husband be altogether bad, though he be cruel and untrue to his wife, this does not at all free her from her obligations to him, as the following passage from Manu, the great India lawgiver, clearly testifies: "Though unobservant of approved usages, or enamored of another woman, or devoid of good qualities, yet a husband must constantly be revered as a god by a virtuous wife." The result of this law is, that when a husband, as frequently is the case, is unfaithful to his wife and it is known that he has other women in his keeping, there is no redress for the injured wife. She cannot obtain a divorce from him, and were such a course possible, she would be treated in her own family as a widow; i. e., as we shall presently show, her life would be made as wretched as man's ingenuity could conceive.

As though all this were not sufficient, Manu, the Confucius of India, further enacts that a woman has no separate existence apart from her husband. She is forbidden the comfort even of approaching the gods in her own name or on her own behalf. No sacrifice is allowed to women apart from their husbands, no religious rite, no fasting. The bond uniting a woman to her husband is indissoluble even by death. Remarriage is forbidden and the chain continues unbroken even to the world beyond the grave. As far only as a wife honors her husband, be he what he may, so far only she is exalted in heaven. A man on the other hand is bound by no such ties. When his wife dies he may marry again as soon as he pleases, and it is no uncommon thing for a widower who has performed the funeral rites for his wife to go through the marriage ceremony with a new wife after an interval of only a few weeks. During her life the wife is under complete subjection to her husband, and in order to insure obedience Manu ordains that it is quite within a husband's rights to inflict corporal punishment upon her if she prove refractory. A wife, a son, a servant, a pupil, may be corrected when they commit faults, with a rope or a cane. Although the wife must remain a widow for life, the man may, if he please, after seven years of married life marry another wife if his first has borne him no son, the first wife being put away. If a wife drinks, shows hatred to her lord, is mischievous or wastes his property she may at all times be superseded by another wife. In spite of these cheerful prospects the Hindu girl-child spends half the time praying that she may obtain a husband and that he may live long. These prayers and certain sacrifices to the same end are performed by the girl when she is but five years old. She is also taught at the same tender age to indulge in all manner of curses and imprecations against her possible rival in the affections of her future lord.

In performing this ceremony the girl paints on the floor with rice flour a variety of objects, such as the bough of a flower tree, a palaquin containing a man and woman, with the sun and moon over it; the Ganges and Iumna with boats on them; a Temple of Siva, etc., etc. Having done this, she invokes Siva and asks for his blessing. An elderly lady then begins to dictate and the baby repeats after her a volley of abuse and curses against her "Satin," or rival wife. The following are a specimen of the curses:

"May my Satin become a slave, may she be exposed to infamy, may I devour her head, may she have spleen, may she die and may I see her from the top of my house; may I never have a Satin."

When it be remembered that these and similar religious rites, all tending to the same end are first performed at the tender age of 5 years, it will be evident that the children must be taught a great deal that it would be far better not to know at such an age.

But the real misery of a Hindu woman does not commence until she is left a widow; then her life is indeed purgatory until her death. A widow is looked upon as a disgraced and degraded object, for whom no insults are too great. The following is abridged from an account given by a Hindu widow of the way in which a poor widow is made to suffer from the moment of her husband's death. It will be remembered that previous to British rule the wives were invariably burnt on their husband's funeral pile, and it is in consequence of the cessation of this barborous rite that a widow is treated with such contempt.

When a husband dies his wife suffers as much as if the death angel had come for her also. She must not be approached by any of her relations, but several women, from three to six (wives of barbers, a class who are kept for this object), are in waiting, and as soon as the husband's last breath is drawn they rush at the new-made widow and tear off her ornaments. Ear and nose rings are dragged off, often tearing the cartilages; ornaments plaited in with the hair are torn away, and if the arms are covered with gold and silver bracelets they do not take the time to draw them off one by one, but, holding her arm on the ground, they hammer with a stone until the metal, often solid and heavy, breaks in two; it matters not to them how many wounds they inflict, they have no pity, not even if the widow is but a child of 6 or 7, who does not know what a husband means.

When the day of burial comes the widow's sorrows increase. Every relation must go to the funeral on foot. First the men following the corpse, then the women (well covered from sight), and finally the poor widow, sometimes a little child, sometimes an aged woman, dragged along by the barbers' wives. They take care that at least 200 feet intervene between her and any other woman, for it is supposed that if her shadow fell on any, she would become a widow, therefore, no relative, however much sympathy she may feel in secret, dare look upon her face. One of the rough women goes in front and shouts aloud to any passer-by to get out of the way of the accursed thing as if the poor widow were a wild beast.

This sort of treatment goes on for weeks after the funeral. No one is allowed even to give a cup of cold water. The widow is loaded with reproaches. She is an accursed thing; she must endure long fasts and little food and be gibed at by relatives and friends and enemies. If she weeps for her lost happiness and husband they all cry: "How immodest! How abandoned! See, she is crying for a husband!" Her mother-in-law taunts her with having killed her son; her own mother regrets that ever she bore her. And all this although they may be widows themselves. Widows who have no parents have to serve as servants to their brother's or son's wives. If a widow remains in her husband's house, it is the same; she is hated by mother and sister-in-law, and beaten from place to place. If for the sake of peace she would like to live alone, she loses her character. If she has children, she works for them while they are young. When her sons marry she becomes their wives' servant. There is only one escape for her, and many take it. This is to fly to the cities and join the horde of abandoned women. Thousands of widowed women in India to-day would welcome the forbidden suttee, as then they would exchange life-long degradation and misery for a few short moments of agony to usher in an eternity of bliss.

MISS BAYLE'S ROMANCE: A Story of To-Day. New York: Henry Holt & Co., 1887. Cloth covers, 30 cents. From the Evans Book Company, St. Louis.

"Miss Bayle's Romance" is a work that is destined to be more talked about this season on both sides of the Atlantic than probably any book since Dicken's "Martin Chuzzlewit." Not that "Miss Bayle's Romance" is in any respect comparable to that magnificent work of genius. Far from it! It is neither a very clever, nor a very amusing, nor a very powerful story. But it is written with an amount of audacity that is uncommon, even in these days when audacity is at a premium. The heroes and heroines, and there are many, are nearly all, well-known living people, and they are spoken of by their own proper and proprietary names. The Prince of Wales, Mr. Gladstone, Lord Randolph Churchill, Jay Gould, Labouchere and some eminent French politicians all appear in the story under their proper titles, while Baron Parkhirst, Mr. G. LaSalle and Mr. Atlas, poet, novelist and journalist, are so thinly-disguised as scarcely to be worth the trouble of concealment. Among the characters which serve as types of a class, are the American millionaire and railway king, Mr. Bayle; the Chicago girl, his daughter, who "marries a lord;" Mr. Wentworth, the Boston "man of culture," and Lord Plowden Eton, a rather colorless young nobleman of the lardy-dardy type, but with a foundation of common sense that the British dude more often possesses than he is believed to do.

It is understood that in England the authorship of "Miss Bayle's Romance" is an open secret. If so, it is a secret very carefully kept, for all the English reviews carefully avoid giving the name of the audacious writer, while they openly boast of their power to do so. Taking the work at a fair valuation, it may as well be conceded at once that audacity is not the whole of the author's stock in trade. There is a good deal of rather trenchant satire displayed and leveled both at the English and American characters. Of these the Americans certainly catch the worst of the gale. But the satire is all good-natured and is all leveled at the imaginary characters, such as the American girl, the Chicago millionaire, etc. Those persons with whom the writer has taken the liberty of using their names, have nothing else to complain of. They are treated fairly and with courtesy. Even that unhappy being, the Prince of Wales, who appears rather frequently in the story, is introduced just as he is—an English gentleman with no nonsense or affectation about him, with a great liking for a pretty face and no objection to a little mild flirtation, gambling and fun generally! Such is the Prince of Wales in real life and as such he is sketched in "Miss Bayle's Romance." But English and American idiosyncracies are not the only ones which come under our anonymous author's dissecting knife. French customs, especially those relating to marriage, are openly ridiculed and the gaming tables of Homburg and Monte Carlo are very carefully scrutinized even to the character of the much libelled croupiers who preside. The author appears to be equally conversant with the true inwardness of life in the Eastern and Western States as in England and all parts of Europe. He is a cosmopolitan and he stands aloft on a pinnacle of his own manufacture, and from that high altitude ridicules the world. Another of this author's good qualities is literary justice. His characters, both men and women, real and imaginary, types and actual specimens, are given as nature made them. No author has ever yet described the Western girl or the American millionaire without caricaturing them. Our author, while he lights up the "you don't says," the "you bets," the unconventionalities and oddities with no sparing hand, yet does not scruple to show that a girl who says "I guess" and goes out walking by herself in the streets of Paris may yet have an abundant supply of good, sweet, pure and honest womanhood underlying her eccentricities. The same with the millionaire and the other characters. Mr. Bayle is a typical American speculator, but he is not a loud voiced, underbred, boasting churl, although the author takes care to introduce a Mr. Johnson to show that such things may be. Mr. Bayle, in spite of his millions, is a pleasant, quiet, rather agreeable old fellow, with sufficient individuality and wide-awakeness about him to justify his position. Taking it all in all, together with the girl's love story, the sensible parents and the satire, which makes us smile and does not set our teeth on edge, Miss Bayle's romance is as pretty a bit of reading as we have met with for a long time. We should like to know the name of the author, and shall look eagerly for another romance from the same pen.

SEE the maiden sweetly laugh,
Strauss has ta'en her photograph.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

Retail Prices of Sundry Supplies That Cheer the Inner Man.

During the past week the dealers at Union Market have been fairly well patronized. During the latter part of the week, when the weather became decidedly cooler, the demand for meats greatly increased. There have been a number of changes in the prices. Snipe are no longer in season. Green apples are being received and sell at 60c a peck.

The following are to-day's prices: Game—squabs, $3 a dozen; spring chickens, 35@40c apiece. Butter—Elgin, 25c; Iowa, 23c; fancy dairy, 22c; dairy, 20c. Eggs, two dozen 25c. Honey, 10@15c per pound. Meats—Loin beef, 15@17½c per pound; veal, 12½@15c per pound; pork, 10c per pound; corned beef, 6@10c per pound; mutton, 10@12½c per pound; kidneys, 5c apiece; tongues, 40c apiece; sweet-breads, 20@35c a pair; lamb fries, 15c; spring lamb, hindquarters, $1.25; frontquarters, $1; calves' liver, 25c; calves' brains, 10c; calves' heads, $1, skinned calves' heads, 10c; sausage, 8@10c per pound; ox-tail, 5@10c. Vegetables—Watermelons, 25@50c; cantaloupes, 15@60c; blackberries, 20c a quart; peaches, 35c a basket; red raspberries, 15c a quart; plums, 10c a quart; cherries, 15c a quart; tomatoes, 35c a basket; rhubarb, 3 bunches for 5c; soup bunches, 3 for 10c; new home-grown potatoes, 25c a peck; onions, 10c a quart; radishes, 10c a bunch; green onions, 4 for 5c; green apples, 10c per quart, 60c a peck; squash, 10c each; parsley, 4 for 10c; lettuce, 2 for 5c; green gumbo, 25c a quart; asparagus, large bunches, 15c each; egg plant, 10@15c each; kohlrabi, 2 bunches for 5c; new carrots, 15c a bunch; green peppers, 25c per dozen; new cabbage, 5c and 10c a head; onions, 30c a peck; string beans, 5c a quart; new beets, 2 bunches for 5c; green peas, 5c a quart; 25c a peck; cucumbers, 3 for 10c; cauliflower, 10c to 15c a head; wax beans, 5c a quart; watercress, 5c a bunch; oranges, 40c and 50c per dozen; lemons, 20c per dozen; Fish—Salmon, 20c a pound; red snapper, 12½c; halibut, 20c; black bass, 15c; Spanish mackerel, 15c to 20c per pound; trout, 12½c per pound; buffalo, 10c; pike, 12c; lake salmon, 12½c; sun, 10c pound; shad, 40c to 60c each.

The Sprinkling Bill

Doesn't help us at present. We propose to come to the aid of the public by reducing the price on all grades of *Garden Hose*, preparatory to our removal to the elegant store, 415 North Fourth street. Look out for special bargains in all kinds of rubber goods for the next thirty days at our present store, 615 North Fourth street.

DAY RUBBER COMPANY.

WHEEL WHIMS.

Delay in the De Soto Road Race—Bassett Telegraphed and Written—Notes.

Such general interest has been awakened in the De Soto race between Greenwood and Stone that it will be a welcome piece of news to the wheelmen to learn that the complication which has arisen the past week is one which needs only a few days to be straightened out. Everything was going along nicely when somebody called on Hal and dropped into his ear the hint that he would lose his amateur standing if he raced with Stone. He ought to have thought of that before, the other side said, and besides his challenge to the world obligated him to stand against even professionals. Hal said that was probably all right technically, but he wasn't going to lose his standing. So last Tuesday he sat down and flew to the haven of all troubled cyclists, the broad bosom of Secretary, Bassett on the following epistolary wings:

Abbot Bassett:

DEAR SIR—I presume you know of the intended race between Percy Stone and myself on the road from St. Louis to De Soto and back. Now, I know that P. Stone is a professional, and what I want to know is this: Would I injure my amateur standing by racing him on any condition? Is there any special provision made by the Racing Board regarding racing with professionals? Is there any clause which will restrict an amateur from betting on himself, racing in a road race for money, having his friends bet on him, or putting up a money prize against a medal to race for with a professional on the road? Now, I am very anxious to race Stone, but do not want to forfeit my standing as an amateur. So, if you will kindly inform me of any misstep I may take in the above matter I will be very much obliged, as I will take your advice only in this matter. Hoping for an early reply, I remain yours, etc."

Up to 4 p. m. yesterday no reply had come to this, and so Greenwood sent this telegram: "May I race Stone under conditions written you? Wire answer."

Unfortunately it may turn out that more delay will be caused by the fact that Bassett is no longer Chairman of the Racing Board, that office now being held by J. H. Cooley of Plainfield, N. J. Treasurer Brewster's opinion is that the letter of Greenwood will have to be sent to Cooley for his opinion as chairman, as Bassett no longer has jurisdiction. The point is not on racing for money as Hal will only go for a prize; the issue is, whether racing with a professional in a road race, a class of sport the L. A. W. does not recognize, will affect an amateur. Logically it would seem not, but Greenwood won't take any chances. He is as much interested in having the decision favorable to his racing as anybody else, as he could scarcely afford to withdraw under any circumstances from this race, for, if he should, he would lose the confidence forever of the wheelmen on both sides. Percy wants the race to come off Sunday, July 3, and it probably will if the decision is favorable. The exact date will be announced in the POST-DISPATCH.

Notes.

July 4 the Illinois Division will hold its annual meet, with races, at Peoria.

Willie Haradon of Springfield, Mass., is trying to get back among the amatuers.

Fred Wood has captured a world's grass record in Australia by riding a mile in 2m. 45 2-5s., beating Hiller's 2:51.

The new L. A. W. tickets awaken considerable local pride, with Treasurer W. M. Brewster's signature adorning the face.

Mr. Charles Richards Dodge has written a very interesting article, "Tricycling for Women," which appears in Daughters of America. Mr. Dodge gives the ladies some excellent hints about dress, the proper "form" in riding, and other valuable pointers.

In the twenty-five-mile N. C. U. tricycle championship contested at Birmingham, England, May 30, the following new records were made: Twenty-one miles, R. J. Mecredy, 1:9.57 3-5; 22 miles, R. J. Mecredy, 1:18.22 4-5; 23 miles, R. J. Mecredy, 1:16.51 2-5; 24 miles, F. J. Osmond, 1:20.16; 25 miles, F. J. Osmond, 1:23.21 1-5.

The Citizens' Club of New York is probably the most prosperous of any organization of its kind in the world. With a membership of about 140, their total income is not far from $7,000 per annum, which is ample enough to afford all the requisites of a first-class clubhouse and yet have a sufficient surplus for many luxuries, prominent among which is a fat bank account.

As the season of vacations is at hand, wheelmen will confer a favor on their cycling brethren if they will drop in at any of the headquarters and sign the bulletin, there hung up, stating when they can get off. By doing that interesting touring parties may be got up. Last year the week's tour through Indiana and Ohio, one of the pleasantest of the year, was thus arranged.

A word to the riders who "scorch" after a heavy mid-day meal. A gentleman, described as "an official of the Plumstead vestry," fell dead off his tricycle at Sidcup, Kent, last week, and the medical evidence at the inquest was that the heart and all the organs of life were healthy, but that the cause of death was syncope from overexertion in riding after partaking of a heavy meal.—[Cyclist.

Trunks! Trunks! Trunks!

I have now in stock the largest and most complete assortment of traveling goods in the West—steamer, Eugenia, Saratoga and sole-leather trunks for ladies and gents. Bags and satchels of every style and description, in fact, everything needed by the traveling public, and at remarkably low prices.

P. C. MURPHY,
Third and St. Charles Streets.

At a meeting of the Hendricks Association last evening it was determined to hold the barbecue July 4, in the southwest part of Forest Park. Several sub-committees were appointed.

VITIATED BLOOD,

Scrofulous, Inherited and Contagious Humors Cured by Cuticura.

THROUGH the medium of one of your books received through Mr. Frank T. Wray, druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that their use has permanently cured me of one of the worst cases of blood poisoning, in connection with erysipelas, that I have ever seen, and this after having been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our county. I take great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be encouraged to give your CUTICURA REMEDIES a trial.

P. S. WHITLINGER, Leechburg, Pa.

Reference: FRANK T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo, Pa.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.

James E. Richardson, Custom-house, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1870 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head, could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them and was perfectly cured."

Sworn to before U. S. Com. J. D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.

We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years, and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap takes the "cake" here as a medicinal soap.

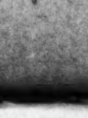
TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Kan.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,

And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair, and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail. Send for pamphlet.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, 50 cts.; CUTICURA SOAP, an Exquisite Beautifier, 25 cts.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, $1.00. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.



HOW MY BACK ACHES.

Back Ache, Kidney Pains and Weakness, Soreness, Lameness, Strains and Pain relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster,—infallible.

ETERNAL NIGHT.

The Awful Doom That Threatened a Young Man.



Geo. E. Vandegriff.

"I hope I'm not going blind," said a young man with a bandage over over his eyes and a helpless and appealing expression in his general attitude.

"There is danger of it," replied the oculist. "I may have to remove that left eye and the right one is so sympathetically affected that the sight of it may be destroyed."

The patient was a young man of 19 in full possession of the vigor of that age and before whom life spread its brightest prospects. Upon the very threshhold of his career the shadow of a threatened disaster was now falling.

He was going blind. The doctor was one of the most experienced oculists in the city and the young man was Geo. E. Vandegrift of 711 Russell avenue. He was a machinist by trade and worked at the mill furnishing establishment of Dehner & Wuerpel, 1613 South Third street.

It was there that a reporter saw him yesterday. He was completely well and gave the following story of his suffering and cure:

"In February, while working at the lathe, a bit of iron flew into my left eye and embedded itself in the blue of the eye. I went to an oculist who removed the iron, but in two days the entire eye turned like a piece of raw meat and I lost all sight in the other. My eyes were so sensitive to the light that I had to wear not only a bandage, but over that at night when the gas was lighted I would have to lay a folded newspaper over my eyes to keep away the light. The rays from a match falling through the bandage made both eyes feel as if they were about to pop out. The pain was intense.

"When the oculist told me that I should lose my sight I quit his treatment and at once went to Drs. McCoy and Henry's office, because he had successfully treated my brother for a stubborn case of catarrh. The doctor said he could save my eyes.

"To make a long story short, he did save them. I went to his office, or, rather, was led there twice a week for two months and my eyes were all right. I tell you I felt pretty bad when I thought I was going blind, and I can't be too strong in my expression of gratitude for the Doctors' treatment. I want people to know what they have done for me and what I think they can do for them."

GASEOUS ENEMATA!

Consumption No Longer An Incurable Disease—Chronic Bronchitis and All Old-Standing Diseases of the Throat Readily Relieved, and in the Majority of Cases Cured.

Claude Bernard, the most eminent of all French physiologists, discovered a few years since that if

SULPHURETTED HYDROGEN GAS,

or marsh gas, as the chemistries call it, were injected into the blood of one suffering from fever, resulting from the breaking down of the lung or other organs the fever would be reduced. Acting on this hint, Dr. Bergeon of Lyons, France began a course of experiments on consumptives which gave wonderful results. The fever ceased in most cases, and numbers were entirely cured, while almost all were greatly benefited.

OVER A HUNDRED CASES OF CONSUMPTION AND CHRONIC THROAT TROUBLES ALREADY SO TREATED BY DR. McCOY, EVERY ONE OF WHICH HAS BEEN PLACED ON THE ROAD TO RECOVERY, AND NOT ONE OF WHICH SUFFERS THE LEAST FROM THE TREATMENT.



BERGEON'S APPARATUS FOR THE TREATMENT OF CONSUMPTION.

This new treatment can only be applied successfully by one who has investigated the subject. Careless doctors and those not thoroughly acquainted with its uses are liable to fail, when a skillful specialist who has devoted his life to lung troubles, as has Dr. McCoy, will succeed. Again, this treatment not only remedies one or two features of the disease, consumption, but it adds the

MISSING LINK

in the history of the treatment of lung diseases, and this, with the other discoveries of late years, places a specialist on such a basis that he can confidently expect to effect either a cure or a permanent benefit.

All this new and approved treatment, together with much that has been discovered by Dr. McCoy himself, is given to all his patients, and by his associate, Dr. Henry, and it can be safely said that these gentlemen are masters of all that is now known of consumption and other chronic diseases up to date. With these gentlemen it is no longer speculation and experiment—it is straightforward treatment resulting from high intellectual and scientific attainments added to a thorough medical education in the greatest American hospitals and under the greatest of American masters of medicine and surgery. All of these facts are indisputable and challenge contradiction. These gentlemen have added to the exhaustive knowledge of their specialties a reputation for moderate charges, as their consultation fee is but $1, whether at the office or for an opinion given by mail.

DOCTOR
J. CRESAP McCOY,
Late of Bellevue Hospital, New York,
—AND—
DOCTOR
COLUMBUS HENRY,
Late of University of Pennsylvania,
HAVE OFFICES AT
1516 LUCAS PLACE, ST. LOUIS.

Where all curable cases are treated with success.

Medical diseases treated skilfully. Consumption, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and all NERVOUS DISEASES. All Diseases Peculiar to the Sexes a specialty. CATARRH CURED.

OFFICE HOURS: 8:30 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.; 6:30 to 8:30 p. m. Sundays 8:30 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Consultation at office or by mail, $1.

Correspondence receives prompt attention.

No letters answered unless accompanied by four cents in stamps.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

CHELTENHAM ACADEMY, Cheltenham Hills, near Philada. Seventeenth year. Fine buildings and grounds. Prepares boys for college or business. Resident masters. Military drill, gymnasium. Terms, $500. For catalogue, address the Rector, Rev. Samuel Clements, D.D., Ogontz P. O., Pa.

ST. LOUIS SEMINARY.
A PRIVATE SELECT SCHOOL OF HIGH GRADE FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF YOUNG LADIES.

Situated at Jennings, Mo., eight miles from St. Louis, (on Wabash R'y.) and one of its most beautiful suburbs. Dicipline careful and homelike; each pupil individualized. Seven experienced teachers. Commodious, well ventilated buildings with beautiful and ample grounds. Seventeenth Year commences Sept. 7, '87. For particulars, catalogue, etc., apply at once to the Principal,

B. T. BLEWETT, LL.D., Jennings, Mo.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

Lake Michigan and Lake Superior Transportation Company.

THE GREAT LAKE ROUTE.

The Tourists' Choice to the Summer Resorts of LAKE SUPERIOR.

First-class passenger steamers between Chicago, Milwaukee, Mackinaw, Duluth and all intermediate ports in the Iron and Copper District.

Elegantly furnished Cabins and Staterooms.

MAGNIFICENT SCENERIES! UNSURPASSED CLIMATE! A SUMMER PARADISE! Tourists' Guide sent FREE to any address upon application to L. M. & L. S. T. Co., S. W. Cor. Market and Washington sts., Chicago.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER HOME—For comfort, pleasure, grand and picturesque scenery, delightful, cool climate and powerfully tonic waters try SWEET SPRINGS, West Virginia; elevation 2,000 feet above sea level; first-class hotel, accommodating comfortably 800 visitors; hot and cold baths, guests' and ladies' swimming pools, a fine brass and string band; terms reasonable; open June 15, 1887. For pamphlets, address the manager. J. WATKINS LEE, Sweet Springs, Monroe, Virginia.

LONG BRANCH
West End Hotel.
COTTAGES AND RESTAURANT
Will Open June 11; the Hotel June 23.
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LEARN HOW TO LIVE.

Comfort First. Then Luxury.

I got up one day in the morning,
From a dream which had troubled me sore;
The belief in my senses was dawning
That to board would be wrong any more—
Unless I could claim all around me—
The bric-a-brac under my dome,
So that neighbors and friends when they found me
Could see me enjoying my home.

It was madness or folly to treasure
Such fancies as come to a man,
Who never has known life's true pleasure
Or dealt in the installment plan.
Why, how could I hope to engender
Such peace as that dream bid me seek;
Such ravishing beauty! Such splendor!
Could they be all bought by the week?

How hard I had tried to surmount them—
The difficult problems of life;
So many—I dared not to count them,
Or speak of them even to my wife;
The dear girl who never had grumbled
In all the long comfortless days,
While often she saw herself humbled
To live in dark poverty's ways.

I resolved—time passed now to stickle
Or hold back for fortune and fame;
One help I could summon—McNichol,
For thousands were doing the same.
I bless now the day I decided,
My home is a haven of rest—
Every comfort good Mac has provided,
Of caterers the freest and best.

Yes, McNichols never refuses to help those who help themselves. You have only to state your needs, pick out what you want, pay a small installment—merely a saving in the safest bank—if you are not able to pay it all at once, and you can retire at night to a home any man might envy. See your friend,

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

St. Louis City Bonds.

The Merchants' National Bank will receive subscriptions to a limited amount up to June 25, 1887, for St. Louis City twenty-year gold renewal bonds, bearing 3-65 per cent interest.

JAMES E. YEATMAN, President.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS BRIDGE CO., St. Louis, Mo., June 21, 1887.—From and after Saturday, June 25, until September 1, next, unless otherwise ordered, the footway over the bridge will be open from 7:30 p. m. to 10 p. m. for 1 cent each for grown persons. Children of all classes, with their parents, free. Visitors will be permitted to remain until midnight. By order of the General Manager.

R. H. HEWITT,
Superintendent Upper Roadway.

$15,000 in Butler County Bonds. Notice is hereby given that I, Martin Ferguson, County Treasurer, will receive sealed bids for the sale of $15,000 in Butler County Court-house Bonds until August 1, at 12 o'clock, noon, at my office in the City of Poplar Bluff, Mo. MARTIN FERGUSON, County Treasurer.

Poplar Bluff, June 21, 1887.

SPORTS OF ALL SORTS.

Comments on St. Louis Joining the National League.

Gossip and News About Athletes From All Parts.

Interesting Records About League Pitchers—Chicago and New York Close Up—Dangers Incidental to the Game of Base Ball—News of the Turners Here and Elsewhere—Base Ball Chaff and Chat.

When, a few days ago, Mr. Von der Ahe said that unless he received better treatment than that which has been accorded him recently in the American Association he would leave that organization and go over to the League, he merely gave utterance to a desire which he has long entertained. No one can deny that the President of the Brown Stocking Club and the members thereof, for the matter of that, have excellent cause for complaint against not a few of the club managers in the American body, and that any change, to the League more especially, would be pleasing to both of them. Mr. Von der Ahe has many reasons for his desire to join hands with the older association. Not only would he and his club thus avoid the distressing adventures into which they fall away from St. Louis, but they would then be associated with an aggregation of ball clubs, which, take them at their worst, are at least more able exponents of the national pastime than are the clubs in the American Association. Besides, Mr. Von der Ahe is well-loved by all the managers in the League personally, and his great club is admired by them as much, if not more, than any other club in the country. The League men, moreover, have lost no opportunity of expressing their sentiments on this head, all of which, quite naturally too, has predisposed the mind of the St. Louis manager in their direction, while expressions, the direct antitheses of these, have had the very contrary effect so far as the Association is concerned. But apart from any merely sentimental consideration there is another and a stronger one which will weigh powerfully with President Von der Ahe when the League makes overtures to him next fall, as the League certainly will. It is the question of money. Guarantee or percentage the St. Louis Club as it stands to-day can make more money in the League than it can in the Association whether it is the percentage or the guarantee system which is in operation, although for St. Louis purposes the percentage system would be preferable. A gentleman who has considerable inside information on the matter informed the writer not long ago that unless he was badly mistaken, Von der Ahe and the Browns would be playing ball in the League next year. Every admirer of good base ball will hope for the sake of St. Louis the anticipation will prove correct.

* *
*

That some such step as that indicated will be found necessary no one can doubt when the rather light patronage at Sportsman's Park this year is taken into consideration. The falling off from the attendance of last year is plain and can be accounted for on one hypothesis only, and that is that the people are not as deeply interested in the kind of ball played by the American Association as they used to be. A game between the Browns, for instance, and the Detroits, the Bostons, the New Yorks, Philadelphias, or even Chicagos for all that, would certainly possess more interest for St. Louisans than a game between the local club and any club in the Association. Were the Browns in the League there would be a "great game" at the park every day instead of once a week as now. The 50 cent tariff would in no way influence matters, and it is not at all improbable that a 75-cent reservation could be maintained with satisfactory results. Such is the opinion of the majority of St. Louis enthusiasts not only, but also of those in the East, who have made fortunes out of base ball.

* *
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Apropos of the disgraceful scenes in Baltimore on the occasion of the last visit of the St. Louis Club to that city, a gentleman interested in the team said the other day: "From all accounts of the occurrences which took place in Baltimore, it would be unsafe for the club to visit that city again. There is imminent danger of the players being seriously hurt, and this, you understand, should never be permitted under any circumstances. I have an idea which I will suggest to President Von der Ahe when he returns, and if he has the sense I believe he has, he will act on it. The Browns are scheduled to play six more games in Baltimore, three beginning July 27 and three beginning August 13. By that time I fully believe the club will be so far ahead that it can easily afford to forfeit these games three at a clip and let Baltimore have them. It would teach the people there a lesson that they would never forget, and would also give Barnie & Co. something to think about. If they should sue it would be very easy to prove that the place was dangerous. That would be heroic treatment, but the only kind suitable for the peculiar ailment with which Baltimore is suffering."

The Welch Testimonial.

The following letter explains itself:

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I don't care to appear publicly in the matter, but I want you to put me down as being opposed to a flowery testimonial to Welch, as proposed in the POST-DISPATCH last night. To my mind Welch has been the most unassuming player on the nine in all respects. I have never seen him kick or demur at a decision, but quietly go to work and "git thar," which he does in a manner surpassed by no one. It is about time Mr. Welch's fine qualities received some sort of appreciation from the people of this town other than a basket of flowers. If your paper will handle this matter you can start me with $5, and I have no doubt I will be readily followed by many others.

FRIEND OF THE BROWNS.

St. Louis, June 24.

The Browns and the League.

The Pittsburg Referee says editorially: The report that Chris Von der Ahe was endeavoring to oust President Wikoff from his position, or at least agitate a boom in favor of a candidate of his own choice, together with the threatened charges against his players for various offenses, has led to the belief in some quarters that this is the Browns' last season in the Association. There is nothing particularly alarming in this report except that portion of it which credits the Browns' President with being disgusted with the Association, and almost altogether on account of the continual trouble some people were trying to create through the actions of his players. The rowdyism of which some of his players are guilty would not be any better received in the League than in the Association, and it is safe to say that it would not be tolerated in that body as long as it has in the younger one.

When the Missouri Legislature passed what is known as the repeal of the law of 1857, it practically killed Sunday games in St. Louis. Four years ago the Legislature enacted a law known as the Downing Sunday law, which prohibited amusements of all kinds, and when the brewers and saloon-keepers fought this an obscure law, enacted in '57, was discovered, which gave the Mound City the right to keep Sunday as she saw fit. Consequently the repeal of this latter statute meant a good deal to the "world's champions."

President Von der Ahe, knowing that no law existed in Illinois prohibiting Sunday games, made arrangements for grounds in East St. Louis on which to play on Sundays in case he was interfered with on the other side of the river. This rather set at ease the minds of patrons of the game. When, subsequently, a law prohibiting Sunday playing in Illinois failed of passage the position of the St. Louis management appeared secure, but upon coming up a second time, a few weeks ago, the Sunday measure was passed by that Legislature, and the St. Louis management appeared whipsawed. The Browns are scheduled to play on Sunday, July 3, but will hardly do so. Ex-President Stromberg, of the old League park, announces his intention of closing that place.

This places Mr. Von der Ahe in a very embarrassing position. Like a good many other persons, he is in base ball for business. He would no more think of running that business at a loss than he would think of continuing in the Association when there is more money in the League. There is more money in the Association for the Browns with the guarantee plan, than there is on the percentage system, providing Sunday games are played. But there is more money in the League for Von der Ahe's boys on the percentage plan than the same system or guarantee in the Association without Sunday games. And money talks. Von der Ahe was opposed to the adoption of the percentage plan in the Association because it meant a decrease in receipts to him. Of course, the League this season plays under a guarantee, with the exception of Chicago, New York and Detroit, but it wouldn't take much to change a little thing like that when the mutual benefits to be derived would be considered. With one club in St. Louis, and St. Louis in the League, the latter body would be afforded a much better circuit than the present one. St. Louis is also a better paying base ball city than Indianapolis, and both Mr. Von der Ahe and the League officials know this. For these reasons the Browns will be in the League in '88.

THE RECORD.

An Interesting Race Between New York and Chicago—The Leaders.

Below will be found the record of the League and the Association races for the respective championships:

ASSOCIATION.

Clubs.	Browns	Cincinnati	Athletics	Louisville	Cleveland	Brooklyn	Baltimore	Mets	Won
Browns	....	3	5	6	6	7	6	6	39
Cincinnati	5	...	2	2	7	5	3	6	30
Athletics	3	7	....	3	5	3	0	5	26
Louisville	1	4	4	....	5	4	2	4	24
Cleveland	0	1	2	3	....	2	0	4	12
Brooklyn	1	8	1	3	6	...	4	3	21
Baltimore	1	5	8	5	6	2	....	4	31
Mets	2	1	2	4	2	2	0	....	13
Lost	13	24	24	26	37	25	15	32	196

SUMMARY.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
1. Browns	52	39	13	.740
2. Baltimore	46	31	15	.673
3. Cincinnati	54	30	24	.555
4. Athletics	50	26	24	.520
5. Louisville	50	24	26	.480
6. Brooklyn	46	21	25	.456
7. Mets	45	13	32	.288
8. Cleveland	49	12	37	.244

LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Indianapolis	Chicago	New York	Boston	Detroit	Philadelphia	Washington	Pittsburg	Won
Indianapolis	...	3	1	3	0	1	1	5	14
Chicago	8	..	2	2	5	4	1	1	23
New York	3	1	....	4	2	6	6	5	27
Boston	4	2	3	....	2	8	7	3	29
Detroit	9	3	1	1	....	4	5	8	31
Philadelphia	3	2	5	4	0	...	4	2	20
Washington	1	3	6	2	1	1	....	0	14
Pittsburg	4	4	2	1	2	1	1	....	15
Lost	32	18	20	17	12	25	25	24	173

SUMMARY.

Clubs.	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
1. Detroit	43	31	12	.720
2. Boston	46	29	17	.630
3. New York	47	27	20	.574
4. Chicago	41	23	18	.560
5. Philadelphia	45	20	25	.444
6. Pittsburg	39	15	24	.384
7. Washington	39	14	25	.358
8. Indianapolis	46	14	32	.304

INTERESTING FIGURES.

Work Done by the Twenty-Six Pitchers in the National League.

The following table, showing the work of the League pitchers during the present League season up to and including the games of June 17, will be of the greatest interest. By it, it appears that the smallest number of earned runs per game has been made off Madden of the Bostons, and next to him in this respect comes Conway, off of whom the smallest perce tage of base hits (actual) has been made.

While so much has been said against Radbourn, it would be well to compare his record with that of Clarkson, the crack pitcher of the Chicagos. There is little difference in the number of earned runs off both. Conway and Twitchell had won the greatest percentage of victories up to the date of this computation; less runs and less earned runs off Madden than off any other pitcher. More runs have been made by the Detroits when Twitchell has been in the box than any other pitcher can show. The least percentage of bases on balls is credited to Ferguson of the Philadelphias. The table explains itself:

Rank.	Names.	Games Played	Won	Lost	Per Ct. Won.	Runs of Pitcher's Club.	Runs Opps.	Earned Runs.	Earned R. per G.	A. B. Opps.	Base Hits Opps.	Av. Base Hits.	First Base on Balls.	Av. Bases on Balls per Game.
1	Madden	11	9	2	.818	84	42	12	1.09	354	79	.223	48	4.36
2	Conway	6	5	1	.833	53	27	7	1.16	206	43	.208	22	3.66
3	Daily	4	0	4	.000	18	27	7	1.75	146	35	.240	25	6.25
4	Whitney	13	7	6	.538	91	69	23	1.77	474	120	.253	18	1.38
5	Ferguson	13	9	4	.692	88	64	29	2.23	466	117	.250	15	1.15
6	Twitchell	6	5	1	.833	68	30	14	2.33	214	49	.230	30	5.00
7	Gilmore	5	2	3	.400	17	35	12	2.40	169	45	.266	23	4.60
8	Clarkson	17	9	8	.530	96	83	41	2.41	583	144	.247	30	1.76
9	Buffinton	9	3	6	.333	61	61	22	2.44	314	98	.284	18	2.00
10	Baldwin (Chicago)	13	8	5	.615	80	76	32	2.46	452	121	.267	55	4.23
11	Radbourn	18	10	8	.555	103	90	45	2.50	636	174	.273	56	3.11
12	Boyle	14	2	12	.143	62	82	36	2.57	513	124	.241	37	2.65
13	George	7	3	4	.428	83	66	19	2.71	229	63	.274	74	10.57
14	Keefe	19	14	5	.737	154	104	55	2.90	661	172	.260	40	2.10
15	Stemmyer	6	4	2	.666	39	40	18	3.00	223	62	.278	18	3.00
16	Baldwin (Detroit)	9	4	5	.444	51	50	27	3.00	319	90	.282	28	3.11
17	Getzein	8	6	2	.750	77	40	24	3.00	311	88	.283	17	2.12
18	Casey	13	6	7	.462	63	92	40	3.07	469	123	.262	44	3.38
19	Welch	11	5	6	.454	61	79	34	3.09	387	107	.276	31	2.82
20	Galvin	17	9	8	.530	96	89	56	3.30	652	172	.263	25	1.47
21	McCormack	11	4	7	.363	57	74	37	3.36	415	128	.308	30	2.72
22	Weidman	14	11	3	.785	121	70	51	3.64	514	143	.278	39	2.79
23	O'Day	7	1	6	.143	37	55	26	3.71	237	68	.287	31	4.43
24	Healy	15	5	10	.333	90	131	70	4.66	557	172	.310	63	4.20
25	Shaw	10	4	6	.409	58	95	59	5.90	386	131	.338	30	3.00
26	Morris	6	2	4	.333	24	50	37	6.16	236	78	.330	12	2.00

Easy Games.

The Browns won another easy game from the Clevelands yesterday at the home of the latter club. Foutz and Boyle and Pechiney and Reipschlager were the batteries. The Browns scored 17 runs, 20 hits and 7 errors, and the Clevelands 7 runs, 12 hits and 3 errors. McQuaid was the umpire.

Ball on Foreign Fields.

Association: At New York—Mets, 7; Brooklyn, 3. At Baltimore—Baltimore, 5; Athletics, 3. At Cincinnati—Louisville, 10; Cincinnati, 9.

League: At Chicago—Chicago, 15; Boston, 13. At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Philadelphia, 5. At Pittsburg—New York, 5; Pittsburg, 3.

Averages.

Below will be found the averages, batting and fielding, of the St. Louis players up to date, including yesterday's game:

BATTING.

	Name.	At Bat.	Runs	Hits	Average
1	O'Neill	184	57	94	.510
2	Foutz, p	89	23	42	.472
3	Caruthers, p	62	14	28	.451
4	Gleason, ss	244	59	93	.381
5	Comiskey, 1b	226	62	86	.380
6	Robinson, 2b	197	44	72	.365
7	Welch, c.f.	212	47	74	.349
8	Bushong	165	49	57	.345
9	Foutz, r.f.	111	16	38	.342
10	Latham, 3b	256	67	83	.324
11	Sylvester, r.f.	39	7	11	.282
12	King, p	62	5	14	.225
13	Boyle, c	48	9	11	.224

FIELDING.

	Name.	Put Outs	Assists	Errors	Average
1	Caruthers, p	11	64	1	.986
2	Comiskey, 1b	488	18	10	.980
3	Sylvester, r.f.	18	1	1	.950
4	Welch, c f	130	12	8	.946
5	King, p	10	67	5	.939
6	Bushong, c	146	76	18	.925
7	Foutz, p	28	42	6	.907
8	Robinson, 2b	140	160	34	.898
9	Foutz, r.f.	42	3	6	.882
10	Boyle	27	18	7	.865
10	Latham, 3b	53	102	24	.865
11	O'Neill	90	4	15	.862
12	Gleason	58	153	35	.857

Pritchard for President.

A number of leading managers in the American Association have recently expressed themselves as decidedly opposed to the administration of Mr. Wheeler C. Wikoff as President and Secretary of that organization. The complaints spring not from one but from a variety of causes. In the first place Wikoff has manifested a sloth in his work which can be regarded as anything but a recommendation for efficiency, and the clubs in the Association have been annoyed by tardiness in the matter of notification of contracts, etc., the allotment of umpires and in fact a number of other delinquencies all of which have helped to accumulate the dissatisfaction with his management. Then again, it is quite plain to those who can see behind the scenes that Wikoff is directly under the thumb of a certain president in the East and the open way in which this has been shown particularly of late has done much to influence the majority of the managers against him. In all probability Wikoff will be made to succumb to the pressure, and another and more efficient man put in his place. The strongest candidate for the position, indeed the only one, is Mr. Joseph Pritchard of this city. Mr. Pritchard is a candidate not by his own making, but by request of two of the most influential managers of the Association. No man more eminently fitted for the place than Mr. Pritchard could be hit upon. He understands the business top to bottom and has that energetic business push and enterprise which is the sine qua non of such a position. The association could not do better than install Mr. Pritchard as its Secretary and President.

O'Leary as an Umpire.

John Faulkner of the Cincinnati Times-Star tells the following story about Dan O'Leary:

The Zanesvilles played here last Sunday against the invincible Shamrocks, and were beaten in a close game. Dan O'Leary umpired, and gave a good imitation of a deaf and dumb man. When a ball came over the plate, Dan would chirp:

"Wan ball."

"Wot's that?" would demand the Zanesville pitcher.

"I said 'wan ball,' ye hod carrier!"

Then again, when the Zanesvilles were giving him cayenne pepper talk, the elegant Daniel said:

"Byes, fur the love av ould Oireland, give the Shamrocks a chance."

The crowd finally got onto Dan and gave him a hooting. One citizen was especially noisy. Dan, resembling his ancient namesake in the lion's den, very dramatically turned and howled:

"Where is that son of a gun? Stand up an' let me see yez."

The citizen, much to Dan's alarm, did so, saying: "Here I am, you bum umpire."

Dan hesitated, and then said:

"Let me say wan thing, my friend. Av your judgment was as good as your v'ice, you'd make a dam fine justice av the supreme coort. Now set down an' drink your beer."

Young's Common Sense.

Miss Helen Dauvray, the young lady who has recently been receiving much free advertising because of a cup she has offered for the world's championship at base ball, wrote a long letter to President Young, deprecating the coaching habit.

"Miss Dauvray is right," said Mr. Young, commenting on the letter.

"There is, however, another extreme to which base ball people are carrying this matter of coaching. You have noticed the attempt lately made to conduct a game without coaching at all. That is, in my judgment, as bad, if not actually worse, than the boisterous style that has caused so much criticism. When a player secures his base, I can imagine nothing more exasperating to a crowd of intelligent spectators than to see the chance to score a run thrown away by stupid base-running. A player, no matter how experienced, must depend in a measure upon being warmed when he should run and when he has taken as many bases as it is safe to attempt. After a long, hard run to third, for instance, with the ball in deep left field, he is in no condition to judge whether it will do to attempt to get home. His captain or some member of the team must be at the base to give him the benefit of a cooler judgment. Of course, if the point is critical, there will be any amount of yelling and howling, but I have a poor opinion of any crowd of base-ball enthusiasts that is not tempted under the circumstances to join in the shouting. Base ball is a great game, and the excitement of a close contest is of the most inspiring and healthful variety. While the rowdyism practiced by a few players is to be severely condemned, yet all may be assured that legitimate coaching has come to stay."

Dangers of Ball Playing.

A fatal accident took place June 13 in Lincoln, Neb., on the occasion of a scrub practice game, in which a young player of Lincoln named Ed Likely while at the bat made a strike, and the ball, glancing off, struck him hard in the mouth. He fell forward, striking squarely upon the top of his head, from which position he was picked up and carried to the hotel. Physicians were called but in ten minutes from the time of the accident he was dead. Various theories as to the cause of death have been advanced, but it is probable that the shock to the nervous system, together with rupture, or both, was the immediate cause. The ball did not strike him with sufficient force to cause death, there being but one tooth slightly loosened. Likely was about 23 years of age. At Marblehead, Mass., the same day, Smith Billings of Somerville and Joseph Thompson of Boston met with a serious accident. Both men started to catch the same ball, and neither saw the other until they came together with great force. Billings' frontal bone was crushed, and he had a terrible gash on the side of the head. Thompson was badly hurt. Too great care cannot be taken by the captain of a team in calling for a player to take a ball, as these violent collisions are apt to injure a man for life. At Portland, Ore., June 5, during a game between the Portland and Williamette teams, a soldier named Woodwell, from the garrison, while acting as umpire at Vancouver, had his cheek bone crushed in by a blow from a ball, disfiguring him for life.

From all this one would conclude that ball playing is a dangerous occupation, and yet the facts do not bear out the supposition. How many professional ball-players are killed in a season? How many are even seriously injured? Of course, there is some danger in playing ball, but it is nearly always the inexpert who suffer. That it is grossly exaggerated is clearly shown by the record of such men as Charlie Snyder, Charlie Jones, Hugh Nicol, Big Anson, Bobby Matthews, John Nelson and Jim White, who during their long and eventful career have never sustained an accident worth speaking about.

Everybody Should Attend.

The champion Brown Stocking Club will return home Tuesday and play the opening game at Sportsman's Park on that day with the Louisvilles. Local feeling is worked up to a white heat over the club and they should get a royal reception on their return. Another thing which should swell the receipts on Tuesday is the fact that the game is for the benefit of the Flambeau Club. Tickets to the game are quoted at 50 cents each, and can be obtained from all the hotels, drug stores, cigar stores, etc. The Athletic Parade Association will meet Monday night at 8 o'clock at the Elk Club to perfect arrangements for the fall parade. Members are notified to attend.

Diamond Sparks.

The Browns will be home on Tuesday, when they play at Sportsman's Park, and they should be given a grand reception.

Kelly says he never belonged to a club that didn't have trouble in defeating the "tail-enders," as they are called. And added: "We can beat the Detroits much easier than the Indianapolis team."

The suggestion to give a testimonial to Curtis Welch, the center-fielder of the Browns, is attracting considerable attention. A letter from a well-known citizen in these columns to-day on the subject will be found interesting.

Some managers believe that it is an advantage to go to bat first in a game, because the opposing pitcher has not yet settled down and the batsmen are fresh and eager. Other managers, however, consider it a special advantage to go to bat last, as in event of a close game the pitcher knows that his side has an extra opportunity to overcome any lead of their opponents, and is therefore not as apt to become uneasy and nervous as if his opponents had another inning to play.

Boston is playing great ball under the watchful eye of Mike Kelly. A feature of the club's work this week has been its terrific batting. Kelly has been foremost in all the cannonading and is rapidly pulling himself up through the names of the League batting list. The bean eaters are running bases with a vim entirely Western in its daring and brilliancy, and it is said that their fielding, while not perfect, is very sharp. The nine was weakened for a few days by the absence of Sam Wise, its greatest slugger, who was laid up with a bad hurt. Wheelock, who was taken on trial and after a few days' play denounced as "no good," has been doing some terrible work with the stick, and it is now probable that he will be retained. If the club continues to play in its present form—and there is no reason for expecting that they will not—it is certain to pass the Detroits on the Western trip.—[Chicago Herald.

During a recent game between the Oshkosh and Duluth clubs, played on the grounds of the former, the wind was traveling at the rate of forty-seven miles per hour. Of course the dust was blowing more or less, so that it was a difficult matter to play under the circumstances. During the progress of the game no less than three flies were knocked up in the air which should have fallen into the hands of the center-fielder. When they reached a certain altitude, however, the wind caught them and blew them back with such rapidity that they were either caught by the pitcher or one of the infielders. The catcher also had an assist in like way, catching a fly with his back against the back-stop which, under ordinary circumstances would have been captured by the pitcher. In the face of all this the game was a remarkably close one, Oshkosh finally winning by a score of 3 to 2.

The Little Diamond.

The Jolly Nine, one of the Amateur League clubs, and the Strauss Photos will play at Athletic Park, Nineteenth and Pine streets, to-morrow afternoon at 2:30.

The "Buckeyes" have organized with the following players: F. O'Donnell, p.; Jos. Reno, c.; F. Griner, 1b.; G. Whittaker, 2b.; P. Stamm, 3b.; A. Stroble, ss.; W. Anderson, r.f.; E. Lippert, c. f.; F. Kelley, l. f. They would like to hear from all city nines, whose players are 18 years of age and under. Address challenges to F. O'Donnell, 180 Dorcas street.

Manager Frank Waite of the Republican Base Ball Club has made arrangements with Manager Denmire of the POST-DISPATCH for the release of White, the circus-player of the POST-DISPATCH nine. Manager Denmire, besides receiving a monetary consideration, also secures the services of Hopkins. Under Denmire's management Hopkins is likely to prove quite a find.

The Gravois have organized as follows: Joe Lechner, 2b.; W. Cousens, 1b.; B. Nieman, ss. and captain; H. Haase, 3b.; A. Witte, c.; H. Prague, p.; Wm. Semsroff, r. f.; E. Guckenheim, l. f.; Th. Witte, c. f. They would like to hear from any amateur nine in the city and arrange for a game on Sunday, July 3. Address B. Nieman, Captain, No. 2602 South Jefferson avenue.

The A. N. Kellogg Base Ball Club defeated the Republican Thursday afternoon by a score of 14 to 9 at Compton Avenue Park. The features of the game were the pitching of Poehler of the Kellogg nine, who struck out fourteen men, and the batting of Con Schureman. Under Ed Campbell's management Kellogg's nine is playing in fine form, and will make all printing nines hustle to down them.

JEM TO JACK.

Carney Addresses a Very Spicy Letter to McAuliffe.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The recent endeavors of Jack McAuliffe to arrange a prize ring contest with Jem Carney has caused the imported pugilist to address a very sarcastic letter to the Brooklyn lad. An advance proof sheet has the following:

To Mr. Jack McAuliffe:

You will not, you state, allow me to say "Light-weight Champion Pugilist of America." The only evidence you ever held of distinction you forfeited to me and I now hold it by reason of your backing out after you had signed articles to fight. The championship trophy I value especially because of its cost and further because of the inscription it bears: "James Carney received forfeit from Jack McAuliffe, March, 1887." I have just defended my title of "Light-weight Champion of America" forfeited by you to me and my undisputed title of "Light-weight Champion of England" in a finish fight in your country for $2,000 stake money against Jimmy Mitchell, your countryman. I was the winner of the battle. You have never fought except for purses in your life, nor have you ever been backed in a stake as able to defeat any body. I am in doubt whether you can be. I came to America in verdant reliance on your promise to give me a battle. I could have it, you said, if I wanted in a week after I landed. I have been here four months, and you have broken the only match I could make with you and have proposed nothing else, except that I come as a light-weight and let you fight me at middle-weight. You might have been in the ring in Jimmy Mitchell's place if you had the heart and could have found the backing that he did. I only wish you had been there. I am now going back to the old country to friends in England and relatives in Ireland, as I publicly announced before the Mitchell affair that I should do. Inasmuch as you broke your pledge to fight me, after I had got here, I am not surprised to find you clamoring for a fight when you well know that I am going. You will doubtless be still braver when I am gone. You can do business with me whenever you muster the courage and money necessary for it by coming where I am. It will have to be for not less than £600, and I will engage to make it £2,000 if you want. Knowing by costly experience the small respect you have for your word I shall want $1,000 forfeit before I can entertain any proposition from you, and when that preliminary is arranged you will find me ready to listen to your overtures. If you want back your former championship and championship trophy that I shall take with me come and get them. I will furnish you the money to come with.

To make sure that you have better usage in my country than you gave me in yours, I will allow you £50 to come across and make the above match. I paid my own expenses in my vain mission to fight you on your own soil.

Yours very truly, JIMMY CARNEY,
Light-weight Champion of the World.

Billiards.

In reference to the challenge of Jacob Schaefer to play a championship match at cushion carroms with any person, Maurice Daly preferred, the latter said: "I would like to accommodate Mr. Shaefer, but this is not the season for such a match. Mr. Shaefer is going to Europe on July 2, and there certainly is not sufficient time between now and then to make arrangements for a match of 1,800 points, which would occupy at least three nights. When Mr. Schaefer returns in the fall I will be ready to arrange a match with him; and there are others, I know, Sexton among them, who are also willing to give him a go. It is possible that a regular professional tournament will come off next winter, and that Mr. Schaefer will get all the play he wants. So far as his present challenge is concerned, the weather is entirely too warm to seriously consider it."

The Pistol Club.

The last medal shoot of the St. Louis Pistol Club was well attended and the shooting was very good.

Mr. Thurber and Mr. Bengel tied on 115 each, and on the shoot off the former won.

The following are the scores, distance 12 yards, possible 120:

M. A. Thurber	115	W. H. Bonsell	107
A. E. Bengel	115	F. A. Fodde	106
G. Alexander	114	W. L. Wells	106
M. G. Sims	112	E. T. Grether	106
W. E. Field	112	W. J. Lard	105
L. V. Perret	111	M. Summerfield	103
O. Wallace	110	W. Hettel	103
M. Billmeyer	110	F. Gildersleeve	102
W. Clark	108	W. C. Mackwitz	93
E. Morhstadt	108		

The Gun Club.

The Mound City Gun Club will hold its regular weekly shoots to-day and to-morrow at Rinkelville, on the St. Charles Rock road.

The American Derby.

The betting on the American Derby, run at Chicago this afternoon was as follows to-day at noon at Roche's pool-room:

To Win.		Place.
6—1.	Casey (Blaylock)	2—1
15—1.	Clarion (Arnold)	6—1
6—1.	Terra Cotta (McCarthy)	2—1
8—1.	Fenelon (Shauer)	3—1
6—1.	Libretto (Withers)	2—1
20—1.	White Nose (Stoval)	10—1
15—1.	Montrose (Lewis)	7—1
10—1.	C. H. Todd (Hamilton)	4—1
8—1.	Jim Gore (L. Jones)	3—1
2—1.	Goliah (Murphy)	1—3
4—1.	Miss Ford (West)	2—1
12—1.	Wary (Kiley)	6—1
20—1.	Safe Ban (Schlutius)	10—1
20—1.	Hindoo Rose	8—1
70—1.	Brutus	30—1

AMONG THE ATHLETES.

The Last of Malcolm Ford—Gossip on the Track.

The subjoined correspondence, which does not call for explanation, will doubtless put an end to a case too long agitated:

To the Governors of the New York Athletic Club:

GENTLEMEN—On February 8 of this year I addressed to you my resignation. At that time it was my mature decision to retire from public competition. Since then the N. A. A. A. A. have declared me a professional athlete, and since then have taken such pains to herald their decision that many unthinking people believe it is so. Even after what the N. A. A. A. A. announced, you kindly refused to accept my resignation, and sustained me in my effort to get justice. But I do not think it is fair to have a club with such an honorable record as yours become engaged in a controversy of this kind merely for one man; and, as all of your actions have been those of exoneration to me, I feel content. I have allowed your action in declining to accept my resignation to remain, so as to convince all athletes that I was sustained by my own club, and other clubs of eminent repute in whose games you have entered me. In these I have not competed for I did not wish that my fellow athletes should be injured by my action. The exoneration which you have given me more than compensates for the prejudicial action of the N. A. A. A. A.; so I adhere to my original decision to forsake public competition for an indefinite period. Therefore, I must insist that my resignation, which you declined to accept, from, I believe, a sense of justice to me, shall at once be accepted, and that I may be permitted to retire with your good will and good opinion. Very truly yours,

MALCOLM W. FORD.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 13, 1887.

Mr. Malcolm W. Ford:

DEAR SIR—The Governors of the New York Athletic Club have received your letter of yesterday, asking that your resignation, heretofore declined, be accepted. They regret your determination, but see no other course to pursue than to accede to your request. In doing so, they beg to assure you of their sympathy, and to express to you their steadfast conviction of your innocence of the charges of competing in the Caledonian games, and their belief that you have been unjustly dealt with. They regret your retirement from public competition, but hope that in the near future they shall have the pleasure of again witnessing your admirable and manly performances in field and on track. With kindest sentiments and wishes. The Governing Committee N. Y. A. C., OTTO RUHL, Secretary.

New York, June 14, 1887.

Athletic Gossip.

Ed S. Skinner, sprinter, has gone to Australia to run in foot handicaps.

Members of the M. A. A. C. are requested to make returns for tickets at their earliest convenience.

Fred Stone recently defeated R. D. Burnett in a 100-yard race at Birmingham, Ala. It is said that Fred is traveling with the Chicago Base Ball Club as a mascot.

The Board of Directors of the M. A. A. C. will meet at their club rooms, Union Grounds, Monday night, when it will be decided whether to give a midsummer meeting or not.

F. M. Malone, Australia sprinter, has a brother who is developing good speed, at short distances. He recently won a 150-yard race with nine yards' start, from Samuels, the colored sprinter.

D. G. Trench, Vice-President of the Chicago Athletic Association, writes that they will not hold any important meetings until September, but will put in the time with club competitions and cross-country running.

At the spring games of the Olympic A. C., held on the Manhattan grounds, New York, Saturday June 18, A. F. Copeland succeeded in lowering the 300 yards hurdle record, running the full distance in 37 3-5 seconds.

An 880-yard run between Ed Case at Hamilton, Ontario, and Ed Nikirk of Pittsburg was decided at the Driving Park, Buffalo, June 8, for $500 a side. Nikirk ran in excellent form and won by fifteen yards in 1 min. 58 sec.

John C. Meyers is mentioned as a candidate to fill the vacancy in the directory of the M. A. A. C., made by the resignation of Jas. F. Skerrett. If experience and enthusiasm go for anything Mr. Meyers will more than fill the bill.

On the grounds of the Yale Athletic Association at New Haven, June 10, William H. Ludington, in a trial against time, ran 120 yards over hurdles in 16¾ seconds, lowering the inter collegiate record by one-quarter of a second.

Donald Dinnie, the Scotch athlete, recently caused the arrest of a barmaid in Australia for threatening to kill him with a meat-ax. The charge was dismissed and Dennie was called upon to settle the costs, amounting to 3 guineas.

Mr. Dan Wilson, the official handicapper and starter of the M. A. A. C., is fast making himself a national reputation by the honest and impartial manner in which he does the starting. The services of a good starter at an athletic meeting are invaluable.

The constitution and by-laws of the Chicago Athletic Association has just left the hands of the printer. It is a neat little volume to which is appended the laws of Athletics as adopted by the N. A. A. A. A., which will make it a handy companion for all athletes.

Ed Wyman followed up his victories by running third from a large field of starters in the one-fourth mile handicap at the Grocers' picnic. The reputation he had made the week previous had followed him, and he was so heavily handicapped that it required a field glass to sight some of the men in front of him.

The Scottish Clans are making great preparations for their ninth annual picnic and games which take place at Normandy Grove, July 4. The programme though not a model one will nevertheless furnish good sport. Messrs. Dan'l H. Wilson and David Brough will do the handicapping and starting, which is a guarantee that every one will receive fair treatment.

Charley Felton possesses all the requisites for either a good sprinter or distance runner, but makes a mistake in combining the two. Judge of pace is the most important point in any race over one-quarter mile, and it takes considerable experience to regulate the pace properly, no matter what other qualifications the runner may possess.

The mile race at the spring meeting was a disappointment, not to the spectators nor because a Chicago man won, but from the fact that it was expected to bring out some dark horse who would fill the place made vacant by the removal to Chicago of Messrs. Trench, Cahill and Barstow. At present the M. A. A. C. is notably weak in the distances.

The nineteenth annual handicap games of the New York Athletic Club were held on the club grounds in Mott Haven, N. Y., June 11. The interest manifested was comparatively small, because the Manhattan Club had withdrawn sixty-two entries, owing to Malcolm W. Ford's entry having been recognized after he had been proven a professional by the National Association. The more prominent amateur athletes were, therefore, out of the contests, and the records made were below the average. Although Ford was present and on the grounds, he did not venture to compete.

The reference to the foolhardiness of half-trained athletes in the POST-DISPATCH of Saturday last has caused no little comment in certain quarters. The idea was not so much to hurt the feelings of a few sensitive ones as to point out the dangers of neglect in preparation for athletic contests. The POST-DISPATCH has always encouraged athletic sports, and any criticism it may make is done purely for the good thereof.

Both P. Davin and J. W. Parsons being on the retired list, the athlete upon whom England will have to depend to prevent W. B. Page from gaining first prize at the championship games at Stourbridge on July 2, is G. W. Rowton, who won the championship last year with a high jump of 5 ft. 11½ in. He will have to improve on those figures, though, before he can succeed in shutting out the little Pennsylvanian who recently cleared the bar at 6 ft. 2 in.

The London Field has the following to say of the performance of Ed. Lange when he made his first public appearance in England, at the Ravensbourne Cricket and Athletic Club Sports, held in the cricket field, Lee Green, June 4: "Owing to the heavy rain of the previous day, which flooded the ground in places to the depth of two or three inches, it was deemed advisable to abandon the one-mile bicycle handicap. The principal attraction was the one-mile walking handicap, in which E. D. Lange of the Manhattan A. C., New York, figured on the scratch, and walked gallantly and well, albeit, being a very slight man, he had not strength enough to bustle through the slush. For all that, however, he showed the large company present a fine piece of walking, and will undoubtedly appear to greater advantage on a cinder track. He was also manifestly short in his preparation, and no doubt the next time he competes. H. Perry, who is training him, will bring his man to the scratch in better fettle.

The Turners.

Turners of at least eight or ten years' experience as active Turners should only be chosen as judges. This was not the case in the rope-climbing event.

The Bezirksfest at Washington was a success in every respect. The competition in the second grade was never more fierce that at last Sunday's and Monday's tournament.

The Quincy boys, as predicted, walked off with the principal prizes in the second grade. They were, indeed, able to compete in the third (highest) grade and take prizes.

The next interesting events occupying the actives of the Central are several hundred yard-sprints to come off at the Union Grounds, for which the participants are now in active training. The most hotly contested is likely to be that between Paul Weiss and E. Wolzendorff.

Negotiations are now pending for the organization of a Turnverein at St. Charles, Mo. Any parties wishing particulars or information regarding this matter or any matter relating to other Turner matters should address the corresponding secretary of the district, Arthur Bosch, 1327 South Seventh street.

Geo. E. Gruen of the Centrals accepted the challenge of Ed Langsdorff of the South St. Louis to climb, Turner style, in a straight hand-over-hand, without use of legs, for a $25 gold medal, to be paid for by the loser; time and place to be agreed upon later. Both have a record of fifty feet and the contest is likely to be a very close one.

R. Schramm is undoubtedly the best Turner in the States. Winning ninety-one points out of a possible 100 points in the highest grade is a task that can only be estimated and appreciated by a Turner. And this under the not very advantageous conditions of an open field with no track for jumping, not to speak of the weather—103 degs. in the shade.

It certainly does not speak well for any lodge or order that, with the evident intention of making money out of a strictly Turner affair, it should advertise and offer prizes to the best classes, without having the slightest intention to do so. The Quincy prize-class should put in their claim against the order of the Iron Hall for a "silk banner" to which they are justly entitled.

Castle Sherwood, K. G. R., denies the right of the Grand Commander to revoke its charter and will take legal steps to protect itself. At its meeting Wednesday evening two recruits were initiated and the following officers elected: Commander, P. Kane; Vice-Commander, Mary A. Pieper; Treasurer, Wm. Freudenau; Prelate, Minnie Gumpert.



Soldiers' Home, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., June 30, 1866.—Messrs. J. & C. Maguire: While Chaplain of the U. S. Volunteer Army, and since I have been in the charge of the Soldiers' Home (having had the supervision of some 40,000 or 50,000 men), I have, by the kindness of the Western Sanitary Commission, distributed large quantities of your "Extract of Benne Plant." It has always done what it claims to do, and I have no doubt it has saved many valuable lives. W. BRADLEY, Chaplain and Superintendent Soldiers' Home.

For sale by Druggists.

ST. LOUIS, June 25, 1883.
GENTLEMEN: I have sold J. & C. Maguire's Benne Plant and Cundurango for the past twenty years and they have given universal satisfaction.
M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist, Fifth and Olive streets.

ST. LOUIS, June 30, 1883.
For the past twenty years your J. & C. Maguire's Cundurango and Extract of Benne Plant family medicine—never being without the same at my house, or with me when I am traveling, and consider them the best and most infallible cures for what they are intended in the United States. During this period I am confident I saved my own life, and the lives of many of my friends, by the use of your invaluable Extract of Benne Plant during cholera seasons and bowel troubles of all kinds.
P. D. CORDELL, 414 N. Seventh street.

MINERAL POINT STATION, IRON MOUNTAIN R. R., June 20, 1874.—Messrs. J. & C. Maguire: I very seldom use patent medicines in my practice, but have found Maguire's Benne Plant for cholera, diarrhea, dysentery, etc., a most reliable preparation.
J. B. MARCHAND, M. D.

From Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, the Great Confederate General.
FORT BRIDGER, Utah, Nov. 8, 1857.—Messrs. J. & C. Maguire: I have used the bottle of Maguire's Benne Plant handed me by Assistant Surgeon Dr. Kirtley Ryland, and found it a most efficacious remedy for complaints of the bowels.
A. SIDNEY JOHNSTON.

DAVENPORT, Io., June 21, 1874.
Messrs. J. & C. Maguire:
I was cured of an attack of Cholera last Summer by the use of Maguire's Benne Plant.
ROB'T. GRAHAM.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE.
(INCORPORATED.)

This is the ONLY Institute of the kind in the West where ladies who expect their confinement are under the care of regular physicians and trained nurses.
DR. H. NEWLAND,
1205 CHOUTEAU AV.

DOCTOR WHITTIER
617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.
A Regular Graduate of three medical colleges has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines sent by mail or express everywhere, securely packed, free from observation. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours: 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 11 to 1.
Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Want of Pleasure in Life, Want of Ambition, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Safely, privately. Curable cases guaranteed.
Blood Impurities and Blood Poisoning, Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin and Bones, Blotches, Eruptions, Old Sores and Ulcers, Painful Swellings, Bone Pains, Falling Hair,
From whatever cause, positively and forever driven from the system, by means of safe, time-tested remedies. Stiff and swollen joints and rheumatism, the result of blood poisoning, positively cured.
Unnatural discharges promptly cured without nauseous drugs, privately, safely.
Catarrh, Throat, Nose, Lung Diseases,
Constitutional and Acquired Weaknesses of Both Sexes treated successfully; also Piles.
It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. Age and Experience are Important. In this oldest office in America every known appliance is resorted to and the PROVED-GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. My charges for medicines are as low as can be made. I use only the best. Very cheap medicines are dangerous and useless; avoid them. On account of the great number of cases applying, the charges are kept low, often lower than is demanded by others, and knowing what to do. NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect cure, that is the important matter.
MARRIAGE GUIDE. 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES.
Elegant cloth and gilt binding. Sealed for 50c in money or postage stamps. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures true to life; articles on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not; why. Proper age to marry. Who marry first. Manhood; womanhood; physical decay. Who should marry. Young and old, married or single, sick or well should read this book. Popular edition, same as above, but paper cover and 300 pages, 25 cents by mail, in money or postage.

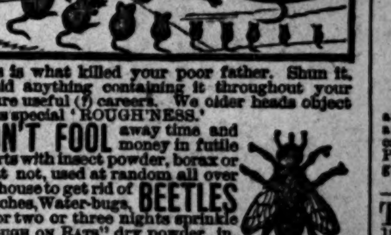
Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price, $1 a bottle.

Electric Belt Free
To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY. P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

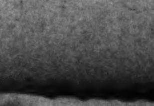
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"CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH." The Original and only Genuine. Ask your Druggist for Chichester's English; take no other, or send 4c (stamps) for particulars by return mail. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

GRIMAULT'S
MATICO
INJECTION AND CAPSULES.
Where all other medicines have failed these preparations were always effective. They insure rapid and extraordinary cure of severe, recent and chronic cases of disease. They are used in the Hospitals of Paris by the celebrated Dr. Ricord, and are found greatly superior to all remedies hitherto known.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



This is what killed your poor father. Shun it. Avoid anything containing it throughout your future useful (?) careers. We older heads object to its special 'ROUGH'NESS.'

DON'T FOOL away time and money in futile efforts with insect powder, borax or what not, used at random all over the house to get rid of Roaches, Water-bugs, BEETLES

For two or three nights sprinkle "ROUGH ON RATS" dry powder, in, about and down the sink, drain pipe. First thing in the morning wash it all away down the sink, drain pipe, when all the insects from garret to cellar will disappear. The secret is in the fact that wherever insects are in the house, they must drink during the night. ROACHES
Clears out Rats, Mice, Bed-bugs, Flies, Beetles. "ROUGH ON RATS" is sold all around the world, in every clime, is the most extensively advertised, and has the largest sale of any article of its kind on the face of the globe.
DESTROYS POTATO BUGS
For Potato Bugs, Insects on Vines, etc., a tablespoonful of the powder, well shaken, in a keg of water, and applied with sprinkling pot, spray syringe, or whisk broom. Keep it well stirred up. 15c., 25c. and $1 Boxes. Agr. size.


—CLEARS OUT—
BED BUGS,
FLIES.
Roaches, ants, water-bugs, moths, rats, mice, sparrows, jack rabbits, squirrels, gophers. 15c.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Christ Droege, by his certain Deed of Trust, dated October 8th, 1886, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book 802, page 267, conveyed to the undersigned the following-described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:
Lot number eight (8), in block 3 of George Bailey's 1st addition, and in block 1940 of the city of St. Louis, said lot containing a front of twenty-five feet (25), on the north line of Bailey avenue, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and twenty feet (120) to an alley 15 feet wide, bounded east by lot 9, west by lot 7 of said block and addition, south by Bailey avenue and north by said alley; being the same lot acquired by said Christ Droege, from Wm. Sewig and wife, by deed of even date herewith; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the first of said notes; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust the undersigned will, on
TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1887,
between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 5 o'clock, p. m., of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing the trust.
AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.